



Instructions for use

Volista

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Maquet SAS

Subject to technical changes

In the event of future product developments, the illustrations and technical specifications provided/applied in this manual may differ slightly from the current product supplied.

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1 Introduction

1.1 Preface

Your hospital has chosen Getinge's innovative medical technology. We thank you for the confidence you have shown in us.

Getinge is one of the world's leading suppliers of medical equipment for operating rooms, hybrid rooms, induction rooms, intensive care units and patient transport. Getinge always puts the needs of healthcare staff and patients first during the development of its products. Getinge provides solutions that respond to the safety, efficiency and economic constraints faced by hospitals.

Building on its experience in surgical lights, ceiling-mounted equipment management systems and multimedia solutions, Getinge focuses on quality and innovation to ensure that its solutions best meet the needs of patients and healthcare staff. Getinge surgical lights are world-renowned for their design and innovative features.

1.2 Liability

Modifications to the product

The product must not be modified in any way without the prior written consent of Getinge.

Compliant use of the device

Getinge may not be held liable for any direct or indirect damage that results from actions not set out in this user's manual.

Installation and maintenance

Installation, maintenance and decommissioning operations must be performed by trained personnel, approved by Getinge.

Training on the device

Training must be provided directly on the device by personnel approved by Getinge.

Compatibility with other medical devices

Only medical devices approved in accordance with IEC 60601-1 should be installed on the system.

The compatibility data is detailed in the chapter entitled Technical specifications [►► Page 111].

The compatible accessories are detailed in the corresponding chapter.

In the event of an incident

Any serious incident occurring in connection with the device must be notified to the manufacturer and the relevant authority of the member state in which the user and/or patient is based.

1.3 Other documents relating to this product

- Volista Installation Recommendations (Ref. ARD01786)
- Volista Installation Instructions (Ref. ARD01784)
- Volista Maintenance Instructions (Ref. ARD01780)
- Volista Repair Instructions (Ref. ARD01782)
- Volista Decommissioning Instructions (Ref. ARD01785)

1.4 Information about this document

This user's manual is intended for day-to-day users of the product, staff supervisors and hospital authorities. It is intended to familiarise users with the design, safety features and operation of the product. The manual is organised and divided into several separate chapters.

Please note:

- Please read the user's manual thoroughly and in full before using the product for the first time.
- Always proceed in line with the instructions in the user's manual.
- Keep this manual close to the equipment.

1.4.1 Abbreviations

AIM	AUTOMATIC ILLUMINATION MANAGEMENT
EMC	Electromagnetic compatibility
DF	Double Fork
FSP*	Flux Stability Program
HD	High Definition
IFU	Instructions For Use
IP	Ingress Protection rating
LED	Light-Emitting Diode
LMD	Luminance Management Device
NIR	Near InfraRed
SF	Single Fork
VCSII	Volista Access II
VSTII	Volista StandOP II
WB	White Balance

1.4.2 Symbols used in this manual

1.4.2.1 Cross-references

References to other pages of the manual are identified by the “▶▶” symbol.

1.4.2.2 Reference numbers

Reference numbers in illustrations and text are shown in a square box 1.

1.4.2.3 Actions and results

Actions to be performed by the user are listed with sequence numbers; the “➤” symbol is used to show the result of an action.

Example:

Prerequisites:

- The sterilisable handle must be compatible with the product.
1. Fit the handle to the mount.
 - A click is heard.
 2. Turn the handle until it locks into place with a second click.

1.4.2.4 Menus and buttons

Menu and button names are shown in **bold**.

Example:

1. Press the **Save** button.
 - The changes are saved and the **Favourites** menu is displayed.

1.4.2.5 Hazard levels

The text in safety instructions describes types of risk and how to avoid them. Safety instructions are classified into the following three levels:

Symbol	Hazard level	Meaning
	DANGER!	Indicates a direct and immediate risk that may be fatal or cause very serious injuries potentially leading to death.
	WARNING!	Indicates a potential risk that may cause injuries, health hazards or serious material damage leading to injuries.
	CAUTION!	Indicates a potential risk that may cause material damage.

Tab. 1: Hazard levels of safety instructions

1.4.2.6 Indications

Symbol	Indication type	Meaning
	NOTE	Additional assistance or useful information not relating to risks of injuries or risks of material damage.
	ENVIRONMENT	Information relating to recycling or to appropriate disposal of waste.

Tab. 2: Types of indication in the document

1.4.3 Definitions

1.4.3.1 Groups of people

Users

- Users are persons who are authorised to use the device, either by virtue of their qualifications or as a result of receiving training from a qualified person.
- Users are responsible for the safe use of the device and for ensuring that it is used as intended.

Qualified personnel:

- Qualified personnel are persons who have acquired knowledge through specialised training in medical technology or due to their professional experience and knowledge of the safety rules relating to the tasks performed.
- In countries where certification is required to exercise a medico-technical profession, personnel must hold the necessary authorisation in order to be considered as qualified.

1

Introduction

Symbols on the product and packaging

1.4.3.2 Light types

A surgical light is a lighting system which emits a light beam that can be directed independently of other light beams, to provide illumination for surgical operations. A surgical light cannot be designed to be single-fault safe by itself. However, when used in conjunction with another surgical light, the resulting surgical lighting system must be made single-fault safe.

Surgical lighting system

A combination of multiple surgical lights designed to be single-fault safe and intended for use in surgery to facilitate patient treatment and diagnosis.

Volista* range

From minimally invasive surgery to general procedures, Getinge offers an extensive and scalable range of Volista products. The range comprises two model series:

- Volista VCSII series (Volista Access 2nd generation)
- Volista VSTII series (Volista StandOP 2nd generation)

1.5 Symbols on the product and packaging

	Follow the instructions for use (IEC 60601-1:2012)		Medical Device (MD) marking
	Follow the instructions for use (IEC 60601-1:2005).		Unique device identification
	Follow the instructions for use (IEC 60601-1:1996).		CE marking (Europe)
	Manufacturer + Manufacturing date		UL marking (Canada and United States)
	Product code		UR mark (Canada and United States)
	Product serial number		Legal representative of the country concerned
	AC input		Packaging orientation
	DC input		Fragile, handle with care
	DC output		Keep away from rain
	Standby		Temperature range for storage
	Do not discard with conventional waste		Humidity range for storage
	Hand-pinching hazard		Ambient pressure range for storage

1.6 Product overview

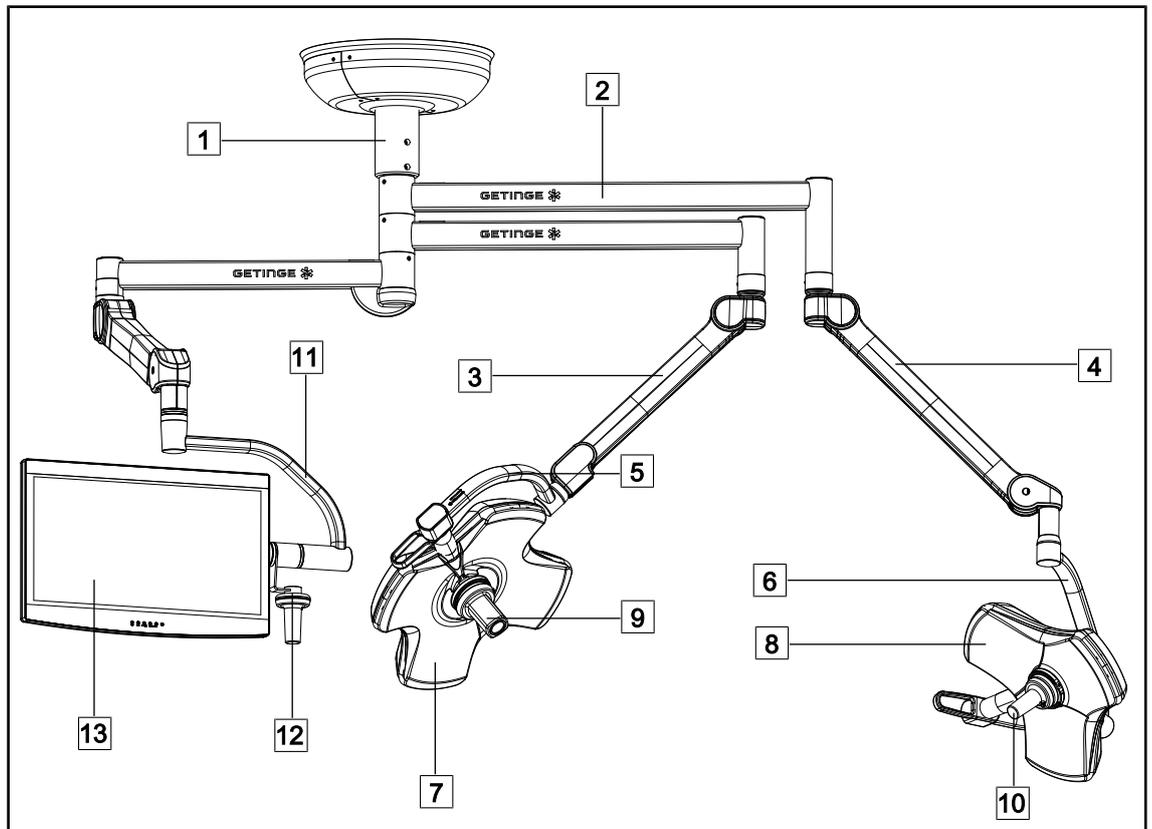


Fig. 1: Typical configuration: VSTII64SFDF

- | | | | |
|---|---------------------|----|-----------------------------|
| 1 | Suspension tube | 8 | VSTII 400 lighthead |
| 2 | Suspension arm | 9 | Camera |
| 3 | SF spring arm | 10 | Sterilisable handle |
| 4 | DF spring arm | 11 | Screen holder |
| 5 | Single fork | 12 | Screen holder handle option |
| 6 | Dual fork | 13 | Monitor |
| 7 | VSTII 600 lighthead | | |

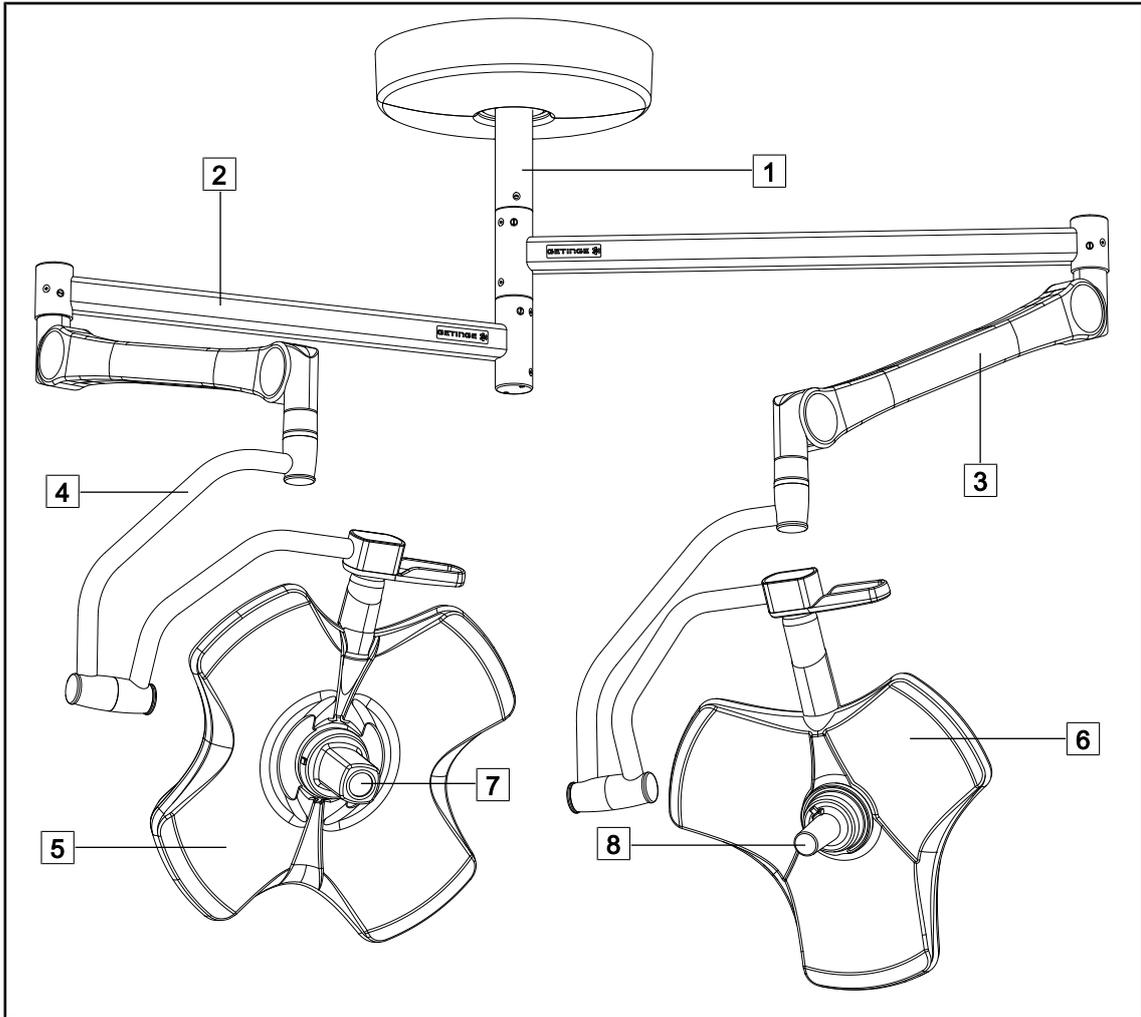


Fig. 2: Typical configuration: VCSII64DF

- | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---|---------------------|
| 1 | Suspension tube | 5 | VCSII 600 lighthead |
| 2 | Suspension arm | 6 | VCSII 400 lighthead |
| 3 | Spring arm | 7 | Camera |
| 4 | Fork | 8 | Sterilisable handle |

1.6.1 Components

1.6.1.1 Lightheads

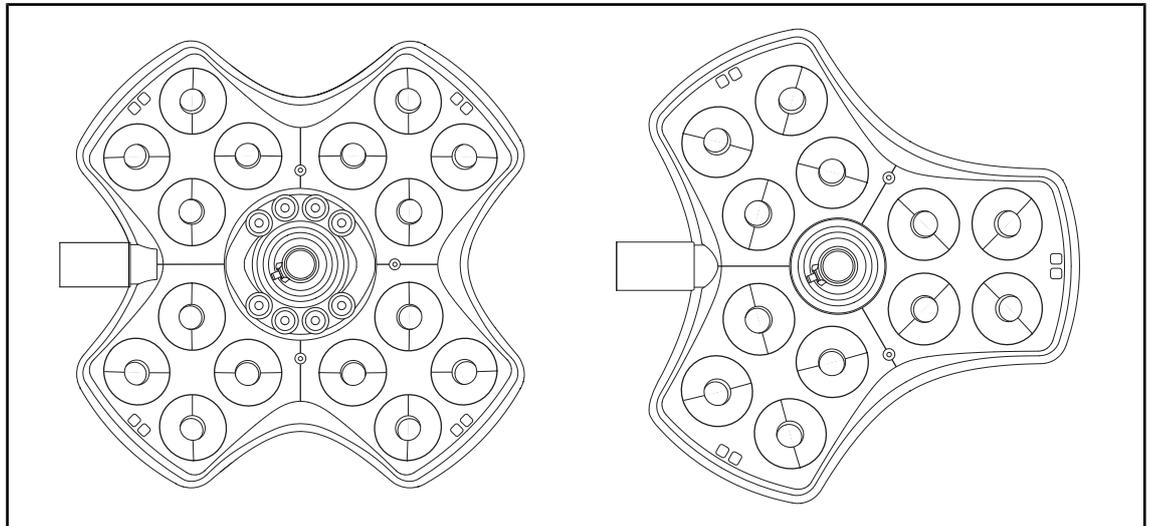


Fig. 3: Volista 600 & Volista 400 lightheads

Each lighthead comprises the following components:

- Handle mount and sterilisable handle
- Lighthead control keypad
- External handle

Each lighthead includes the following functions:

- Boost mode
- Light field diameter variation
- Green ambient light
- AIM AUTOMATIC ILLUMINATION MANAGEMENT (on VSTII only)
- LMD mode (optional, on VSTII only)
- Temperature colour variation (optional)
- Volista VisioNIR function (optional, on VSTII only)

Boost mode

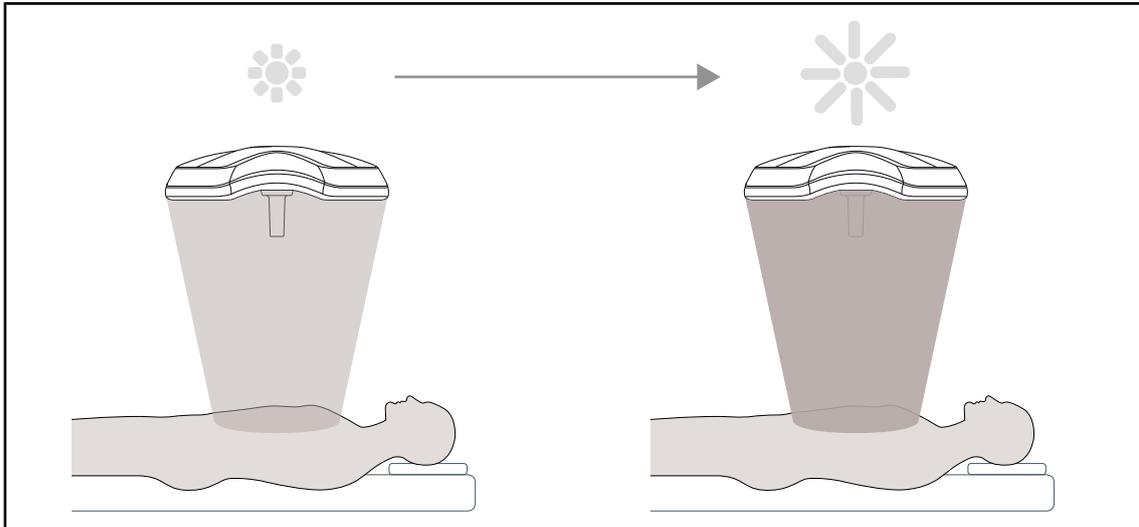


Fig. 4: Boost mode

Boost mode (spare lighting capacity) is available on the Volista range and enables the illumination to be set to the maximum level when required by surgical conditions. It ensures that irradiance is controlled, in that this mode is deliberately activated, and is not stored when the light is turned off. When activated, the last bar on the illumination level indicator on the lighthead flashes, drawing the user's attention to the possibility of excessive irradiance when the light fields are superimposed.

Light field diameter variation

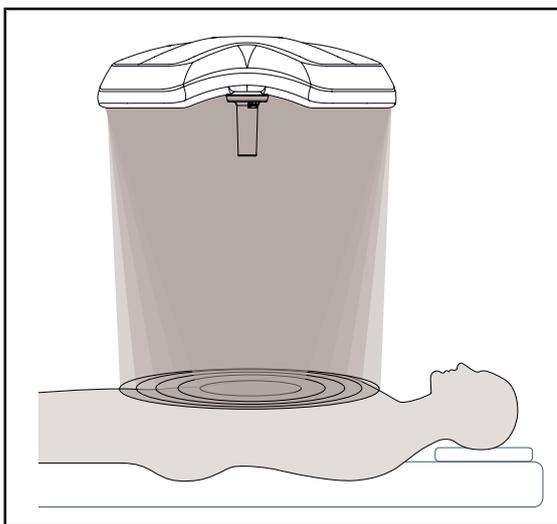


Fig. 5: Light field diameter variation

The light field diameter variation function can be used to adjust the size of the illuminated area to match the dimensions of the incision. The Volista lighting system enables the diameter to be set to one of five levels.

AIM AUTOMATIC ILLUMINATION MANAGEMENT (on VSTII only)

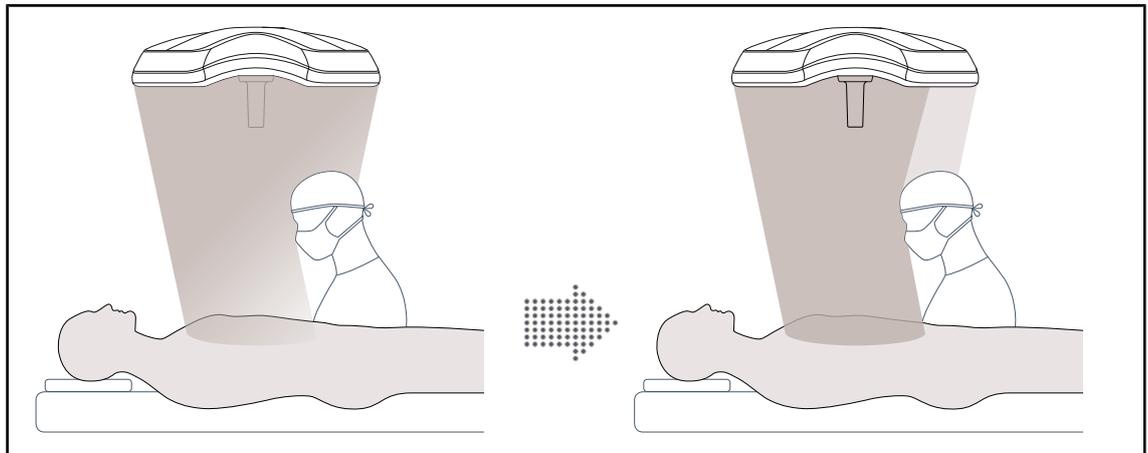


Fig. 6: Compensation for the loss of illumination caused by the presence of a surgeon

This function automatically compensates for the loss of illumination due to the presence of obstacles (surgeons' head or shoulders) between the lighthead and the surgical site. Illumination is reduced in the obstructed LEDs and increased in the unobstructed LEDs to ensure that:

- Illumination is stable at the surgical site
- The surgeon's movements are unrestricted
- The surgeon's working conditions are improved

Ambient light

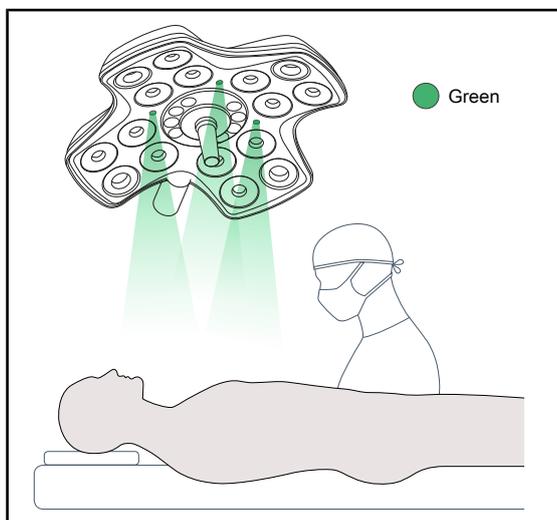


Fig. 7: Ambient light function

Ambient lighting is designed to enhance contrast to enable easier viewing of monitor screens during minimally invasive procedures. It provides minimal lighting for the surgical team and the anaesthetist and creates a soothing atmosphere to welcome patients and minimise their stress.

1.6.1.2 Screen holder built into the device

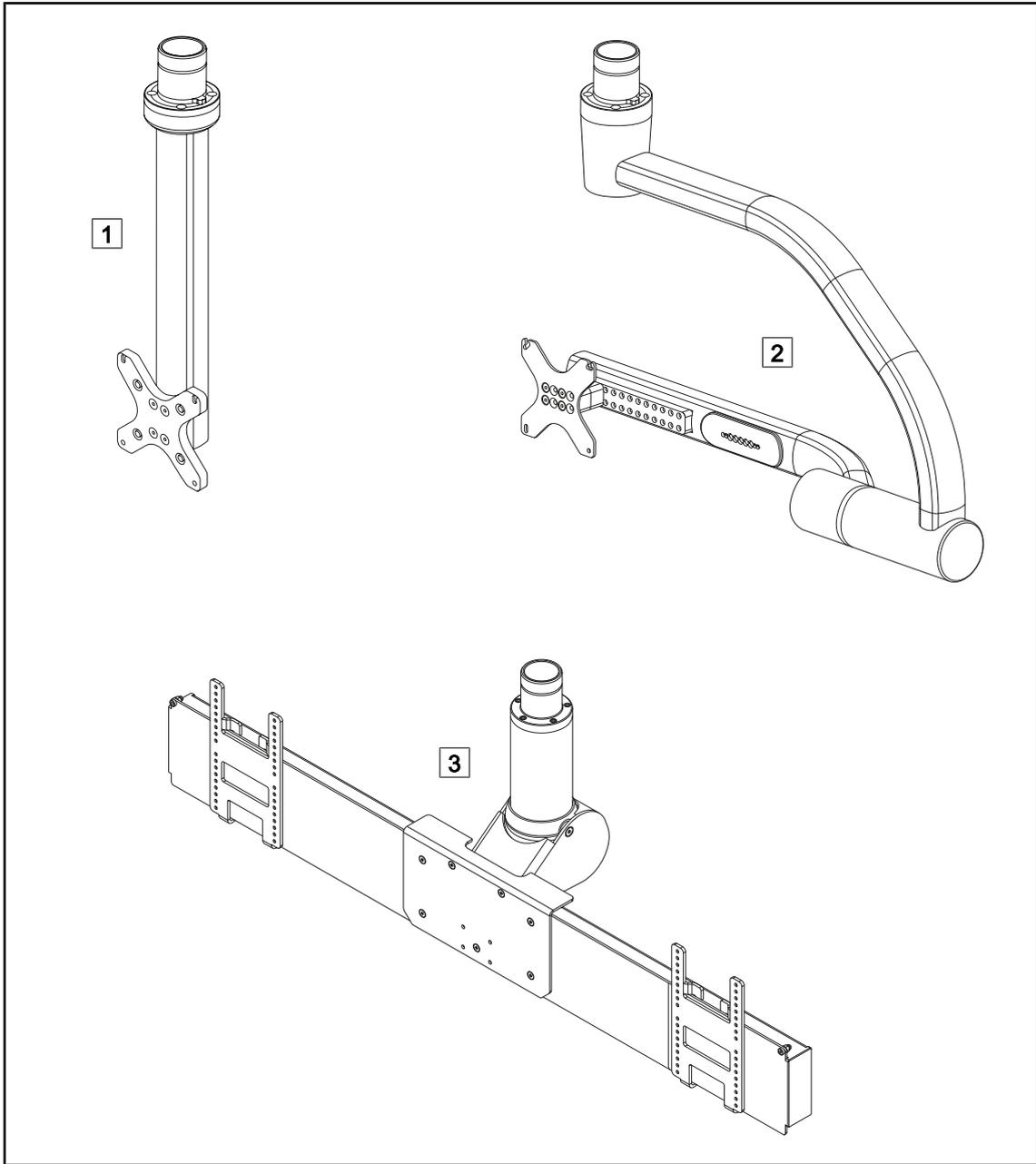


Fig. 8: Monitor mounts available with Volista

- 1 FHS0/MHS0
- 2 XHS0

- 3 XHD1

1.6.1.3 Monitor mount built into the device

SC05 camera mount

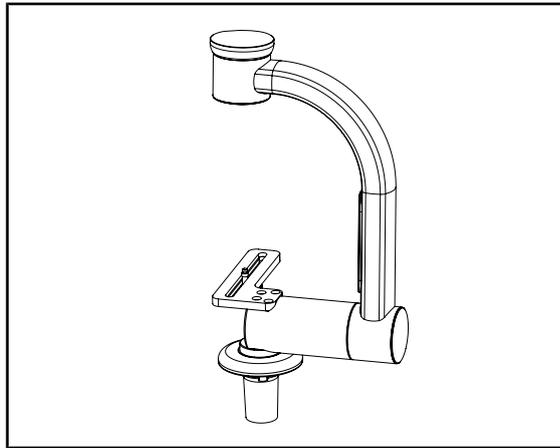


Fig. 9: SC05 camera mount

This camera mount is intended to hold high-resolution medical cameras, and provides wide clearance to enable complex signal cables to be routed. A Kodak screw is used to mount the camera, which can be oriented in all directions in order to obtain views of the operating field from various angles.

CAMERA MOUNT PLATE

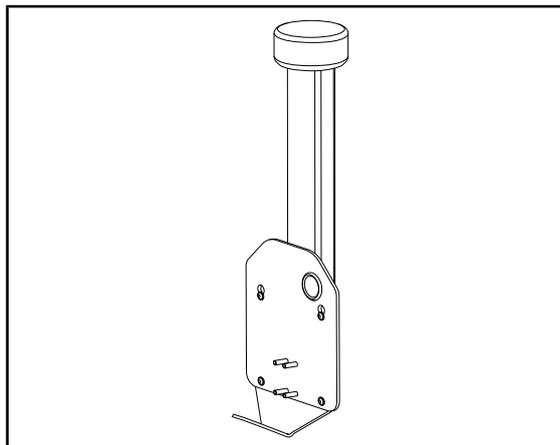


Fig. 10: CAMERA MOUNT PLATE

A PSX/HLX/DAX FH CAMERA MOUNT PLATE can be installed on the structure of an FHS0 or MHS0 screen holder. This camera mount is designed to accommodate high resolution medical video cameras that can be fitted to a 100x100 VESA interface. The mounted camera can be adjusted for optimum position, providing views of the operating field from various angles.

1.6.2 Options

1.6.2.1 Wall-mounted remote control panels

Wall-mounted control keypad (on VCSII only)

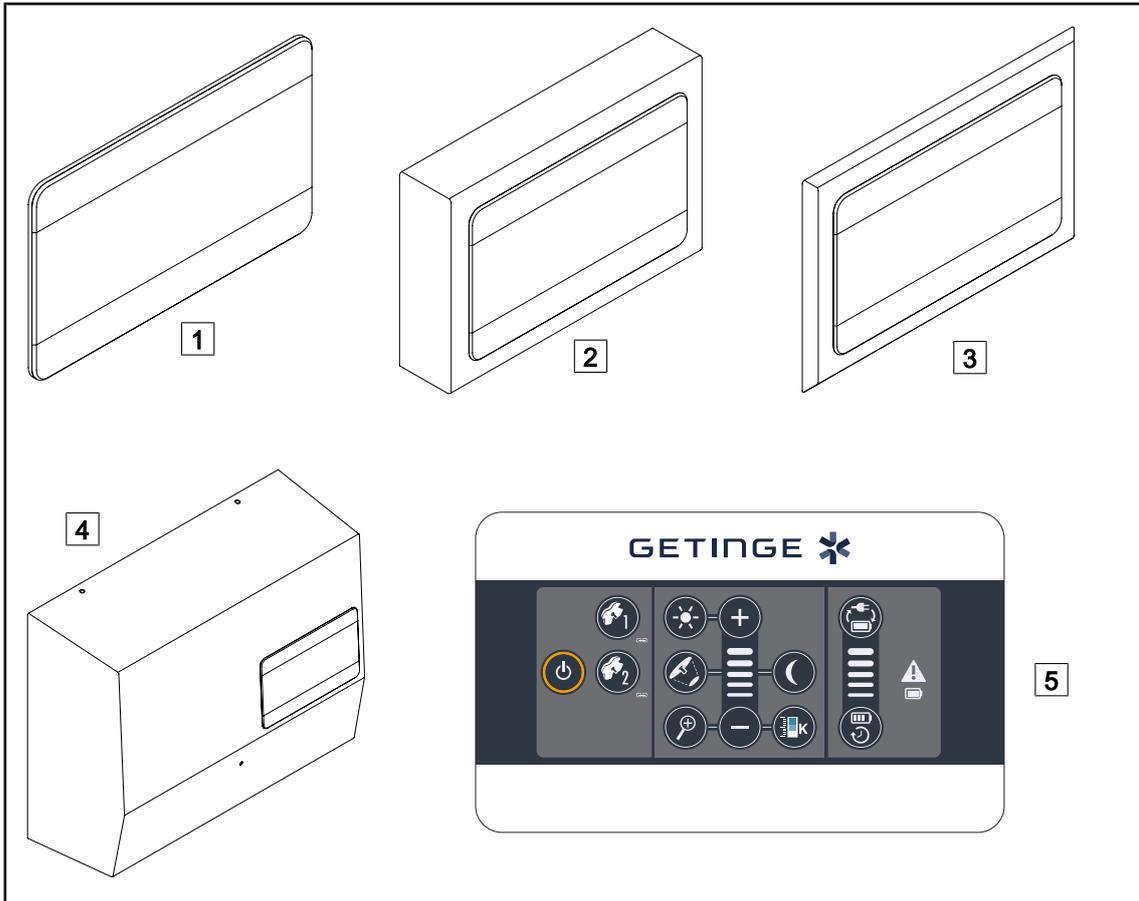


Fig. 11: Available wall-mounted control keypads (on VCSII only)

- | | |
|--|-------------------------------|
| 1 Flush-mounted version | 4 Power supply version |
| 2 Surface-mounted version | 5 Control keypad |
| 3 Recessed version with front panel | |

Touchscreen control panel

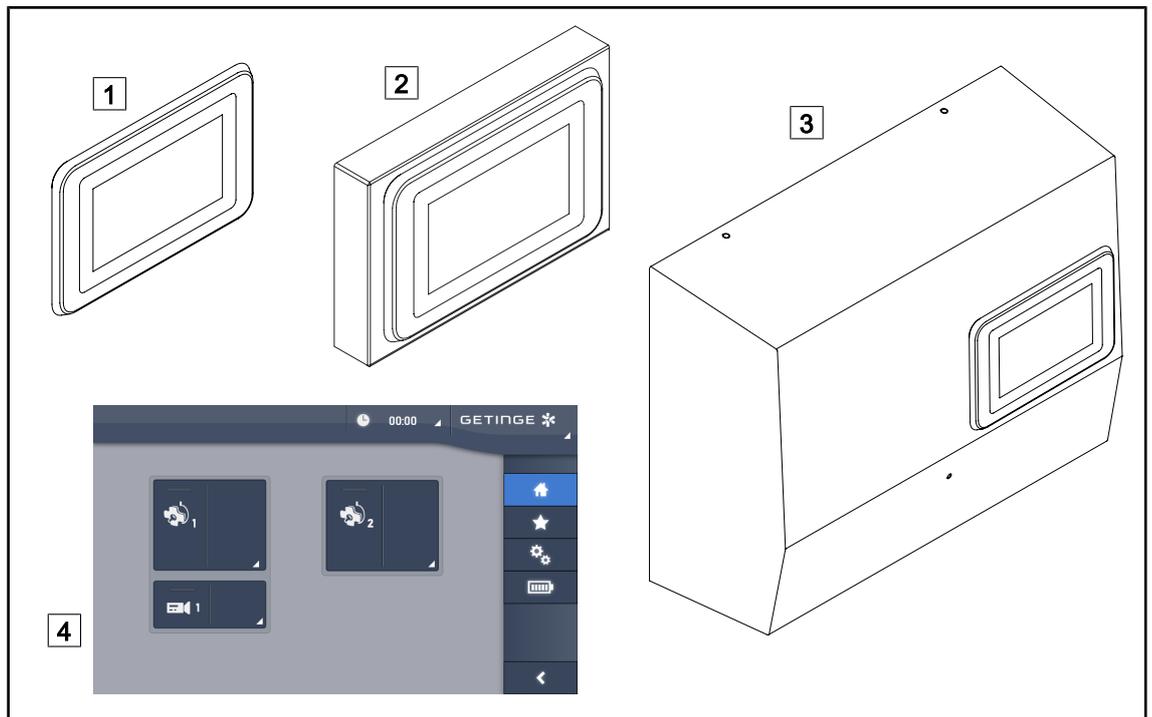


Fig. 12: Touchscreen control panels available

- 1 Flush-mounted version
- 2 Surface-mounted version
- 3 Power supply version
- 4 Touchscreen control panel

1.6.2.2 Variable colour temperature

The VSTII surgical light features three colour temperatures: 3900 K, 4,500 K and 5,100 K. The VCSII surgical light features three colour temperatures: 3900 K, 4,200 K and 4,500 K.

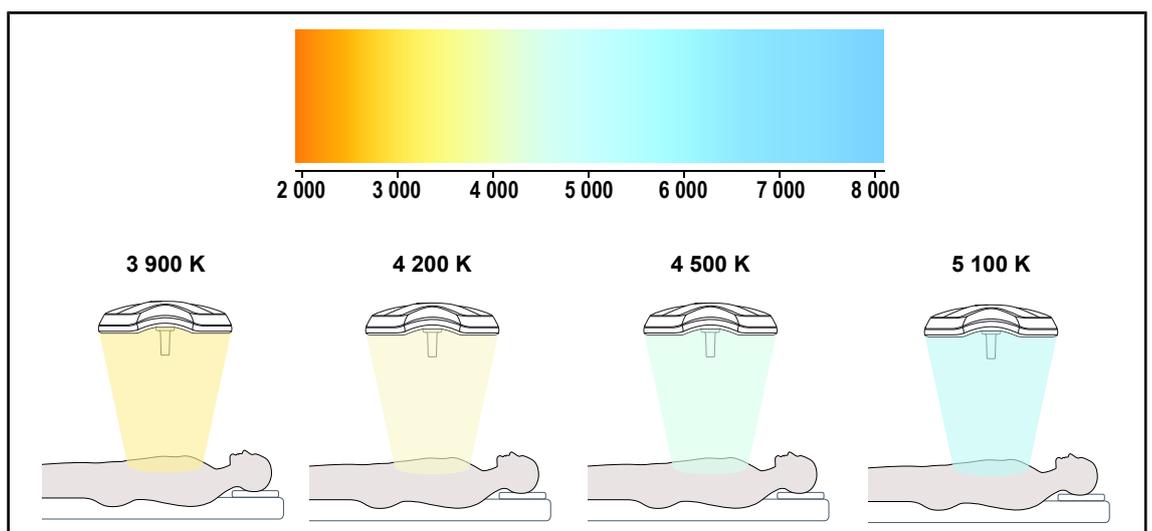


Fig. 13: Colour temperature

1.6.2.3 Volista VisioNIR (VSTII only)

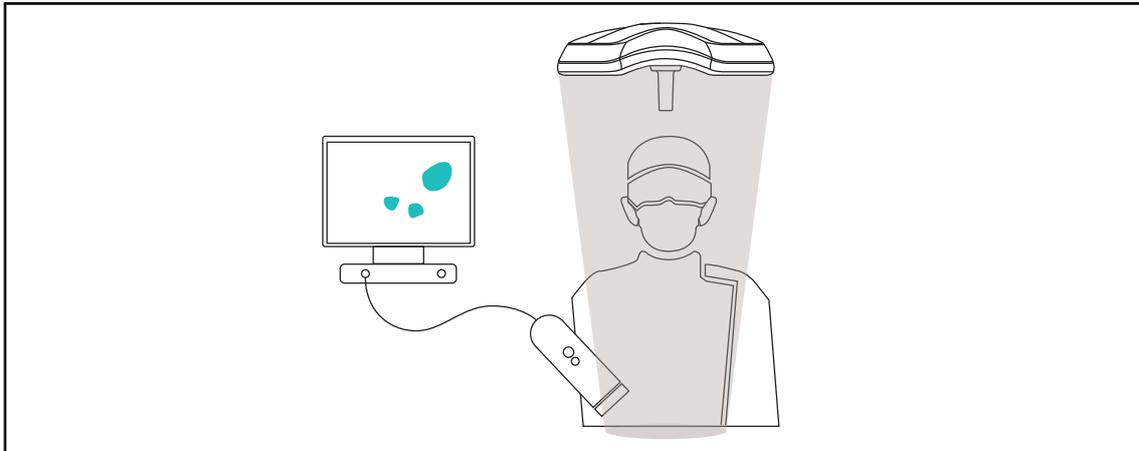


Fig. 14: Volista VisioNIR function

The Volista VisioNIR function is used to filter out the residual near-infrared rays from the LED spectrum in order to keep them at very low levels. Volista VisioNIR is suitable for use with near-field infrared cameras, without disturbing the signal transmitted to the monitor. Volista VisioNIR can be used during surgery using ICG (indocyanine green), as well as by taking advantage of the natural property of certain tissues, which emit fluorescent light following stimulation (autofluorescence). In this case, the detection area of the fluorescence camera must have a wavelength greater than 740 nm (see Table 35).



NOTICE

It is recommended to first test the NIR imaging system and the fluorescent dye with the Volista VisioNIR function in order to optimise the settings.

1.6.2.4 Options for FHS0/MHS0

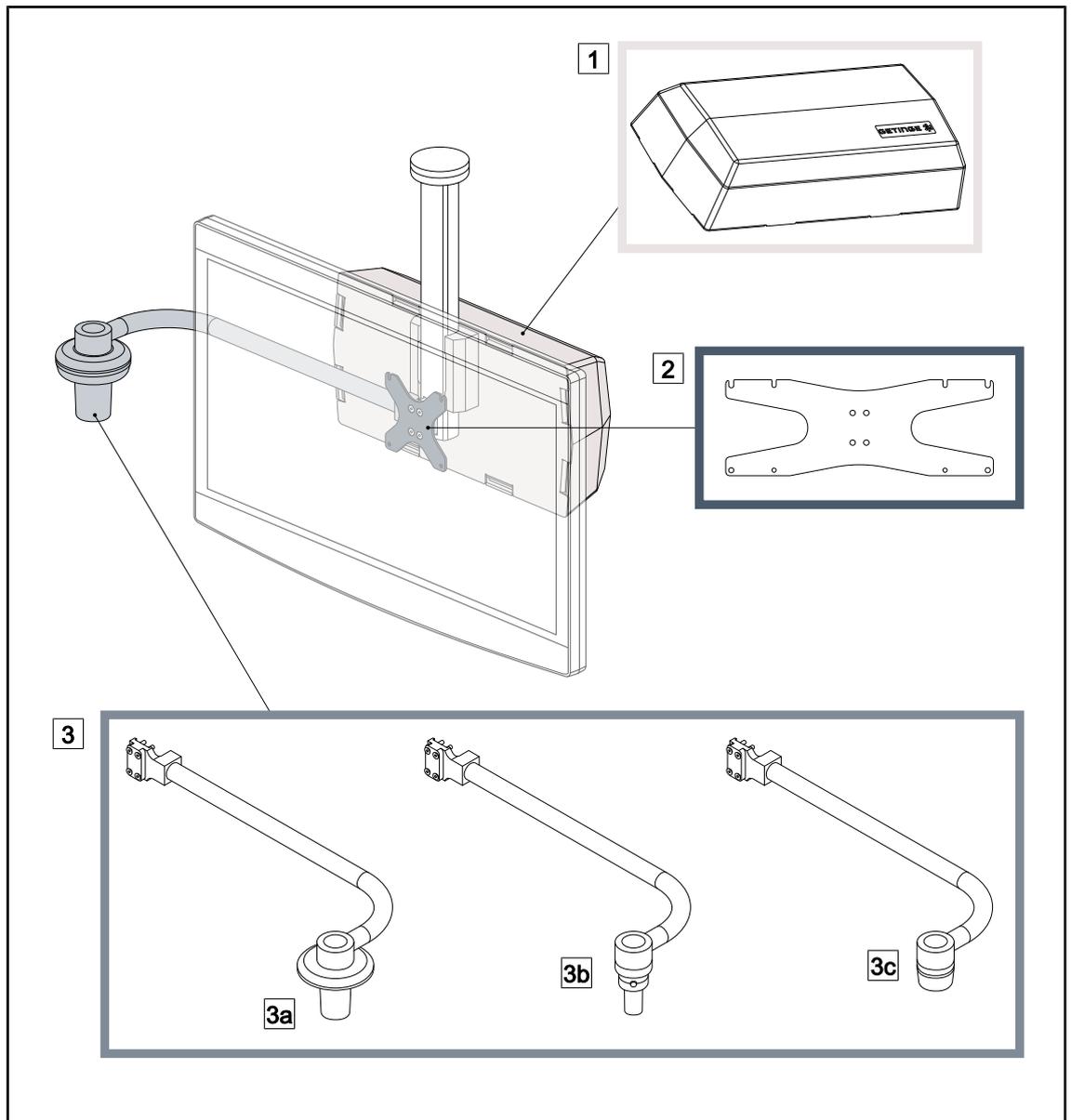


Fig. 15: Options for FHS0/MHS0

- | | | | |
|----|---|----|------------------------|
| 1 | Rear Box | 2 | Screen holder plate MH |
| 3 | Handle option (three possibilities, mounts to the left or to the right of the screen) | | |
| 3a | PSX FH/MH handle mount | 3b | HLX FH/MH handle mount |
| 3c | DAX FH/MH handle mount | | |

1.6.2.5 Options for XHS0

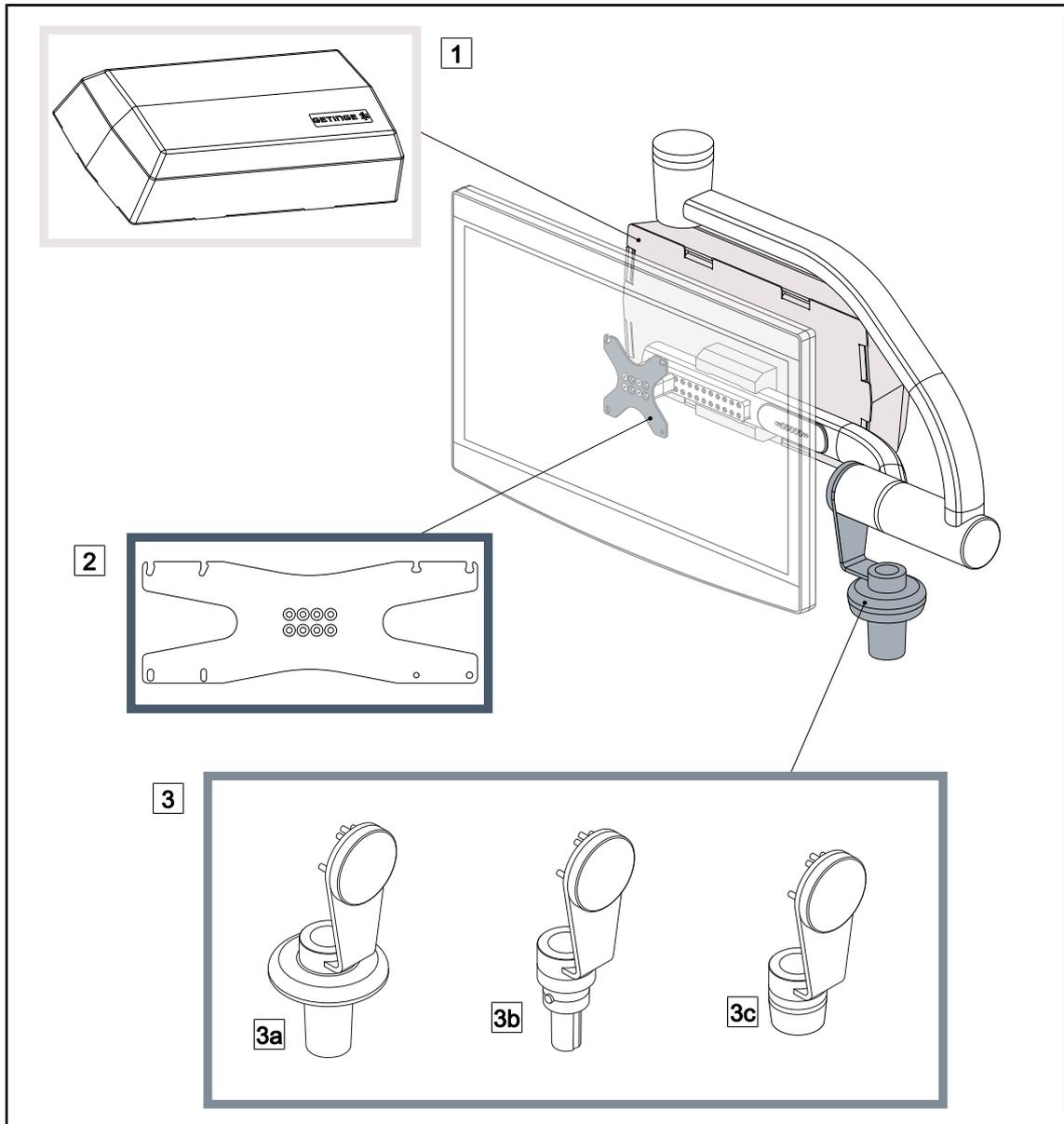


Fig. 16: Options for XHS0

- 1** Rear Box
- 2** Screen holder plate XH
- 3** Handle option (three possibilities)
- 3a** PSX XH handle mount
- 3b** HLX XH handle mount
- 3c** DAX XH handle mount

1.6.2.6 Option for XHD1

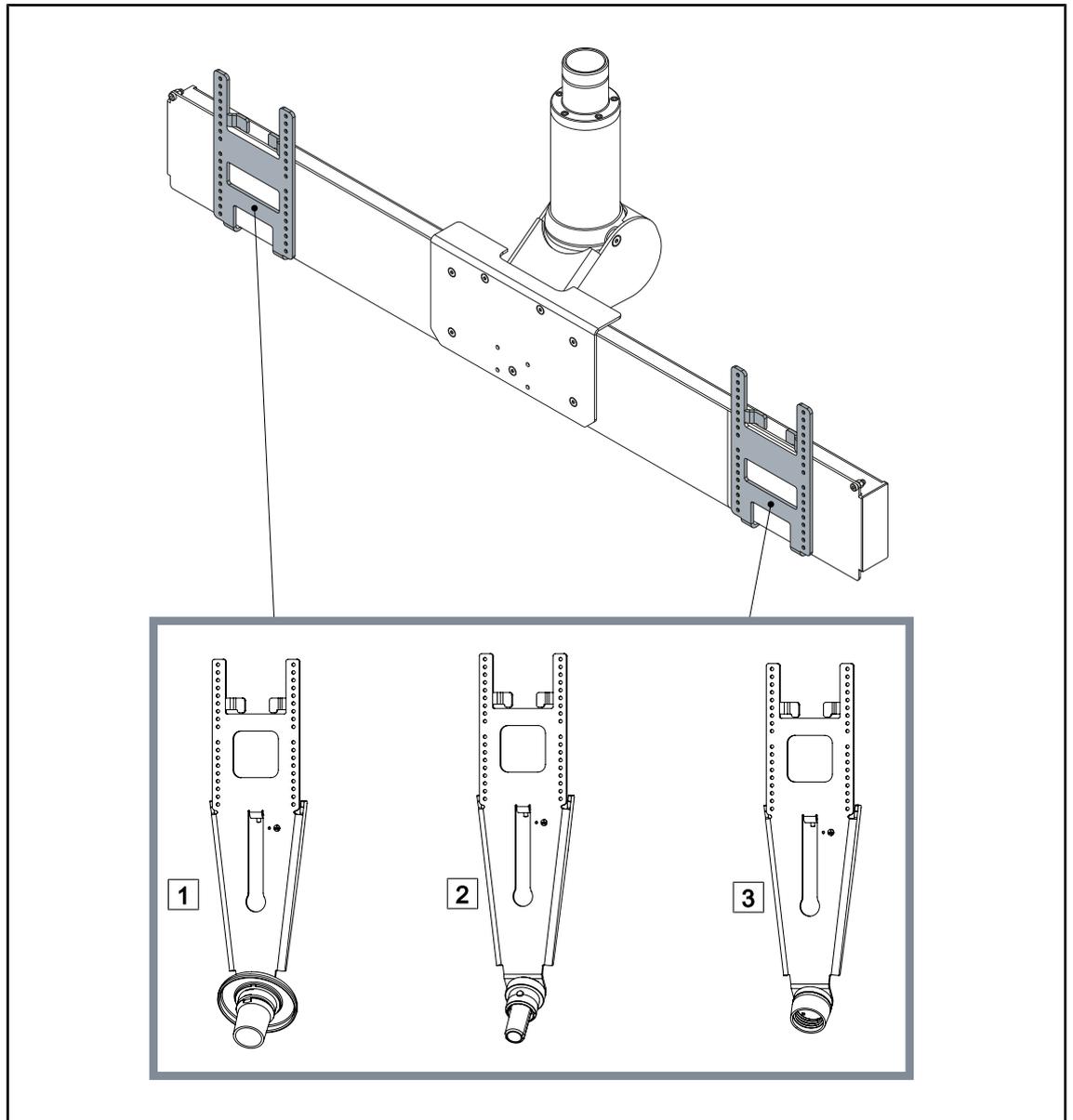


Fig. 17: Option for XHD1

- 1 Screen Holder Plate PSX XHD1
- 2 Screen Holder Plate HLX XHD1

- 3 Screen Holder Plate DAX XHD1

1.6.2.7 Options for camera mounts

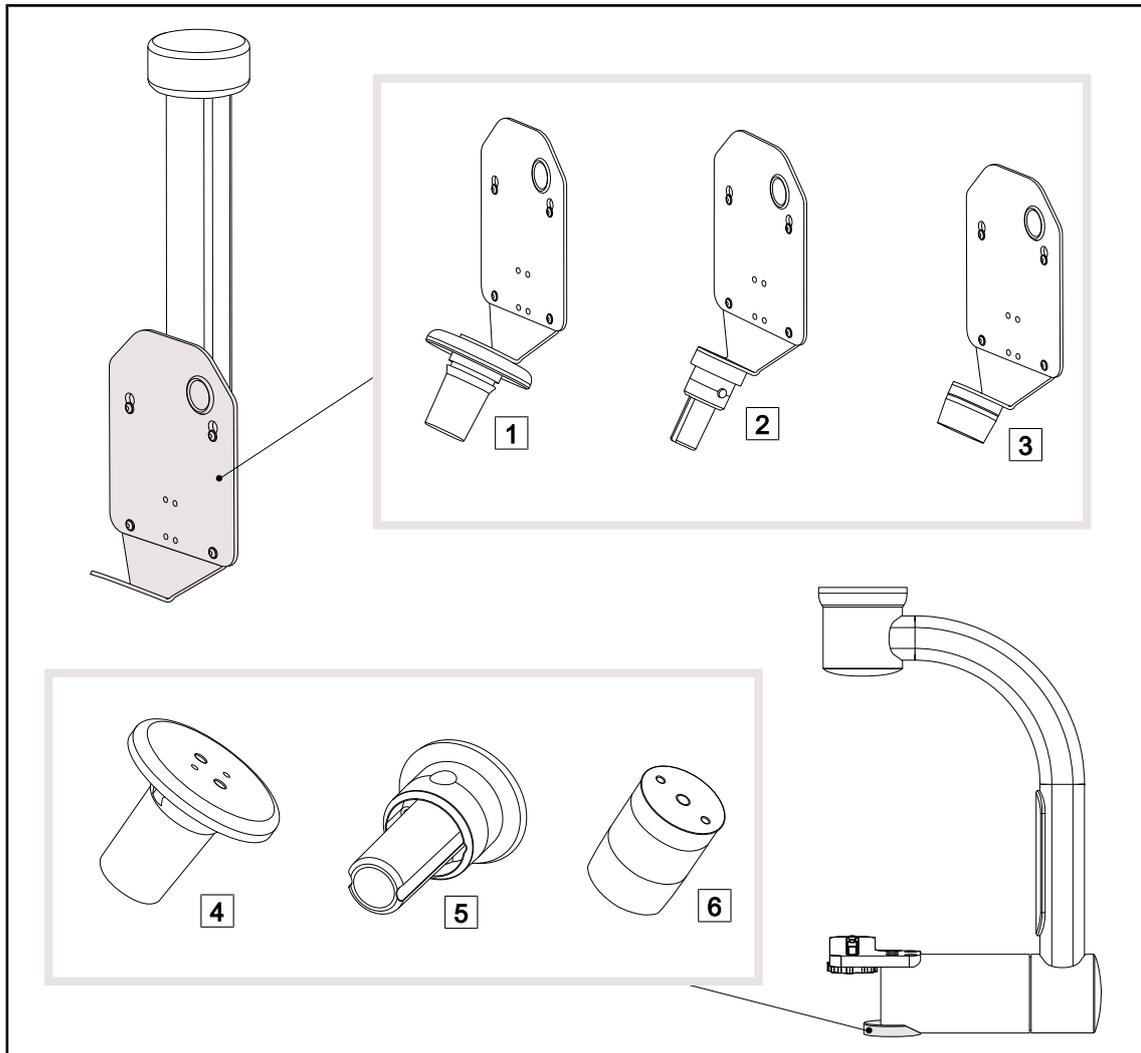


Fig. 18: Options available with camera mounts

- | | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| 1 CAMERA MOUNT PLATE PSX FH | 4 PSX handle mount for SC05 |
| 2 CAMERA MOUNT PLATE HLX FH | 5 HLX handle mount for SC05 |
| 3 CAMERA MOUNT PLATE DAX FH | 6 DEVON/DEROYAL® handle mount for SC05 |

1.6.3 Accessories

1.6.3.1 Cameras

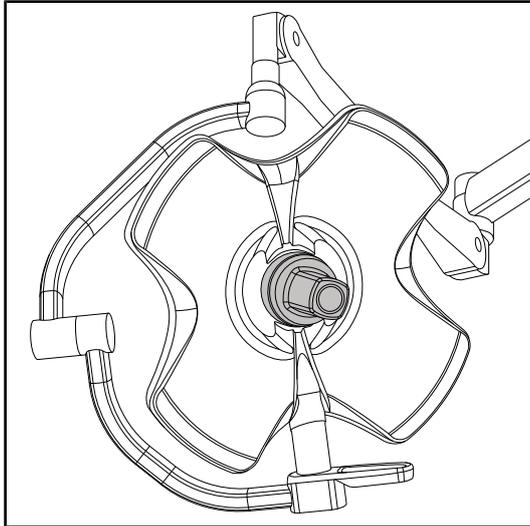


Fig. 19: Volista with camera

The camera can be mounted in the centre of the lighthead using the Quick Lock system.



NOTICE

Use only one camera per configuration.

Wired camera: OHDII FHD QL VP01 (on VSTII only)

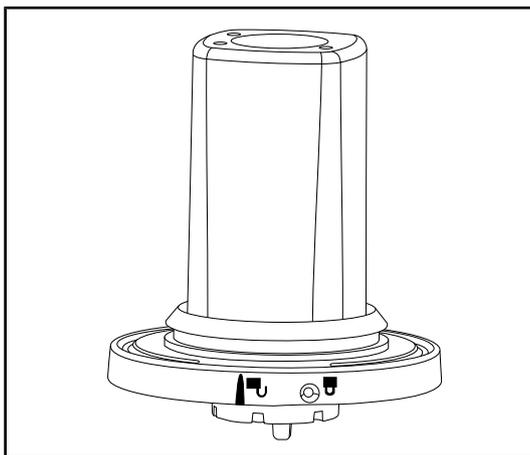


Fig. 20: OHDII FHD QL VP01 camera

This camera features a quick lock system enabling it to be moved from one operating theatre to another, and offers genuine benefits for the surgical team. It ensures operating fluidity by keeping the surgical area clear during training phases, and facilitates monitoring of surgeons' actions, enabling their needs to be better anticipated. It can be installed only on a lighthead that is pre-wired for video.



NOTICE

Before installing a wired camera, make sure the lighthead is pre-wired for video by checking the label on the lighthead. The label must bear the indication "H6". If the camera is installed on a lighthead that is not pre-wired for video, the camera will be detected, but no viewing of the video will be possible.

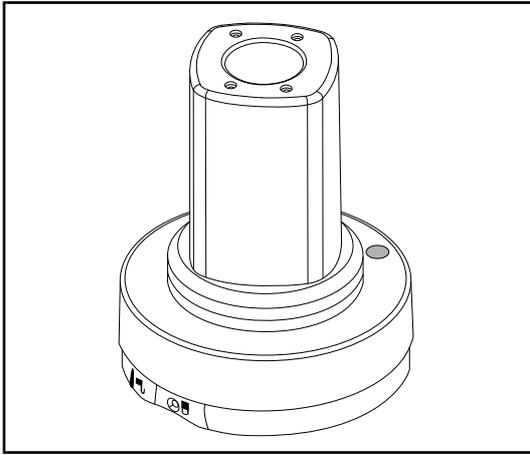
Camera with remote control functionalities: OHDII FHD QL AIR05

Fig. 21: OHDII FHD QL AIR05 camera

This camera features a quick lock system enabling it to be moved from one operating theatre to another, and offers genuine benefits for the surgical team. It ensures operating fluidity by keeping the surgical area clear during training phases, and facilitates monitoring of surgeons' actions, enabling their needs to be better anticipated.

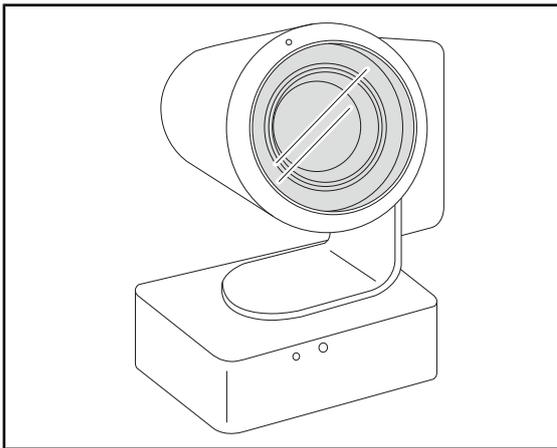
SC430-PTR camera

Fig. 22: SC430-PTR camera

This camera can be secured to the CAMERA HOLDER PLATE. It facilitates monitoring of surgeons' actions, enabling their needs to be better anticipated. It also ensures operating fluidity by keeping the surgical area clear during training phases.

1.6.3.2 Handle mount

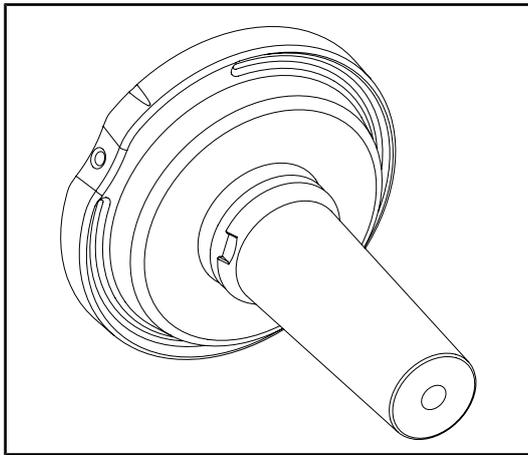


Fig. 23: Mount for STG PSX sterilisable handle

The handle mount can be fitted in the centre of the lighthouse using the Quick Lock system. It is designed to receive an STG PSX sterilisable handle.

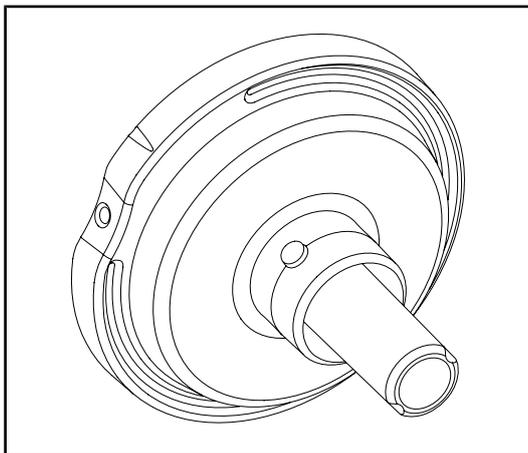


Fig. 24: Mount for STG HLX sterilisable handle

The handle mount can be fitted in the centre of the lighthouse using the Quick Lock system. It is designed to receive an STG HLX sterilisable handle.

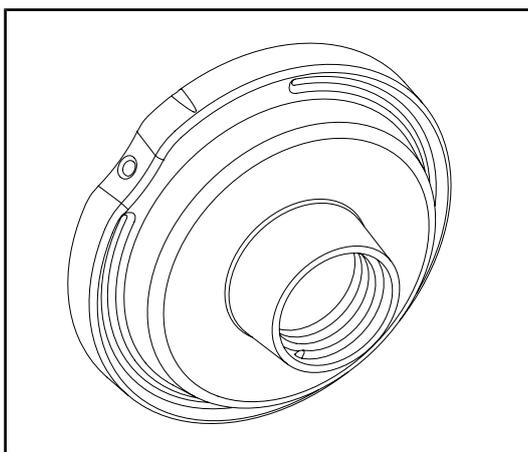
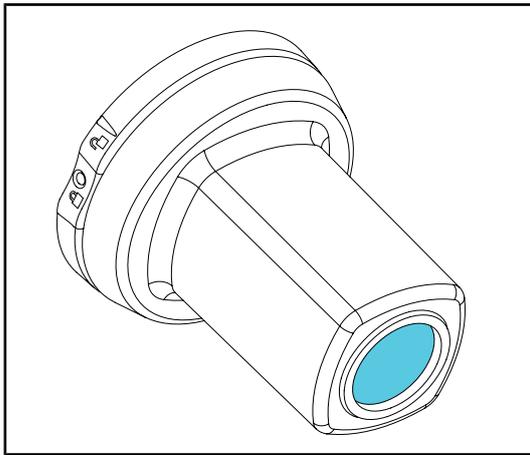


Fig. 25: Adapter for disposable handle

This adapter for disposable handles can be fitted in the centre of the lighthouse using the Quick Lock system. It is designed to receive a Devon® or Deroyal® disposable handle.

1.6.3.3 LMD* (on Volista VSTII only)



The LMD system (Luminance Management Device) adjusts the illumination perceived by the surgeon's eye. This innovation is designed to maintain optimal visual acuity and avoid problems relating to vision adjustments in the event of brightness variations. Surgeons thus have the same level of illumination when looking at dark cavities or light tissue.

Fig. 26: LMD module

1.6.3.4 Lead screens

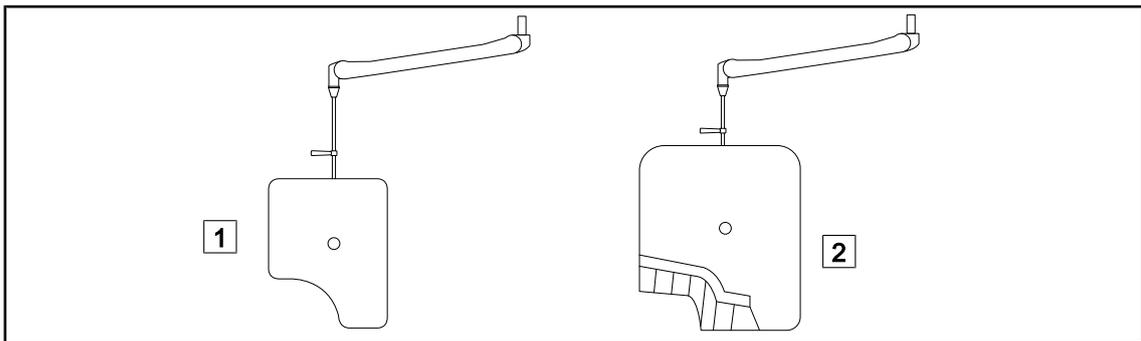


Fig. 27: Lead screens

- 1** Lead shield without radiation protection strips **2** Lead shield with radiation protection strips

1.7 Device identification label

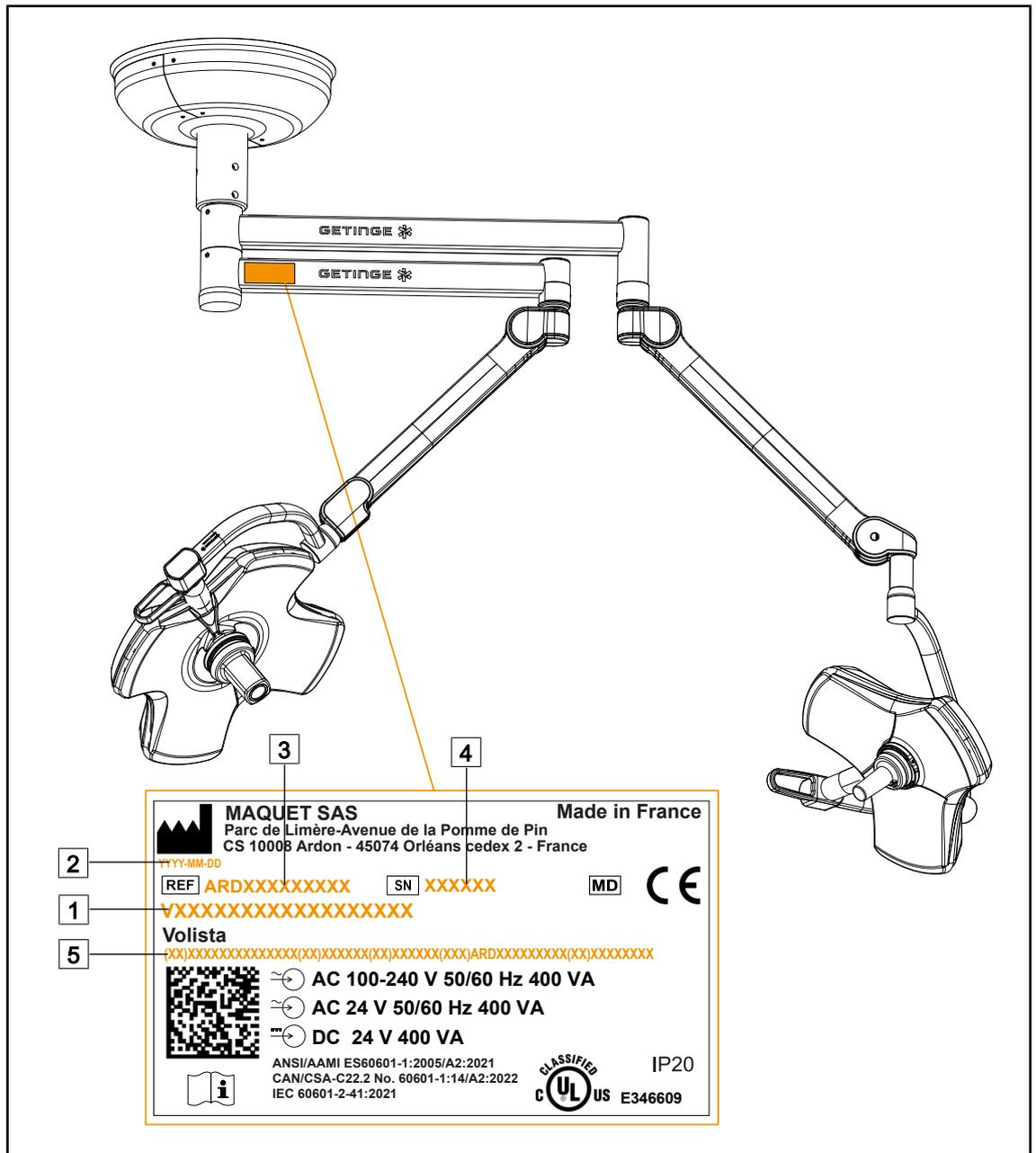


Fig. 28: Identification label

- 1 Product name
 - 2 Manufacturing date
 - 3 Product code
- 4 Serial number
 - 5 UDI identification

1.8 Standards applied

The device complies with the safety requirements of the following standards and directives:

Reference	Title
IEC 60601-1:2005+AMD1:2012+AMD2:2020 ANSI/AAMI ES60601-1:2005/A2:2021 CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60601-1:14/A2:2022	Medical electrical equipment – Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance
IEC 60601-2-41:2021	Medical electrical equipment – Part 2-41: Particular requirements for the safety of surgical luminaires and luminaires for diagnosis
IEC 60601-1-2:2014+AMD1:2020 EN 60601-1-2:2015/A1:2021 ANSI/AAMI/IEC 60601-1-2:2014/A1:2021 CSA C22.2 No. 60601-1-2:16 (R2021)	Medical electrical equipment – Part 1-2: General requirements for safety – Collateral standard: Electromagnetic disturbances – Requirements and tests
IEC 60601-1-6:2010+AMD1:2013+AMD2:2020	Medical electrical equipment – Part 1-6: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance – Collateral standard: Usability
IEC 60601-1-9:2007+AMD1: 2013+AMD2:2020	Medical electrical equipment – Part 1-9: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance – Collateral standard: Requirements for an environmentally friendly design
IEC 62366-1:2015+AMD1:2020	Medical devices – Part 1: Application of usability engineering to medical devices
IEC 62304:2006+AMD1:2015	Medical device software – Software life cycle processes
ISO 20417:2020	Medical devices - Information provided by manufacturer
ISO 15223-1:2021	Medical devices - Symbols to be used with information to be provided by manufacturer - Part 1: General requirements
EN 62471:2008	Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems
IEC 62311:2019	Assessment of electronic and electrical equipment related to human exposure restrictions for electromagnetic fields (0 Hz – 300 GHz)

Tab. 3: Compliance with product standards

Quality management:

Reference	Year	Title
ISO 13485	2016	ISO 13485:2016 Medical devices – Quality management systems – Requirements for regulatory purposes
VSTII 14971	2019	ISO 14971:2019 Medical devices – Application of risk management to medical devices
ISO 14001	2024	ISO 14001:2015/A1:2024 Environmental management systems - Requirements with guidance for use
21 CFR Part 11	2023	Title 21--Food And Drugs Chapter I--Food and Drug Administration Department of Health and Human Services Subchapter A -- General PART 11 - Electronic records, electronic signatures
21 CFR Part 820	2020	Title 21--Food And Drugs Chapter I--Food and Drug Administration Department of Health and Human Services Subchapter H -- Medical Devices PART 820 - Quality System Regulation

Tab. 4: Compliance with quality management standards

Environmental standards and regulations:

Country	Reference	Version	Title
EU	ROHS Directives	2011	DIRECTIVE 2011/65/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment
		2015	COMMISSION DELEGATED DIRECTIVE (EU) 2015/863 of 31 March 2015, amending Annex II to Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the list of restricted substances
		2016	COMMISSION DELEGATED DIRECTIVE (EU) 2016/585 of 12 February 2016 amending, for the purposes of adapting to technical progress, Annex IV to Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards an exemption for lead, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, and polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE) in spare parts recovered from and used for the repair or refurbishment of medical devices or electron microscopes
		2017	DIRECTIVE (EU) 2017/2102 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 15 November 2017 amending Directive 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment
Worldwide	IEC 63000:	2022	Technical documentation for the assessment of electrical and electronic products with respect to the restriction of hazardous substances
EU	REACH Regulation	2006	REGULATION (EC) No. 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and REACH - Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No. 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No. 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC
USA _ California	US California Proposition 65 Act	1986	HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE - HSC DIVISION 20. MISCELLANEOUS HEALTH AND SAFETY PROVISIONS CHAPTER 6.6. Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986
China	SJ/T 11365-2006	2006	ACPEIP - Administrative Measure on the Control of Pollution caused by Electronic Information Products, China RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances)

Tab. 5: Environmental standards and regulations

Country	Reference	Year	Title
Argentina	Dispocision 2318/2002	2002	Administración Nacional de Medicamentos, Alimentos y Tecnología Médica - Registro de productos Medicas - Reglamento
Australia	TGA 236-2002	2021	Therapeutic Goods (Medical Devices) Regulations 2002. Statutory Rules No. 236, 2002 made under the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Act	2008	Medicinal products and medical devices act of Bosnia and Herzegovina ("Official Gazette of BiH, No. 58/08")
Brazil	RDC 665/2022	2022	Resolution RDC No. 665, of March 30, 2022, provides for the good manufacturing practices for medical devices, and medical devices for in vitro diagnosis
Brazil	RDC 751/2022	2022	RDC No. 751, of September 15, 2022, which provides for risk classification, notification and registration regimes, and labelling requirements and instructions for use of medical devices
Brazil	Ordinance 384/2020	2020	INMETRO Certification - Compliance Assessment Requirements for Equipment under Health Surveillance Regimen - Consolidated.
Canada	SOR/98-282	2024	Medical Devices Regulations
China	Regulation 739	2021	Regulation for the Supervision and Administration of Medical Devices
Colombia	Decree 4725	2005	DECRETO NÚMERO 4725 DE 2005 (Diciembre 26) por el cual se reglamenta el régimen de registros sanitarios, permiso de comercialización y vigilancia sanitaria de los dispositivos médicos para uso humano.
EU	Regulation 2017/745/EU	2017	REGULATION (EU) 2017/745 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 5 April 2017 on medical devices, amending Directive 2001/83/EC, Regulation (EC) No. 178/2002 and Regulation (EC) No. 1223/2009 and repealing Council Directives 90/385/EEC and 93/42/EEC
India	Rule	2017	Medical Device Rules, 2017
Indonesia	Regulation 62	2017	Regulation of the minister of health of the republic of Indonesia number 62 of 2017 on product license of medical devices, in vitro diagnostic medical devices and household health products
Israel	Law 5772-2012	2012	The Medical Equipment Law, 5772-2012
Japan	MHLW Ordinance: MO No. 169	2021	Ministerial Ordinance on Standards for Manufacturing Control and Quality Control for Medical Devices and In-Vitro Diagnostics
Kenya	Act	2002	The Pharmacy and Poisons Act, Cap 244 of the Laws of Kenya
Malaysia	Act 737	2012	Medical Device Act 2012 (Act 737)
Montenegro	Law 53/09	2009	Law of Montenegro on Medical Devices (2009)
Morocco	Law 84-12	2012	Law No. 84-12 relative to medical devices

Tab. 6: Compliance with market standards

Country	Reference	Year	Title
New Zealand	Regulation 2003/325	2003	Medicines (Database of Medical Devices) Regulations 2003 (SR 2003/325)
Saudi Arabia	Regulation	2017	"Medical Device Interim Regulation" issued by the Board of Directors of the Food and Drug Authority (1-8-1429) dated 29/12/1429 H and amended by Saudi Food and Drug Authority Board of Directors decree No. (4-16-1439) dated 27/12/2017
Serbia	Law 105/2017	2017	Law on Medicinal Products and Medical Devices, "Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia," No. 105/2017
South Korea	Act 14330	2016	Medical Device Act
South Korea	Decree 27209	2016	Enforcement Decree of Medical Act
South Korea	Rule 1354	2017	Enforcement Rule of the Medical Act
Switzerland	RS (Odim) 812.213	2020	Medical Devices Ordinance (MedDO) of 1 July 2020
Taiwan	Act	2020	Taiwanese Medical Device Act
Thailand	Act 2562	2019	Medical Device Act (No. 2) B.E. 2562(2019)
UK	Act	2021	Medical Devices Regulations 2002 No. 618
USA	21CFR Part 7	2023	Title 21--Food And Drugs Chapter I--Food and Drug Administration Department of Health and Human Services Subchapter A -- General PART 7 - Enforcement policy
USA	21CFR Subchapter H	-	Title 21--Food And Drugs Chapter I--Food and Drug Administration Department of Health and Human Services Subchapter H -- Medical Devices
Vietnam	Decree 98/2021	2021	Decree No. 98/2021/ND-CP November 8, 2021 of the Government on the management of medical equipment

Tab. 6: Compliance with market standards

Other information (for the People's Republic of China only)

产品名称：手术无影灯

规格型号：STANDOP VOLISTA 600, STANDOP VOLISTA 400

SN 序列号：见英文标签 生产日期：见英文标签

使用期限：10 年

注册证号：国械注进 20142015956

产品技术要求编号：国械注进 20142015956

注册人/生产企业名称：Maquet SAS 迈柯唯股份有限公司

注册人/生产企业住所：Parc de Limère Avenue de la Pomme de Pin CS 10008 Ardon 45074 Orléans Cedex 2-FRANCE

生产地址：Parc de Limère Avenue de la Pomme de Pin CS 10008 Ardon 45074 Orléans Cedex 2-FRANCE

注册人/生产企业联系方式：+33 (0) 2 38 25 88 88

代理人：迈柯唯（上海）医疗设备有限公司

代理人住所：中国（上海）自由贸易试验区美盛路 56 号 2 层 227 室

代理人电话：800 820 0207

其他内容详见说明书

1.9 Information relating to intended use

1.9.1 Intended use

The VOLISTA range is designed to illuminate the body of a patient during surgical procedures, diagnostics or treatment.

1.9.2 Indications

The VOLISTA range is intended to be used for any type of surgery, treatment or examination requiring a specific type of lighting.

1.9.3 Intended users

- The device may be operated only by medical staff who have read this manual.
- The device must be cleaned by qualified personnel.

1.9.4 Inappropriate use

- Use as a surgical light (a lighthouse) if an interruption of the operation threatens the life of the patient.
- Use of a damaged product (e.g. lack of maintenance).
- In a setting other than a professional healthcare environment (e.g. home care).
- Use of the camera for assistance during an operation or to establish a diagnosis.
- Use of the screen holder or camera mount while carrying something other than a screen or a camera.
- Installation of a screen that is too heavy or too wide based on recommendations.

1.9.5 Contraindications

This product does not have any contraindications.

1.10 Primary purpose

The primary purpose of the Volista surgical light is to illuminate the surgical site whilst minimising the associated heat energy.

1.11 Clinical benefit

Surgical and examination lights are considered as complementary to invasive and non-invasive treatment or diagnosis, and are essential to surgeons and healthcare staff for optimal vision.

The assistance they provide during surgical and examination procedures demonstrates their indirect clinical benefit. LED surgical lights offer several advantages over other technologies (e.g. incandescent lighting).

When used appropriately, LED surgical lights will:

- Improve workspace comfort and visual performance by focusing the light where surgeons and healthcare staff need it, while decreasing the heat released.
- Provide shadow management, which allows the medical staff to concentrate on surgery or diagnosis.
- Offer improved lifespan, thereby reducing the risk of partial malfunction during surgery.
- Provide steady illumination throughout their use.
- Ensure accurate colour rendering of the various tissues illuminated.

1.12 Warranty

For details of warranty conditions, please contact your local Getinge representative.

1.13 Expected service lifetime

The expected service lifetime of the product is 10 years.

This service lifetime does not apply to consumables such as sterilisable handles.

This 10-year service lifetime applies subject to the annual periodic checks being performed by personnel trained and approved by Getinge; see Maintenance [▶ Page 110]. After this time, if the device is still in use, an inspection must be carried out by personnel trained and approved by Getinge to ensure the continued safety of the device.

1.14 Instructions for reducing the environmental impact

To ensure optimum use of the device while limiting its impact on the environment, here are some rules to follow:

- Reduce power consumption by switching off the device when not in use.
- Position the device correctly so as not to have to compensate for poor positioning by increasing the lighting power.
- Follow the specified maintenance schedule in order to keep the level of environmental impact as low as possible.
- For questions relating to waste treatment and device recycling, refer to the Waste management [▶ Page 123] chapter.
- Use the various options wisely to avoid needless power consumption.

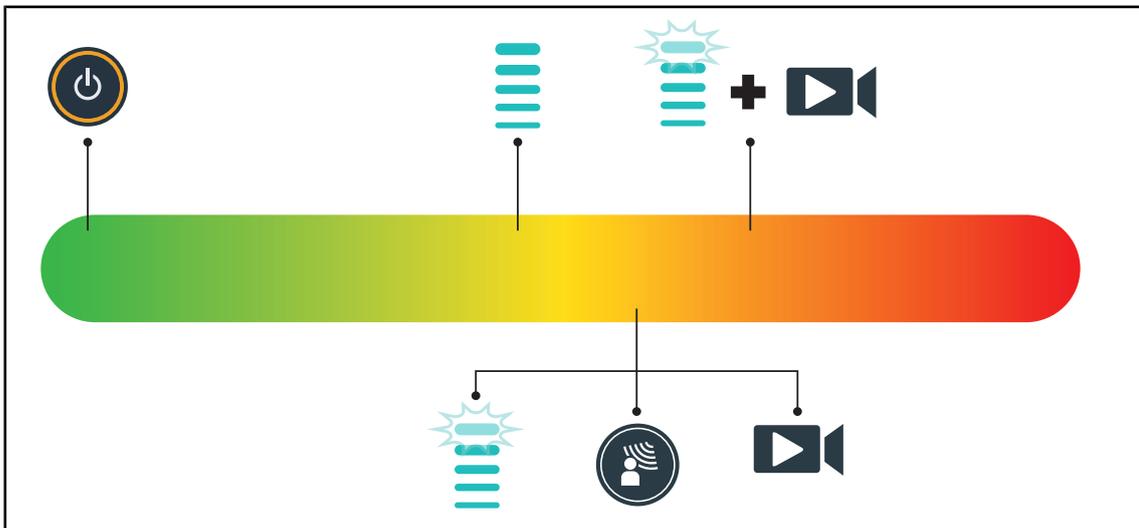


Fig. 29: Power consumption of device in operation



NOTICE

Power consumption for the device is provided in chapter 9.2, Electrical specifications.

The device does not contain hazardous substances in accordance with RoHS directive (see Tab. 5) and Reach regulation.

2 Safety-related information

2.1 Environmental conditions

Environmental conditions for transport and storage

Ambient temperature	-10°C to +60°C
Relative humidity	20% to 75%
Atmospheric pressure	500 hPa to 1060 hPa

Tab. 7: Environmental conditions for transport/storage

Environmental conditions for use

Ambient temperature	+10 °C to +40 °C
Relative humidity	20% to 75%
Atmospheric pressure	500 hPa to 1060 hPa

Tab. 8: Environmental conditions for use



NOTICE

For information regarding operation in electromagnetic environments; see EMC declaration

2.2 Safety instructions

2.2.1 Safe use of the product



WARNING!

Risk of injury

If the battery discharges too quickly, a lighthouse may go out during a procedure.

Perform a battery lifetime test monthly to estimate the battery lifetime. Contact the Getinge technical department if a malfunction occurs.



WARNING!

Risk of tissue reaction

Light is a form of energy that, on account of certain wavelengths emitted, may not be suitable for certain pathologies.

The user must be aware of the risks of using the light on subjects who are intolerant to UV and/or infrared light, and on photosensitive subjects.

Before a procedure, please ensure that the light is compatible with this type of pathology.



WARNING!

Risk of tissue drying or burns.

Light is a form of energy that can potentially cause injury to the patient (e.g. drying of tissues, burning of the retina), particularly in the event of superimposed light beams from several lighthouses, or lengthy surgical interventions.

The user must be aware of the risks relating to exposure of open wounds to a light source with excessively high intensity. The user must be vigilant and must adjust the illumination level according to the patient examined, particularly during a lengthy procedure.

**WARNING!****Risk of burns**

This device is not explosion-proof. Sparks, which would not normally be hazardous, may cause fires in oxygen-enriched atmospheres.

Do not use the device in environments rich in flammable gases or oxygen.

**WARNING!****Risk of injury/infection**

The use of a damaged device may lead to a risk of injury for users or a risk of infection for patients.

Do not use a damaged device.

2.2.2**Electrical**

**WARNING!****Risk of electric shock**

Anyone not trained in installation, maintenance, repair or uninstallation operations is exposed to the risk of injury or electric shock.

Installation, maintenance, repair and uninstallation of the device or its components must be carried out by a Getinge technician or a service technician trained by Getinge.

**WARNING!****Risk of injury**

If a power cut occurs in the middle of an operation, the lighthead will go out if the lighting system does not have a backup supply.

The hospital must comply with applicable standards on the use of premises for medical use and must have a backup power supply system.

2.2.3**Optical**

**WARNING!****Risk of injury**

This product emits possibly hazardous optical radiation. Eye injury may occur.

Do not stare at the light emitted from the surgical luminaire. The patient's eyes must be protected during facial surgery.

2.2.4**Infection**

**WARNING!****Risk of infection**

A servicing or cleaning operation may result in contamination of the surgical site.

Do not perform servicing or cleaning operations when the patient is present.

3 Control interfaces

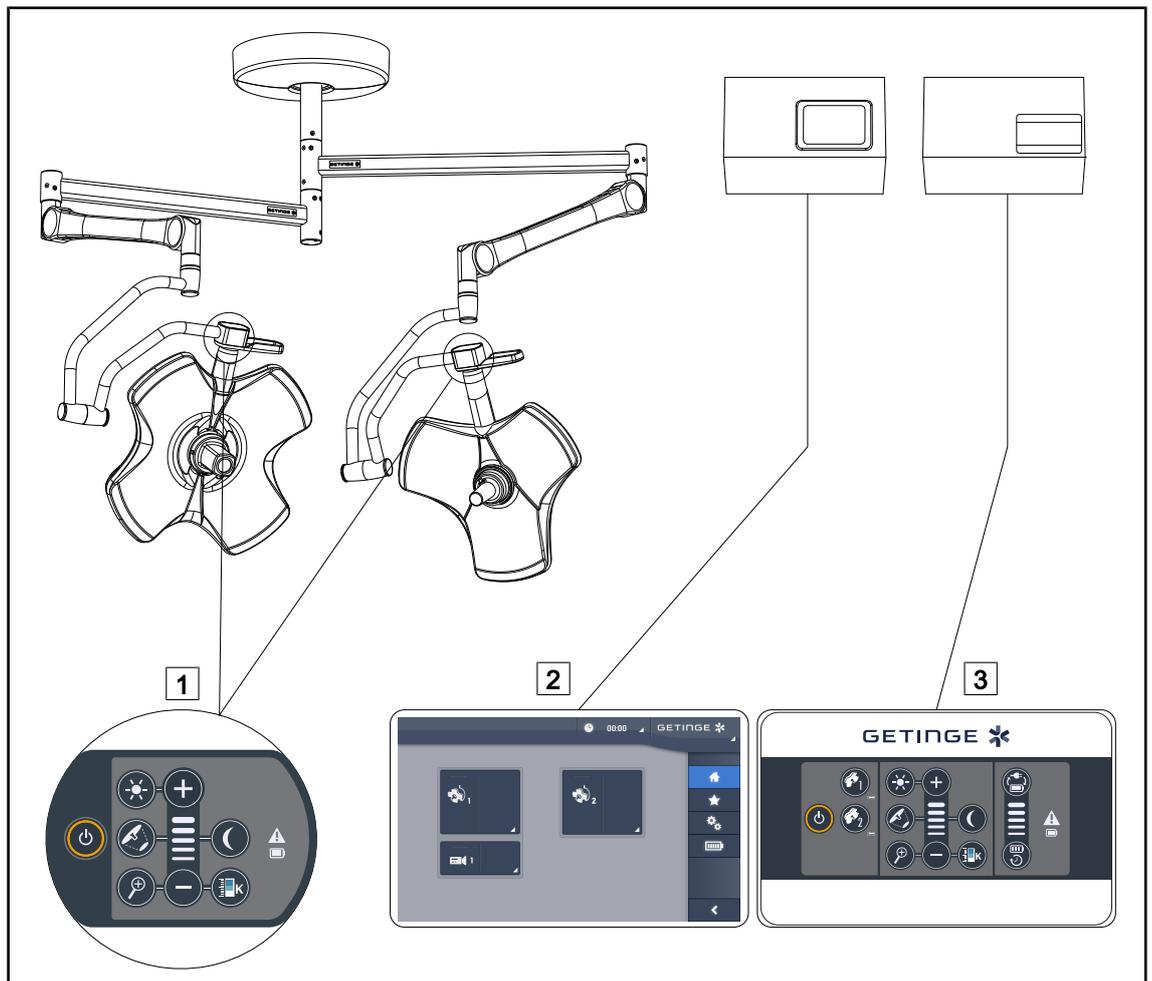


Fig. 30: Volista control interfaces

- 1** Lighthead control keypad

2 Touchscreen control panel (optional)
- 3** Wall-mounted control keypad (on VCSII only, optional)

**NOTICE**

The lighting can also be controlled via an integrator-type external control equipment, and the operation of the lighting can be paired with other external equipment (luminous flux, etc.). Contact your Getinge representative for more information.

3.1 Lighthouse control keypads

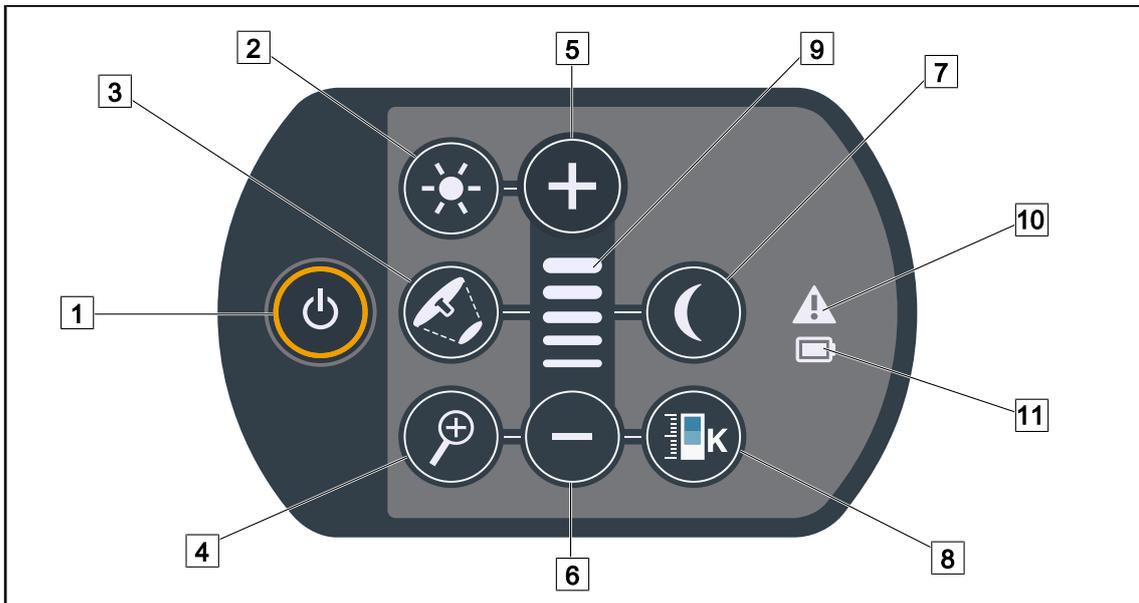


Fig. 31: VCSII control keypad

- | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 On/Off | 7 Ambient light mode |
| 2 Adjustment of illumination | 8 Colour temperature variation |
| 3 Light field diameter variation | 9 Level indicator |
| 4 Camera zoom | 10 Warning indicator |
| 5 Plus (increase the level) | 11 Battery indicator |
| 6 Minus (reduce the level) | |

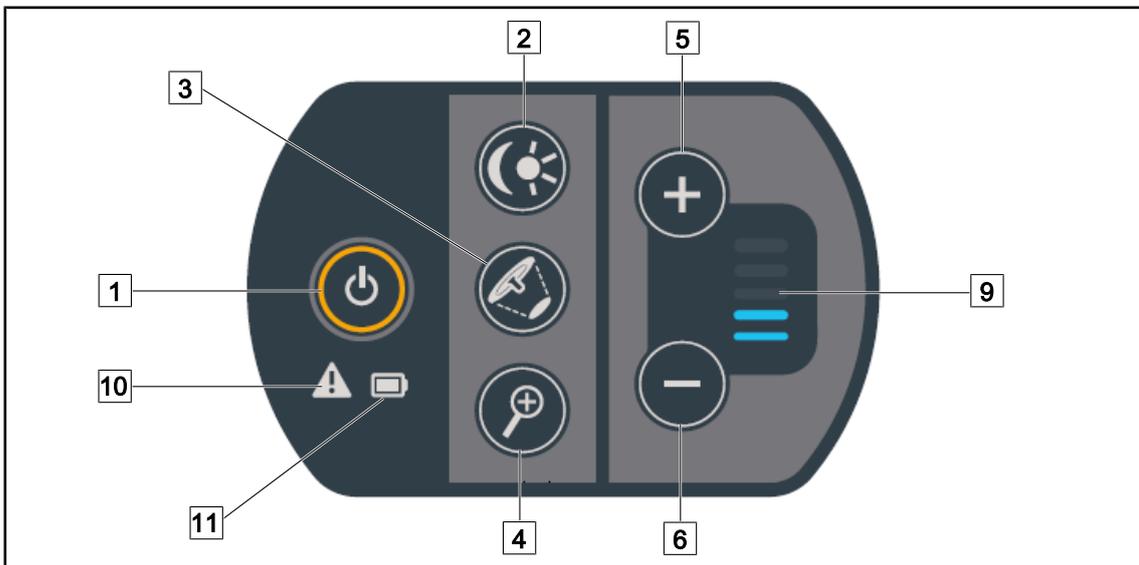


Fig. 32: VSTII control keypad

- | | |
|--|----------------------------|
| 1 On/Off | 6 Minus (reduce the level) |
| 2 Illumination adjustment / Ambient light mode | 9 Level indicator |
| 3 Light field diameter variation | 10 Warning indicator |
| 4 Camera zoom | 11 Battery indicator |
| 5 Plus (increase the level) | |

3.2 Wall-mounted control keypad (on VCSII only)

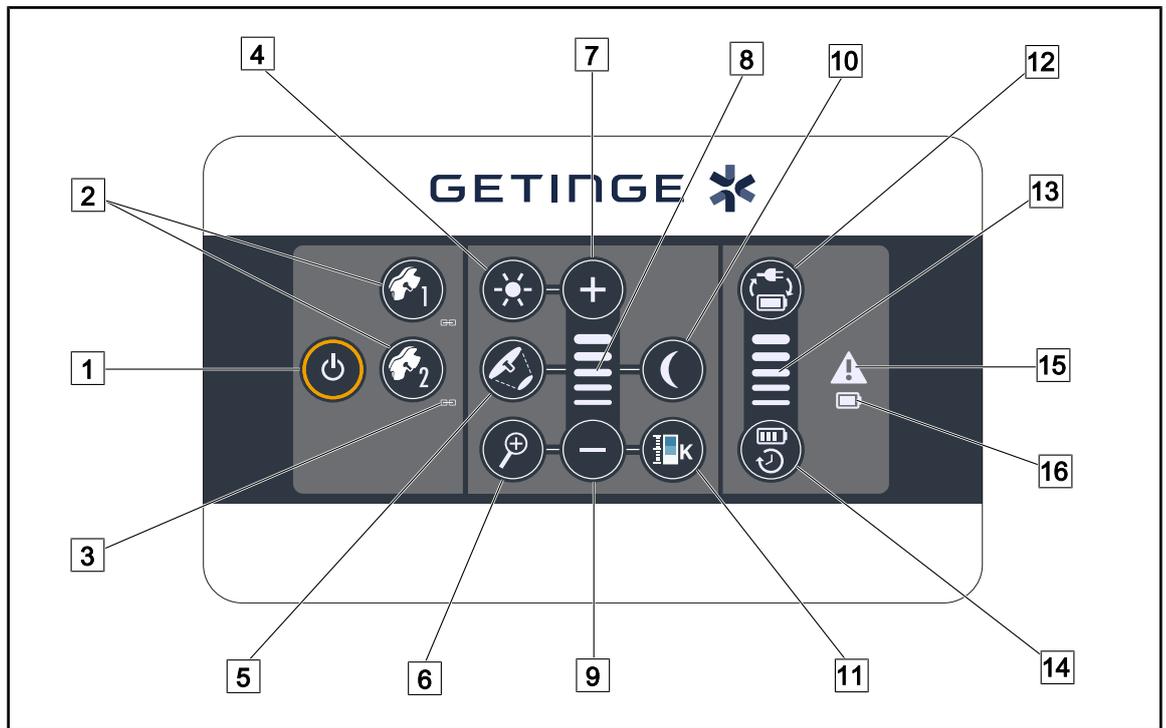


Fig. 33: Wall-mounted control keypad

- | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 On/Off | 9 Minus (reduce the level) |
| 2 Lighthouse selection (1 or 2) | 10 Ambient light mode |
| 3 Synchronisation indicator | 11 Colour temperature variation |
| 4 Adjustment of illumination | 12 Battery switchover |
| 5 Light field diameter variation | 13 Battery level indicator |
| 6 Camera zoom | 14 Battery capacity |
| 7 Plus (increase the level) | 15 Warning indicator |
| 8 Level indicator | 16 Battery indicator |

3.3 Touchscreen control panel



Fig. 34: Touchscreen control panel

- 1 Status bar
- 2 Menu bar
- 3 Active area

Part No.	Description
1	Area of the screen used to display the fault indicator, battery indicator, time, Maquet logo and customer logo.
2	Area of the screen used to access the menus: home screen, presets, functions and settings.
3	Area of the screen used to control the device.

Tab. 9: Touchscreen control panel information

Status bar

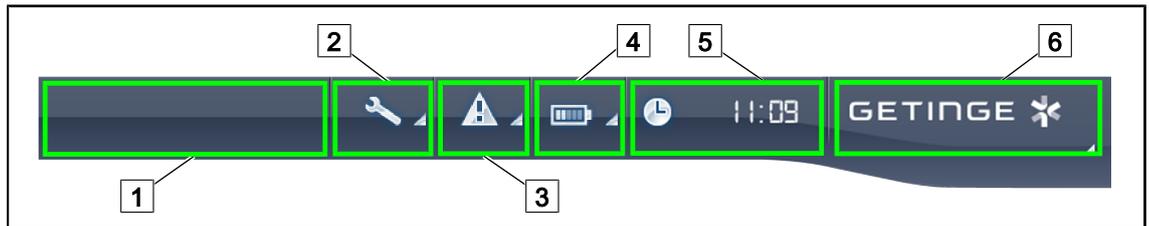


Fig. 35: Touchscreen control panel status bar

- | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| 1 | Customer logo (optional) | 2 | Maintenance indicator |
| 3 | Fault indicator | 4 | Battery indicator |
| 5 | Clock | 6 | Getinge logo |

Part No.	Description	Possible actions
1	Customer logo (optional)	/
2	Indicates maintenance needed. Displayed only if maintenance is needed.	Press the maintenance indicator icon to access the maintenance acknowledgement screen.
3	Indicates a system fault. Displayed only if a system fault has occurred.	Press the fault indicator icon to view the faults.
4	Indicates the battery status. For more information, see the dedicated section Indicators shown on the touchscreen control panel [►► Page 103]. Displayed only if a backup system is present.	Press the battery indicator icon to view the status of the batteries.
5	Shows the time	Press the clock icon to access the date and time settings.
6	Getinge logo	Press the Getinge logo to access product maintenance information. Press the Getinge logo a second time to access a menu reserved for Getinge technicians and qualified personnel.

Tab. 10: Touchscreen control panel status bar

3

Control interfaces

Touchscreen control panel

Menu bar

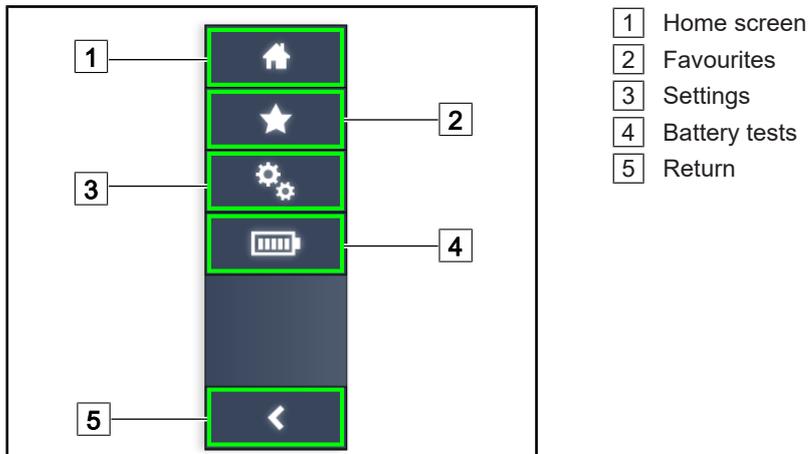


Fig. 36: Touchscreen control panel menu bar

Part No.	Description	Possible actions
1	Page giving access to all commands and information.	Press the home icon to return to the home page.
2	User-defined presets.	Press the Presets icon to go to the page showing all saved settings.
3	Configurable settings and configuration-related information	Press the Settings icon to access the settings page and information about the configuration.
4	Battery tests	Press the Battery Tests icon to access the backup tests page.
5	Return	Press the return button to return to the previous screen.

Tab. 11: Touchscreen control panel status bar

4 Use

4.1 Daily inspections



NOTICE

To ensure that the product used is compliant, various daily visual and functional inspections must be performed by trained personnel. It is recommended that records be kept of the results of these inspections, along with the date and signature of the person performing them.

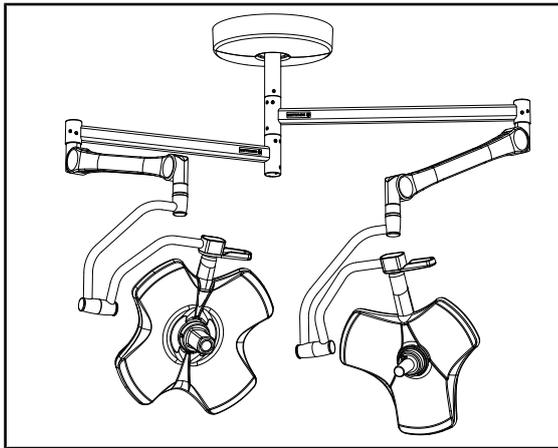


Fig. 37: Integrity of the device

Integrity of the device

1. Check that the device has not suffered any impact damage.
2. Check for any chipped or missing paint.
3. If a problem is noted, contact technical support.

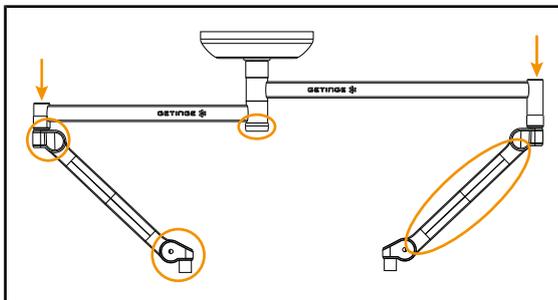


Fig. 38: Suspension covers

Suspension covers

1. Check that the spring arm covers are in the proper position and in good condition.
2. Check that the suspension covers, including the one beneath the central shaft, are in the proper position and in good condition.
3. If a problem is noted, contact technical support.

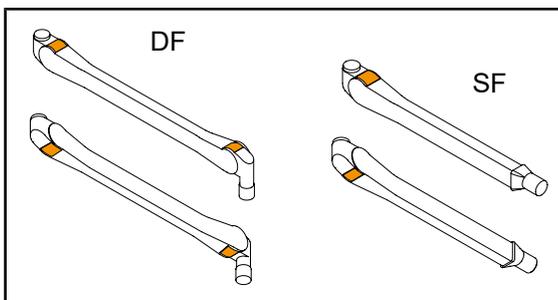


Fig. 39: Half-rings on spring arms

Half-rings on spring arms

1. Check that the half-rings on the spring arms are in place in their slots.
2. If a problem is noted, contact technical support.

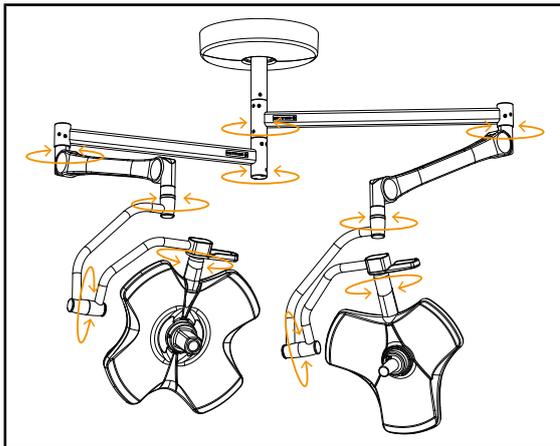


Fig. 40: Stability and drift of the system

Stability and drift of the system

1. Operate the device, making several movements in order to swivel the suspension arms, the spring arms and the lightheads.
 - The entire system should move easily and smoothly.
2. Place the system in various positions.
 - The entire system should remain in the selected position, without any drift.
3. If a problem is noted, contact technical support.

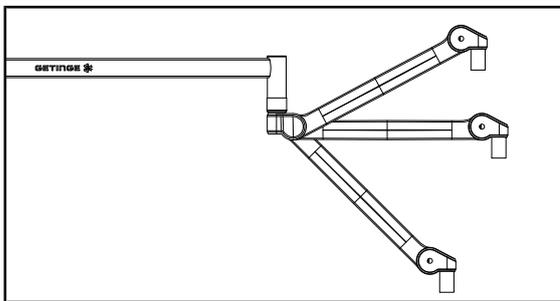


Fig. 41: Spring arm positioning

Spring arm positioning

1. Place the spring arm in its lowest position, horizontally and finally in its highest position.
2. Check that the spring arm remains in each of these positions.
3. If a problem is noted, contact technical support.

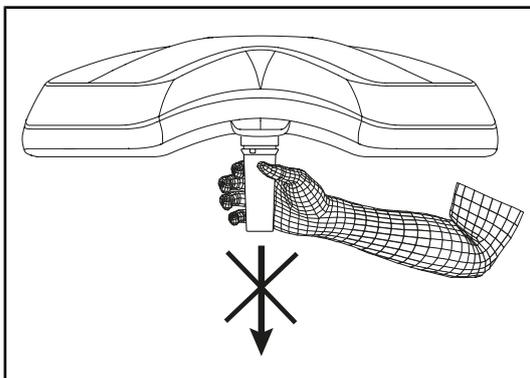


Fig. 42: Sterilisable handle mount

Sterilisable handle mount

1. Remove the handle mount in place.
 - Check that it can be removed easily.
2. Reinstall the handle mount on the light-head.
 - Check that it can be installed smoothly and that the handle mount is properly installed.

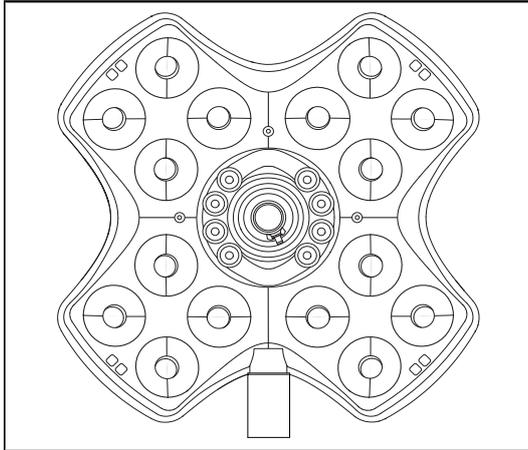


Fig. 43: Operation of the LEDs



Fig. 44: Integrity of the control keypad

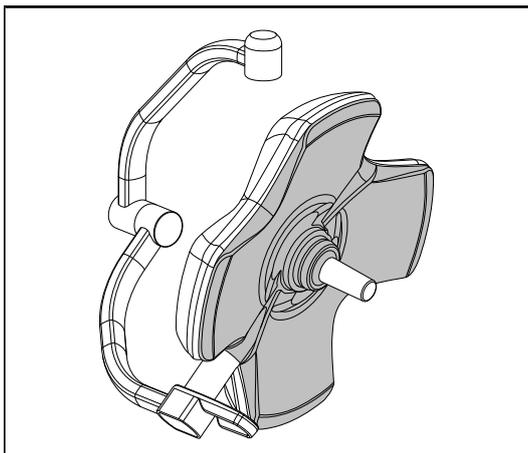


Fig. 45: Lighthouse underside

Operation of the LEDs

1. Press the On/Off button on the lighthouse control keypad to turn on the light.
2. Check that the lighthouse responds to keypad commands by adjusting the illumination of the lighthouse from the minimum to the maximum setting.
 - The light intensity varies depending on the selected level.
3. Turn on the light, selecting the largest light field diameter (such that all LEDs are lit); see Adjusting the illumination [▶▶ Page 52].
4. Check that all the LEDs are operating.

Integrity of the control keypad

1. Check that the control keypad is properly positioned on the lighthouse.
2. Visually inspect the control keypad.
3. If a problem is noted, contact technical support.

Lighthouse underside

1. Check that the underside is not damaged (scratches, stains, etc.).
2. If a problem is noted, contact technical support.

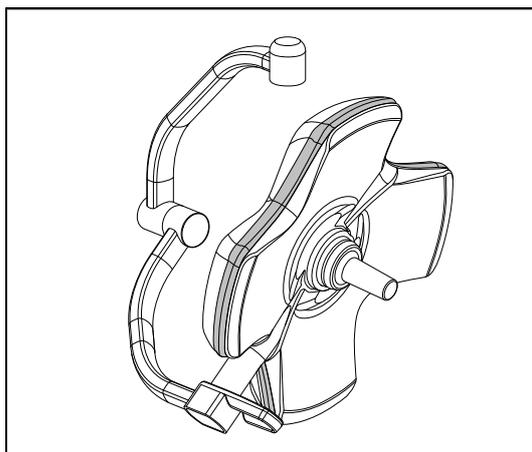


Fig. 46: Integrity of the peripheral seal

Integrity of the peripheral seal

1. Check that the peripheral seal is properly positioned.
2. Visually inspect the peripheral seal.
3. If a problem is noted, contact technical support.

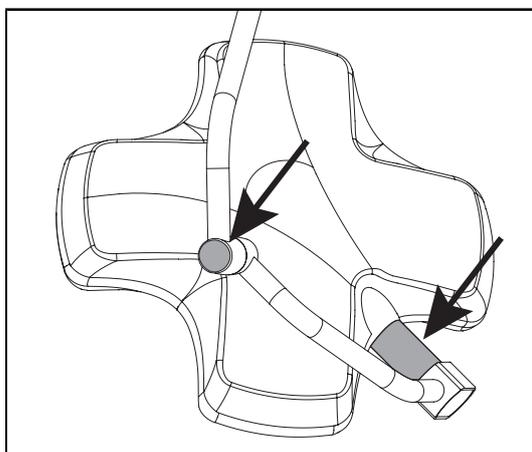


Fig. 47: Integrity of the lighthouse shaft seal and the fork cover

Integrity of the lighthouse shaft seal and the fork cover

1. Check that the lighthouse shaft seal and fork cover are properly positioned.
2. Visually inspect the lighthouse shaft seal and fork cover.
3. If a problem is noted, contact technical support.

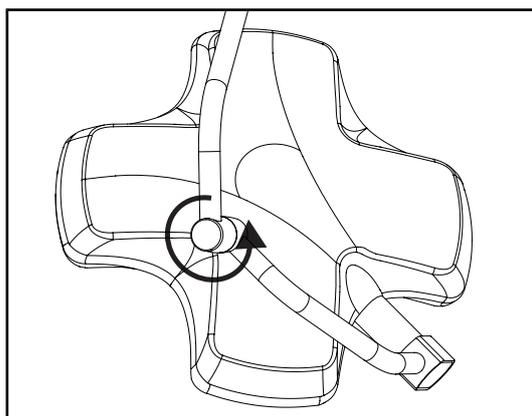


Fig. 48: Integrity of the intermediate fork

Integrity of the intermediate fork

1. Check that the intermediate fork rotates correctly.
2. Check that the intermediate fork does not drift.
3. If a problem is noted, contact technical support.

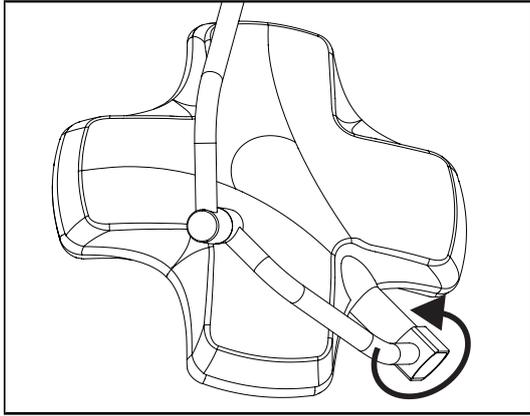


Fig. 49: Integrity of the lighthouse

Integrity of the lighthouse

1. Check the lighthouses for chipped paint, impact marks and any other damage.
2. Check that the lighthouse rotates correctly.
3. Check that the lighthouse does not drift.
4. If a problem is noted, contact technical support.

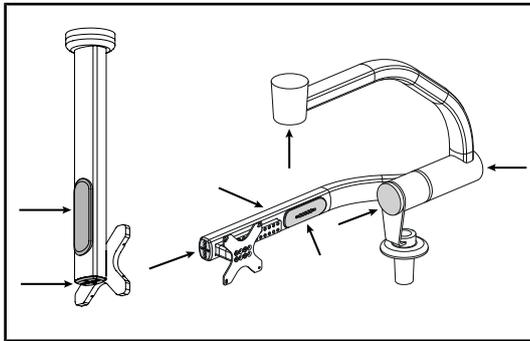


Fig. 50: Screen holder caps

Screen holder silicone caps and grommets

1. Check that the silicone caps on the screen holder are in the proper position and in good condition.
2. Check that the silicone grommets on the screen holder are in the proper position and in good condition.

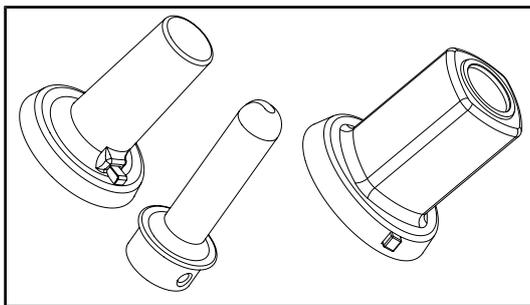
For the attention of sterilisation personnel

Fig. 51: Sterilisable handles

Condition of the sterilisable handles

1. After sterilisation, check that there are no cracks or soiling on the handle.
2. For PSX handles, check after sterilisation that the mechanism operates correctly.

**NOTICE**

If the device has a backup system, perform a battery backup test. To test from the wall-mounted control keypad, the lighthouses must be turned off and the test start button must be backlit to enable the test to be started. To test from the touchscreen control panel, the battery icon must be displayed in the status bar.



Fig. 52: Battery backup test

Backup fail test (only for a battery-backed system)

1. Perform a battery fail test via the wall-mounted control keypad (From the wall-mounted control keypad (on VCSII only) [▶ Page 101]) or via the touchscreen control panel (From the touchscreen control panel [▶ Page 102]).
2. If the test fails, contact technical support.

4.2 Controlling the light

4.2.1 Turning the light on and off

4.2.1.1 From the lighthouse or wall-mounted control keypad

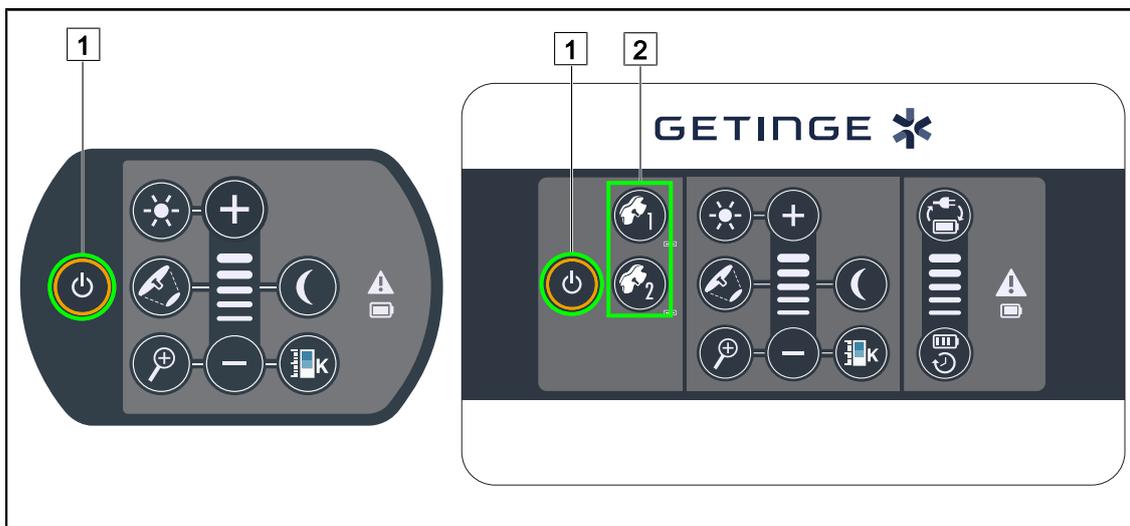


Fig. 53: Turning the light on and off from the keypads

Turning on the light, one lighthouse at a time

1. On a wall-mounted control keypad, press the button **2** for the lighthouse to be turned on, and hold it until the button is backlit.
2. Press the **On/Off 1** button to turn on the lighthouse.
 - The LED sectors are turned on in sequence, and the illumination level is set to the last value used when the light was turned off.

Turning on the entire light system (via the wall-mounted control keypad only)

1. Press **On/Off** [1].
 - The LED sectors on all lightheads are turned on in sequence, and the illumination level is set to the last value used when the light was turned off.

Turning the light off via the lighthouse keypad

1. Press the **On/Off** [1] button and hold it until the keypad turns off.
 - The LED sectors on the lighthouse are turned off in sequence once the button is released.

Turning the light off via the wall-mounted keypad

1. Press the button [2] for the lighthouse to be turned off and hold it until the button is backlit.
2. Press the **On/Off** [1] button and hold it until the lighthouse button turns off.
 - The LED sectors on the lighthouse are turned off in sequence once the button is released.

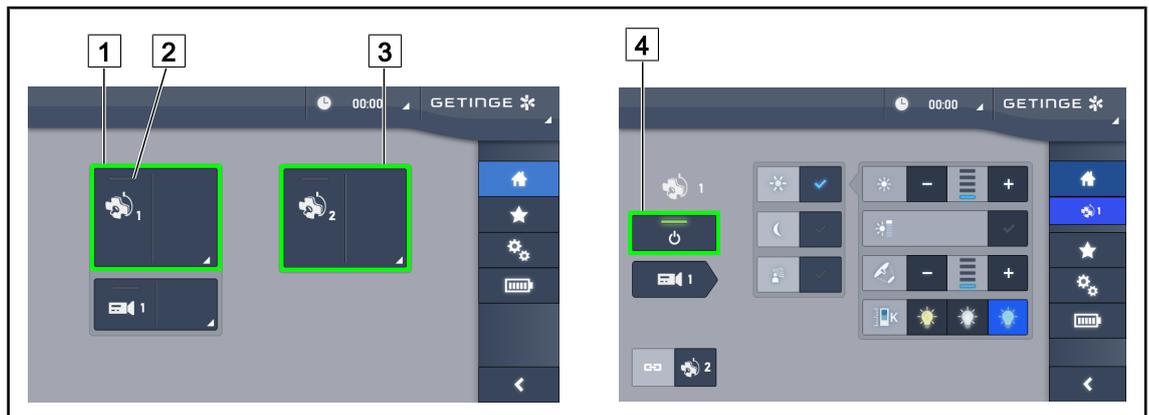
4.2.1.2 From the touchscreen control panel

Fig. 54: Home screen

Turning on the light

1. Press the **Lighthouse 1 active area** [1].
 - The **operation indicator** [2] is activated and lighthouse 1 turns on.
2. Press the **Lighthouse 2 active area** [3], if available.
 - The entire light is now on.

Turning off the light

1. Press the **Lighthouse 1 active area** [1].
 - The lighthouse control page is displayed.
2. Press **Lighthouse ON/OFF** [4].
 - Lighthouse 1 and the lighthouse 1 **operation indicator** are turned off.
3. Proceed in the same way for all lighthouses that are on.
 - The entire light is now off.

4.2.2 Adjusting the illumination

4.2.2.1 From the lighthouse or wall-mounted control keypad

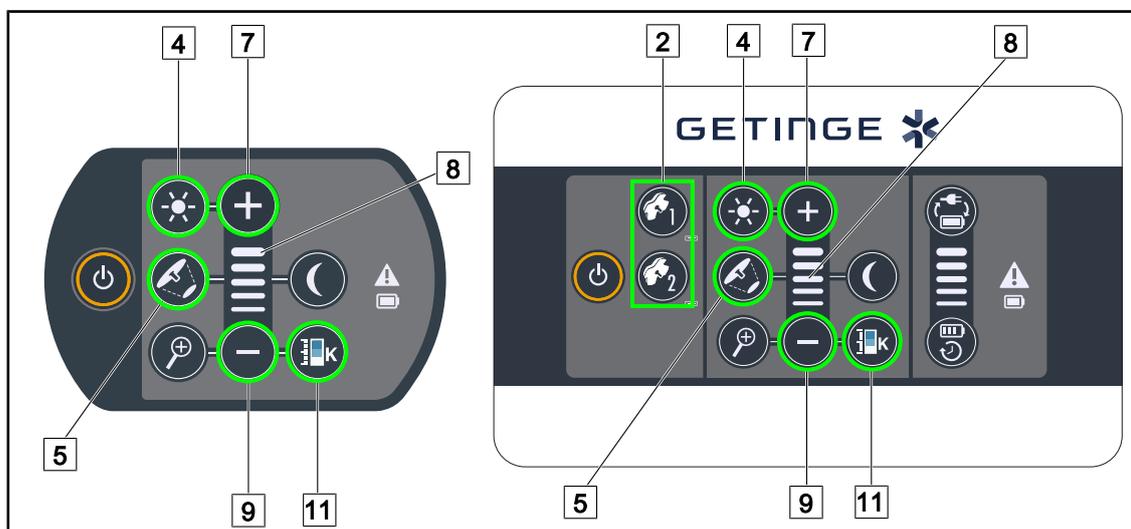


Fig. 55: Adjusting the illumination using the control keypads

For the wall-mounted control keypad, first select the lighthouse **2** to be adjusted.

Adjusting the light intensity

1. Press the **Standard/ambient light** **4** button.
 - The button is backlit on the keypad.
2. Press **Plus** **7** to increase the light intensity level of the lighthouse.
3. Press **Minus** **9** to decrease the light intensity level of the lighthouse.

Enabling/disabling boost mode

1. When the light intensity level is at 100%, press and hold the **Plus** **7** button until the last LED on the level indicator **8** starts flashing.
 - Boost mode is now enabled.
2. Press **Minus** **9** to disable Boost mode.
 - Boost mode is now disabled.

Adjusting the light field diameter

1. Press the **Light field diameter variation** **5** button.
 - The button is backlit on the keypad.
2. Press **Plus** **7** to increase the light field diameter of the lighthouse.
3. Press **Minus** **9** to decrease the light field diameter of the lighthouse.

Adjusting the colour temperature

1. Press **Colour temperature** **11**
 - The button is backlit on the keypad.
2. Press **Plus** **7** to select a colder colour temperature.
3. Press **Minus** **9** to select a warmer colour temperature.

4.2.2.2 From the touchscreen control panel

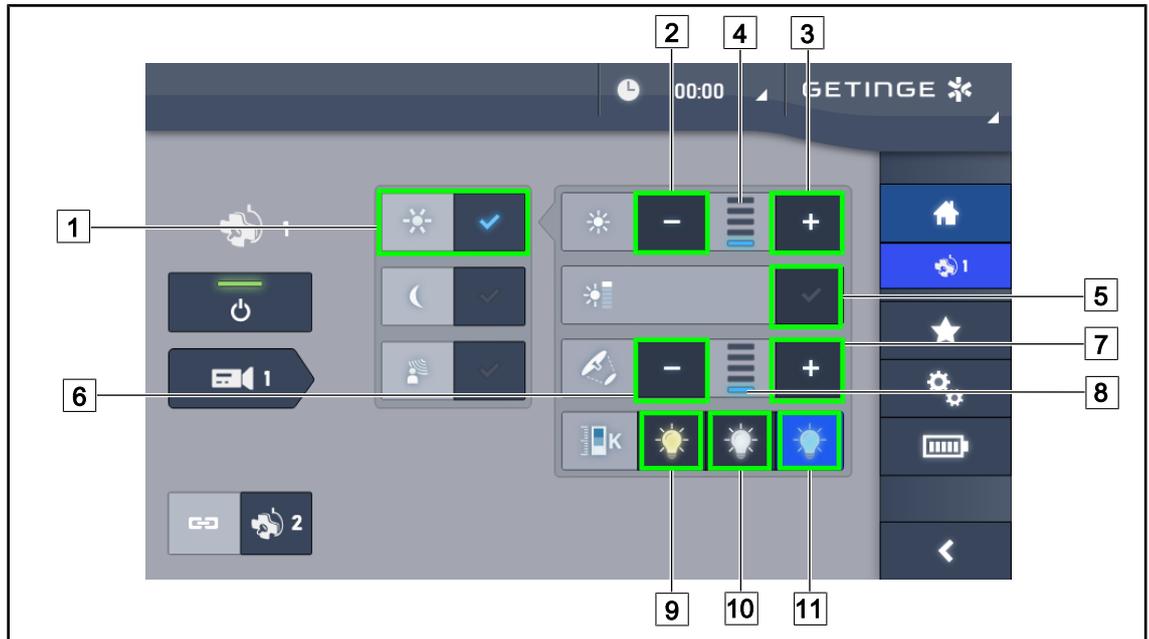


Fig. 56: Adjusting the illumination level via the touchscreen control panel

Adjusting the light intensity of the lighthouse(s)

1. From the lighthouse page, press the **Standard light mode** [1] button.
 - When enabled, the button is blue.
2. Press **Increase intensity** [3] to increase the light intensity level [4].
3. Press **Decrease intensity** [2] to decrease the light intensity level [4].

Enabling boost mode

1. From the lighthouse page, press the **Standard light mode** [1] button.
 - When enabled, the button is blue.
2. Press **Boost mode** [5].
 - The Boost mode button is lit blue and the last bar on the illumination level indicator [4] flashes. Boost mode is now enabled on the lighthouse(s) concerned.

Adjusting the light field diameter of the lighthouse(s)

1. From the lighthouse page, press the **Standard light mode** [1] button.
 - When enabled, the button is blue.
2. Press **Increase diameter** [7] to increase the light field diameter [8].
3. Press **Decrease diameter** [6] to decrease the light field diameter [8].

Adjusting the colour temperature

1. From the lighthouse page, press [9], [10] or [11] to select the chosen colour temperature.
 - The button is lit blue and the selected colour temperature is enabled on the lighthouse.

4.2.3 Ambient light

4.2.3.1 From the lighthouse or wall-mounted control keypad

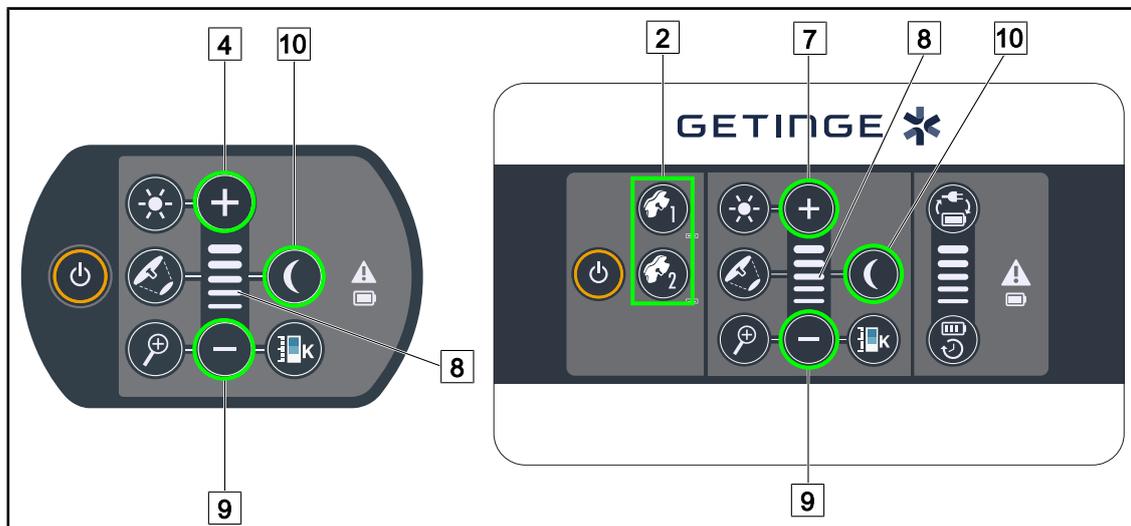


Fig. 57: Ambient light via the keypads

For the wall-mounted control keypad, first select the lighthouse [2] to be adjusted.

Turning on and adjusting the illumination level of the ambient light

1. Select the desired lighthouse [2].
2. Press the **Ambient light** [10] button.
 - Ambient lighting is on and the button is backlit on the keypad.
3. Press **Plus** [7] to increase the light intensity level of the lighthouse(s) [8].
4. Press **Minus** [9] to decrease the light intensity level of the lighthouse(s) [8].

4.2.3.2 From the touchscreen control panel

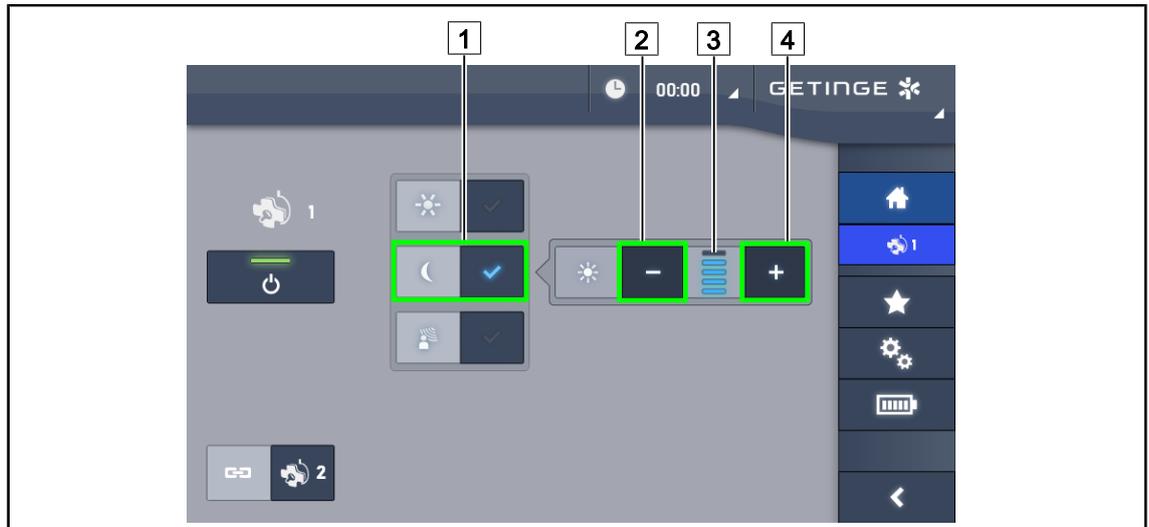


Fig. 58: Ambient light from the touchscreen control panel

Enabling ambient light mode

1. From the lighthouse page, press the **Standard/ambient light** 1 button.
 - When enabled, the button is blue.

Adjusting the light intensity of the ambient light

1. From the lighthouse page, press the **Standard/ambient light** 1 button.
 - When enabled, the button is blue.
2. Press **Plus** 4 to increase the illumination level of the lighthouse(s) 3.
3. Press **Minus** 2 to decrease the illumination level of the lighthouse(s) 3.

4.2.4 AIM AUTOMATIC ILLUMINATION MANAGEMENT* (only on Volista VSTII with touchscreen)

With touchscreen control panel only

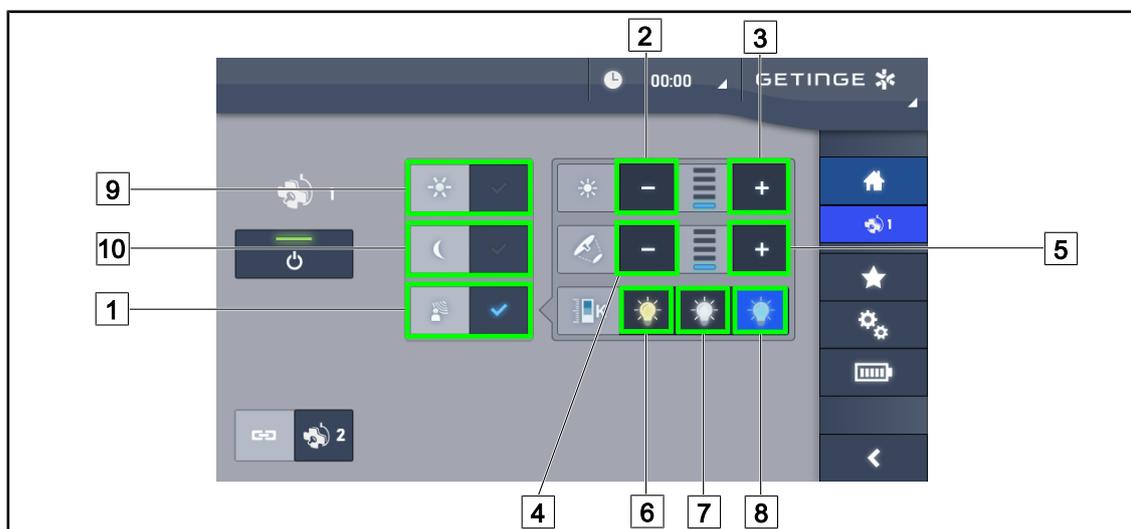


Fig. 59: AIM page

Enabling/disabling AIM mode

1. From the lighthouse page, press the **AIM mode** [1] button.
 - The button is lit blue and AIM mode is enabled on the lighthouse(s).
2. Disable the AIM function by pressing **Standard light mode** [9] or **Ambient light mode** [10].
 - The button turns off and AIM mode is disabled on the lighthouse(s).

Adjusting the light intensity with AIM

1. Press **Increase intensity** [3] to increase the light intensity of the lighthouse(s).
2. Press **Decrease intensity** [2] to decrease the light intensity of the lighthouse(s).



NOTICE

Boost mode is not available when AIM mode is enabled. In this case, the light has five illumination levels.

Adjusting the light field diameter with AIM

1. Press **Increase diameter** [5] to increase the light field diameter of the lighthouse(s).
2. Press **Decrease diameter** [4] to decrease the light field diameter of the lighthouse(s).

Adjusting the colour temperature with AIM (for VSTII lighthouses equipped with this option)

1. On the lighthouse page, press [6], [7] or [8] to select the desired colour temperature.
 - The button is lit blue and the selected colour temperature is enabled on the lighthouse(s).

4.2.5 Volista VisioNIR* (only on Volista VSTII with touchscreen)



Fig. 60: VisioNIR

Enabling/disabling the VisioNIR function

1. Press **Light mode** [1].
2. Press **VisioNIR** [2] to enable the VisioNIR function.
 - The button turns blue when enabled.
3. Press **VisioNIR** [2] to disable the VisioNIR function.



NOTICE

The Volista VisioNIR is automatically applied to all the lighthoods in the configuration. The lighthoods are then automatically set to 5100K [8], and the central ring LEDs on the Volista 600 are turned off.

4.2.6 Synchronising the lightheads

4.2.6.1 From the wall-mounted control keypad

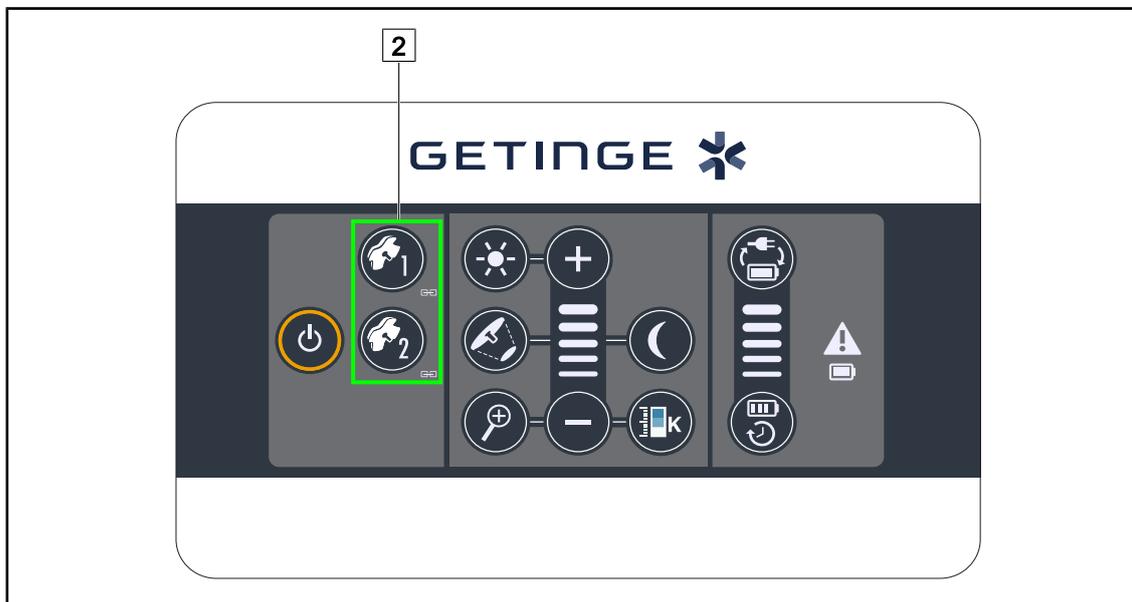


Fig. 61: Synchronising the lightheads via the wall-mounted keypad

Synchronising/desynchronising the lightheads

1. Adjust one of the lightheads to the desired settings.
2. Press the button **2** for the lighthead to be synchronised and hold it until the button is backlit.
 - The lightheads are now synchronised and all changes on one lighthead will result in the same changes being applied to the other lighthead.
3. To desynchronise the desired lighthead, press the button **2** for the lighthead to be desynchronised and hold it until the button is no longer backlit, or modify the status of a lighthead using its local control keypad.
 - The lightheads are no longer synchronised.



NOTICE

Special case: To synchronise lightheads with ambient light mode, this mode must be active on the lightheads concerned before synchronisation.

4.2.6.2 From the touchscreen control panel



Fig. 62: Synchronise the lighthoods

1. Configure one of the lighthoods [1] to the desired settings.
2. Press **Synchronise** [2].
 - The lighthoods are now synchronised and all changes on one lighthouse will result in the same changes being applied to the other lighthouse(s).
3. Press **Synchronise** [2] again to desynchronise the lighthoods.
 - The lighthoods are desynchronised.

**NOTICE**

Special case: To synchronise lighthoods with ambient light mode, this mode must be active on the lighthoods concerned before synchronisation.

4.2.7 LMD (only on Volista VSTII with touchscreen)

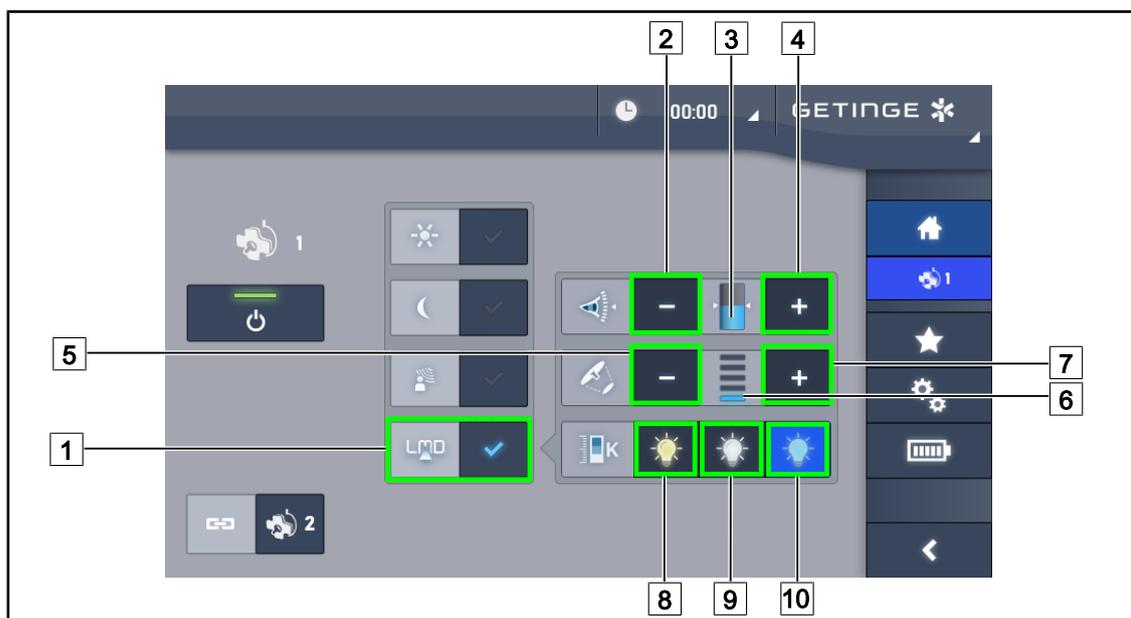


Fig. 63: LMD page

Enabling/disabling LMD mode

1. Set the desired light intensity, one that is comfortable for the surgeon.
2. Next press **LMD** [1].
 - The button is lit blue and LMD is enabled on the corresponding lighthead; the lightheads are automatically synchronised.
3. When LMD is enabled, press **LMD** [1] to disable it.
 - The button turns off and LMD is disabled on the corresponding lighthead(s).

Adjusting the luminance setpoint value

1. Press **Increase luminance** [4] to increase the luminance of the lighthead(s) [3].
2. Press **Decrease luminance** [2] to reduce the luminance of the lighthead(s) [3].

Adjusting the light field diameter with LMD

1. Press **Increase diameter** [7] to increase the light field diameter of the lighthead(s) [6].
2. Press **Decrease diameter** [5] to decrease the light field diameter of the lighthead(s) [6].

Adjusting the colour temperature with LMD enabled

1. On the lighthead page, press [8], [9] or [10] to select the desired colour temperature.
 - The button is lit blue and the selected colour temperature is enabled on the lighthead.



NOTICE

If the lighthead is at its maximum level, the luminance cannot be increased and the **Plus** [4] button is shaded and disabled.

If the lighthead is at its minimum level, the luminance cannot be decreased and the **Minus** [2] button is shaded and disabled.

The luminance level indicator **3** provides a visual indication that the stored luminance level is maintained:

	The setpoint value is achieved.
	The lighthouse is at its minimum and the luminance remains above the set value (orange gauge above the reference value).
	The lighthouse is at its maximum and the light remains below the set value (orange gauge below the reference value).

Tab. 12: Luminance levels

4.2.8 Presets (with touchscreen control panel only)

4.2.8.1 Selecting or storing a preset

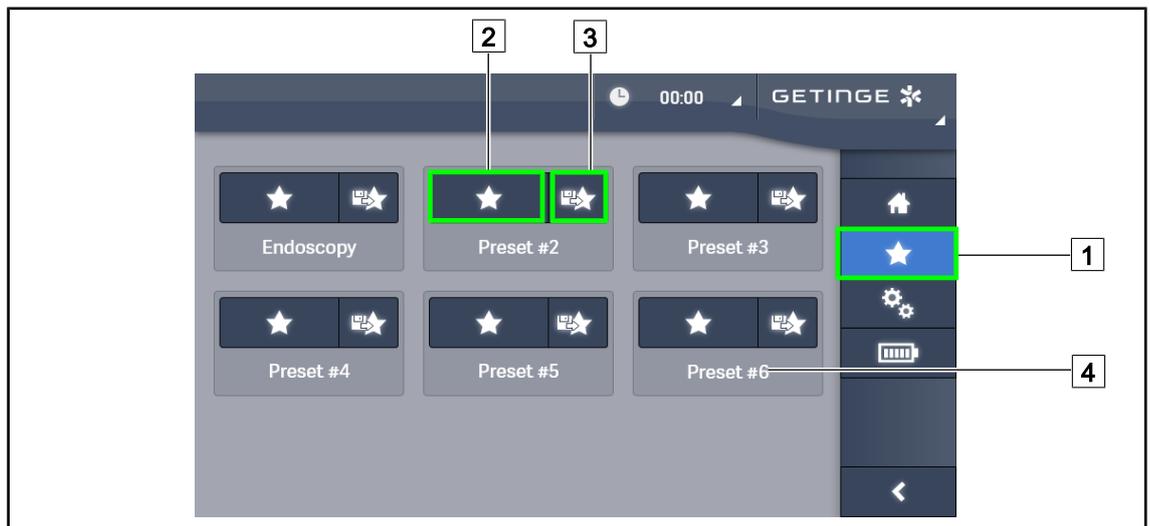


Fig. 64: Presets page

Applying a preset

1. Press **Presets** **1** to access the Presets page.
 - The presets page is displayed.
2. Press the **Apply preset** **2** button for the desired preset name **4** corresponding to of the six saved presets.
 - The selected preset is applied.



Fig. 65: Store preset

Storing a preset

1. Adjust the light settings to the configuration desired for the preset.
2. Press **Store preset** [3].
 - The preset data entry window is displayed (see opposite) showing the selected preset [5].
3. Use the keypad [8] to enter the preset name.
4. Press **Save preset** [7] to store the preset. Changes can always be cancelled by pressing **Cancel changes** [6].
 - A pop-up window is displayed to confirm that the preset has been stored, before returning to the presets page.

4.2.8.2 Factory presets

The factory default preset profiles are as follows:

Applications	Illumination	Light field diameter	Colour temperature
Urology/gynaecology	80%	Small	Medium
Laparotomy	100%	Large	Low
Orthopaedic	60%	Medium	High
ENT	60%	Small	Medium
Plastic surgery	100%	Small	High
Cardiac	100%	Small	Low

Tab. 13: Factory default lighthouse presets

Applications	Zoom	WB	Contrast
Laparotomy	50%	Auto	High
Orthopaedic	50%	Auto	Medium
Plastic surgery	20%	Auto	Standard
Cardiac	50%	Auto	High

Tab. 14: Factory default camera presets

4.3 Positioning the light

4.3.1 Fitting the sterilisable handle



WARNING!

Risk of infection

If the sterile handle is not in good condition, there is a risk that particles could fall from it into the sterile environment.

After each sterilisation and before using a sterilisable handle again, check that there are no cracks.



WARNING!

Risk of infection

The sterilisable handles are the only parts of the device that can be sterilised. Any contact by the sterile team with another surface results in a risk of infection. Any contact by non-sterile personnel with these handles results in a risk of infection.

During the procedure, the sterile team must handle the device using the sterilisable handles. On an HLX handle, the locking button is not sterile. Non-sterile personnel must not come into contact with the sterilisable handles.

4.3.1.1 Installing or removing an STG PSX sterilisable handle

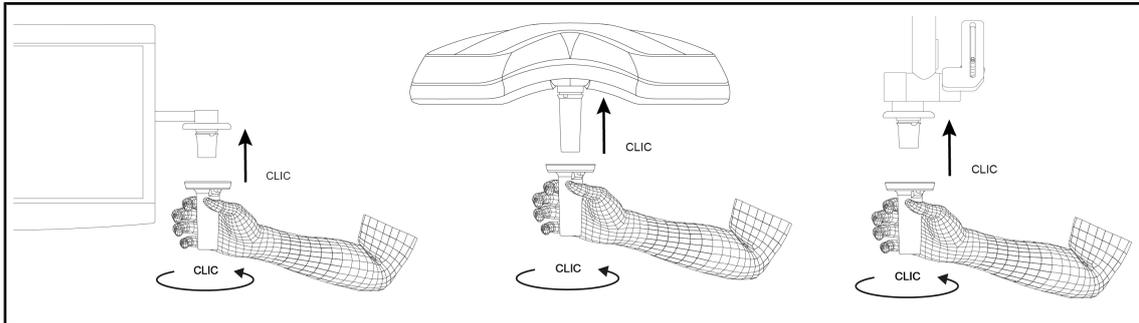


Fig. 66: Installing a STG PSX sterilisable handle

Installing a STG PSX sterilisable handle

1. Inspect the handle and check for cracks or soiling.
2. Insert the handle on the mount.
 - A click is heard.
3. Turn the handle until a second click is heard.
4. Check that the handle is firmly in place.
 - The handle is now locked in place and ready for use.

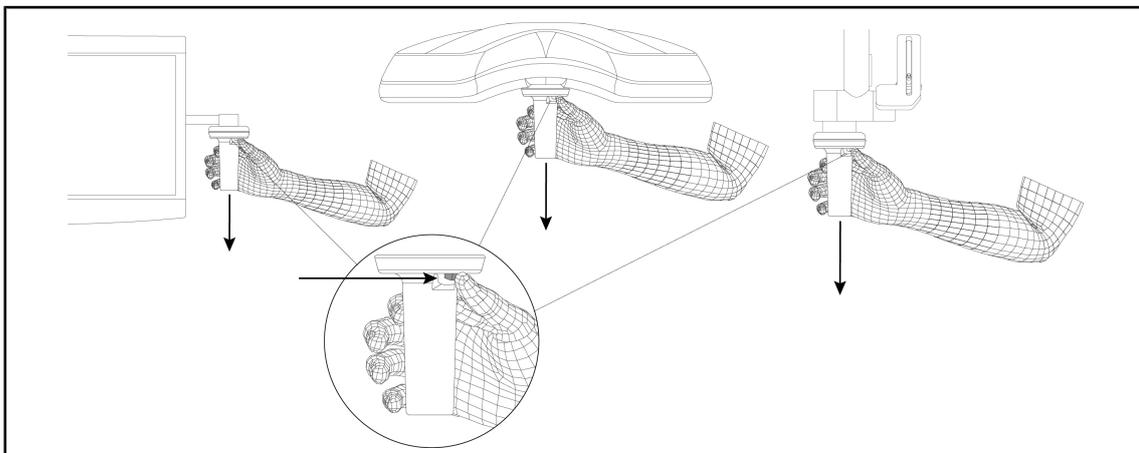


Fig. 67: Removing an STG PSX sterilisable handle

Removing an STG PSX sterilisable handle

1. Press the locking button.
2. Remove the handle.

4.3.1.2 Installing or removing an STG HLX sterilisable handle

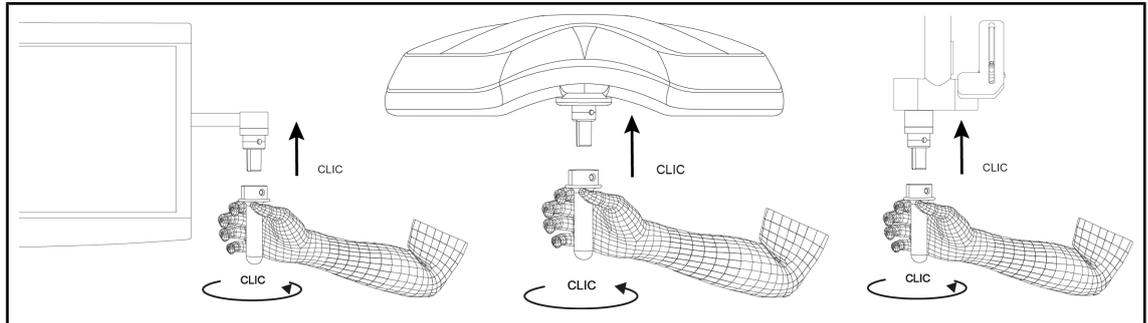


Fig. 68: Installing an STG HLX sterilisable handle

Installing an STG HLX sterilisable handle

1. Inspect the handle and check for cracks or soiling.
2. Insert the handle on the mount.
3. Rotate the handle until its rotation is locked.
 - The locking button pops out of its housing.
4. Check that the handle is firmly in place.
 - The handle is now locked in place and ready for use.

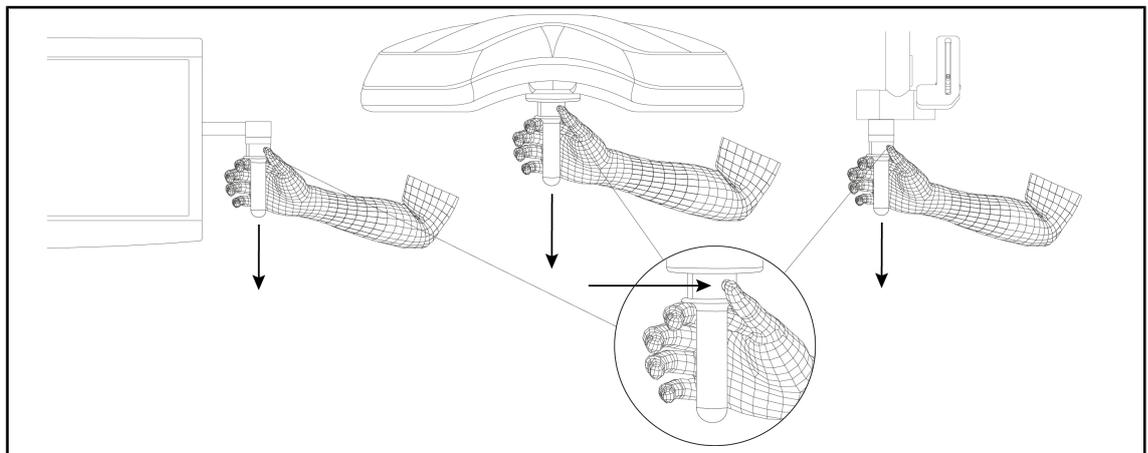


Fig. 69: Removing an STG HLX sterilisable handle

Removing an STG HLX sterilisable handle

1. Press the locking button.
2. Remove the handle.

4.3.1.3 Installing and removing DEVON® or DEROYAL® handles®**



NOTICE

Refer to the instructions supplied with the Devon or Deroyal handle.

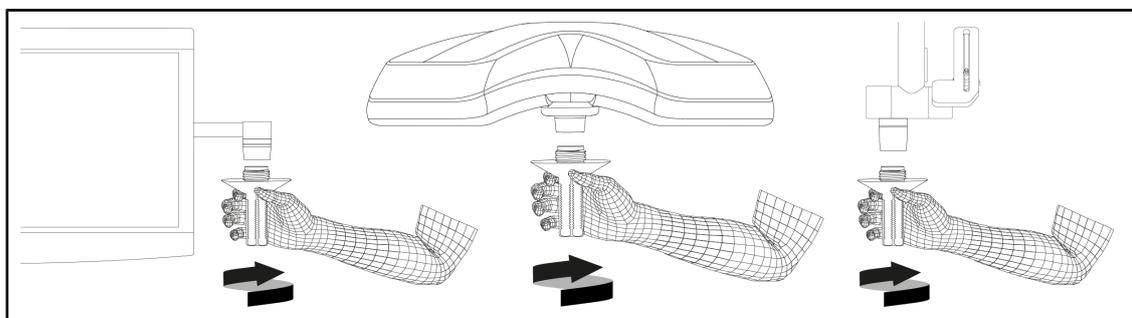


Fig. 70: Installing a DEVON or DEROYAL handle

Installing a DEVON or DEROYAL handle

1. Screw the handle fully onto the mount.
 - The handle is now ready for use.

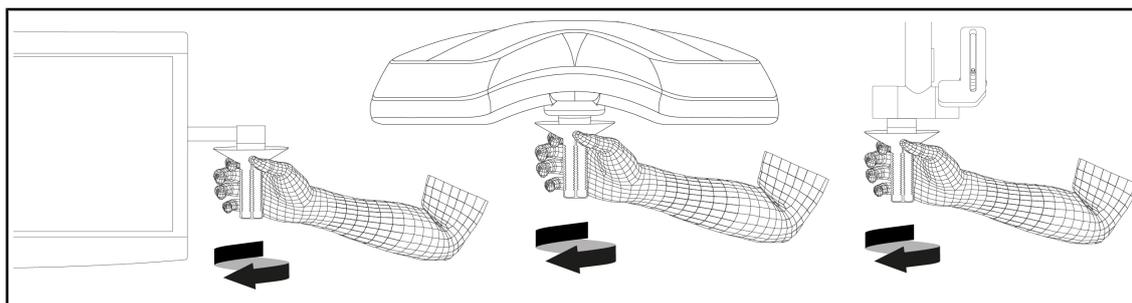


Fig. 71: Removing a DEVON or DEROYAL handle

Removing a DEVON or DEROYAL handle

1. Unscrew the handle from the handle mount.

4.3.1.4 Installing and removing the STG PSX VZ sterilisable handle

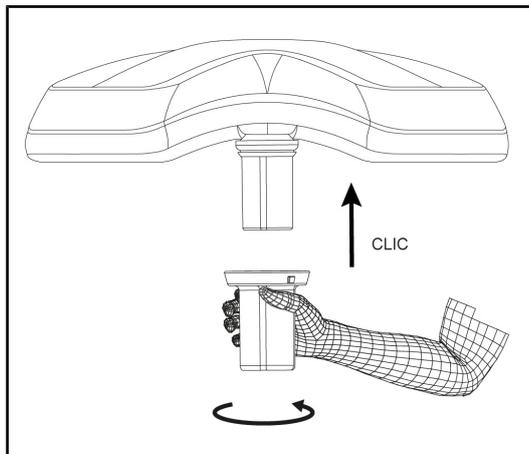


Fig. 72: Installing the STG PSX VZ sterilisable handle

Installing a sterilisable handle for use with a camera on the lighthouse

1. Inspect the handle and check for cracks or soiling.
2. Fit the handle to the mount.
 - A click is heard.
 - The handle is now locked in place and ready for use.

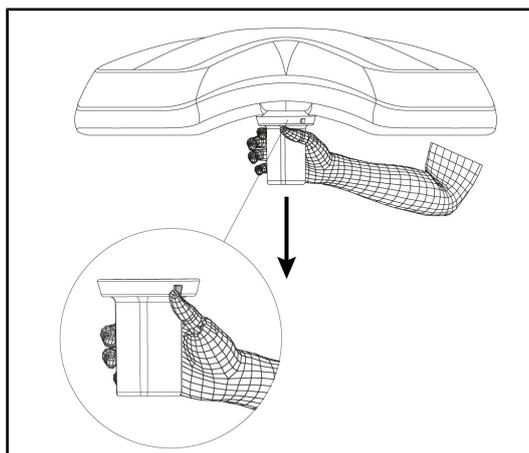


Fig. 73: Removing the STG PSX VZ sterilisable handle

Removing a sterilisable handle for use with a camera from a lighthouse

1. Press the locking button.
2. Remove the handle.

4.3.2 Manoeuvring the lighthead

**WARNING!**

Risk of infection or tissue reaction

A collision between the device and another item of equipment may result in particles falling onto the surgical site.

Pre-position the device before the patient arrives. Move the device carefully to avoid a collision.

**WARNING!**

Risk of infection

The sterilisable handles are the only parts of the device that can be sterilised. Any contact by the sterile team with another surface results in a risk of infection. Any contact by non-sterile personnel with these handles results in a risk of infection.

During the procedure, the sterile team must handle the device using the sterilisable handles. On an HLX handle, the locking button is not sterile. Non-sterile personnel must not come into contact with the sterilisable handles.

Manoeuvring the lighthead

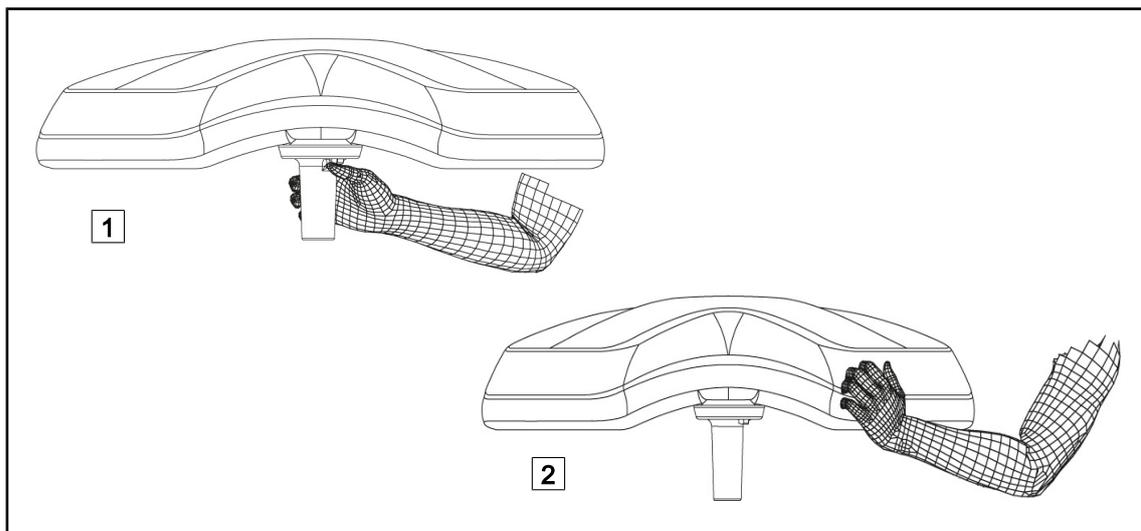


Fig. 74: Manoeuvring the lighthead

- The lighthead can be manoeuvred in various ways:
 - For sterile personnel: using the sterile handle provided for this purpose in the centre of the lighthead [1].
 - For non-sterile personnel: by holding the lighthead [2] directly or the external handle on the fork.

Light rotation angles

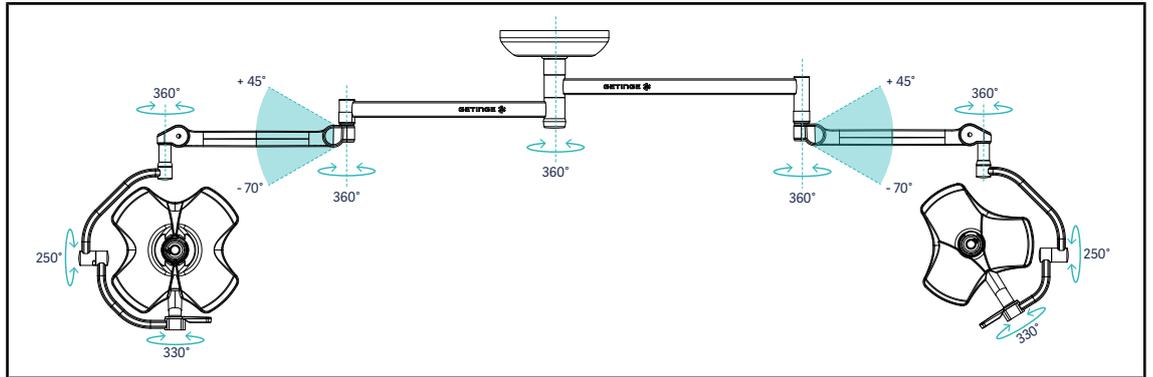


Fig. 75: Possible rotations of a VSTII64DF dual configuration on SAX suspension

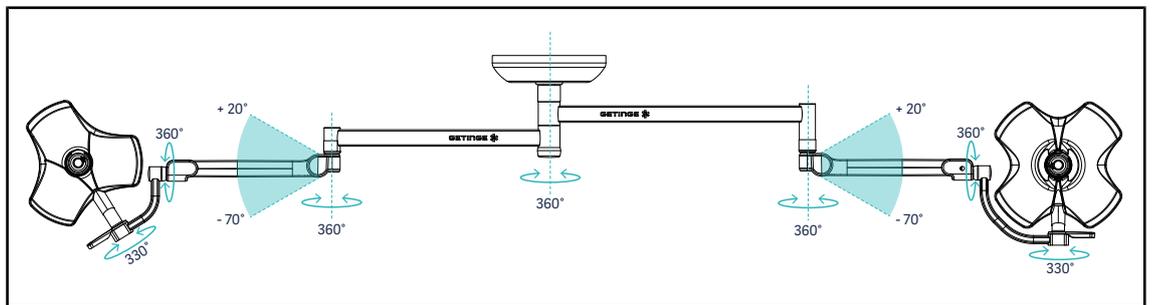


Fig. 76: Possible rotations of a VSTII64SF dual configuration on SAX suspension

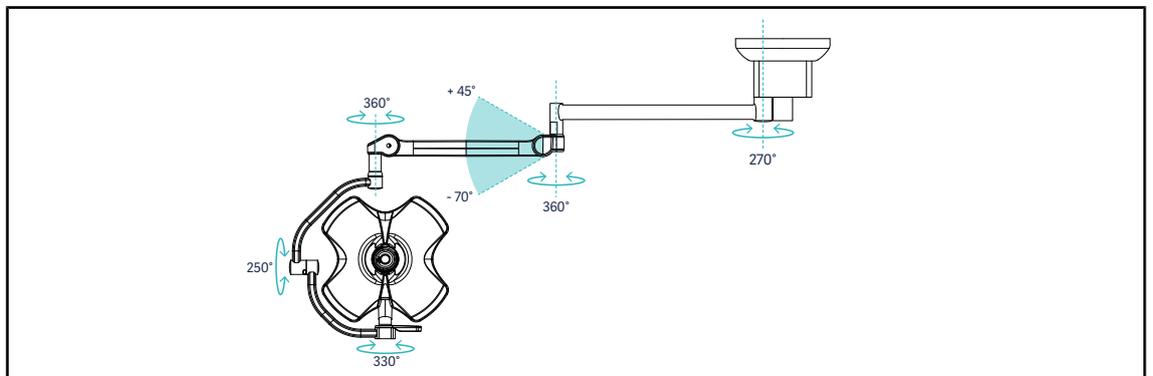


Fig. 77: Possible rotations of a VSTII60DF single configuration on SATX suspension

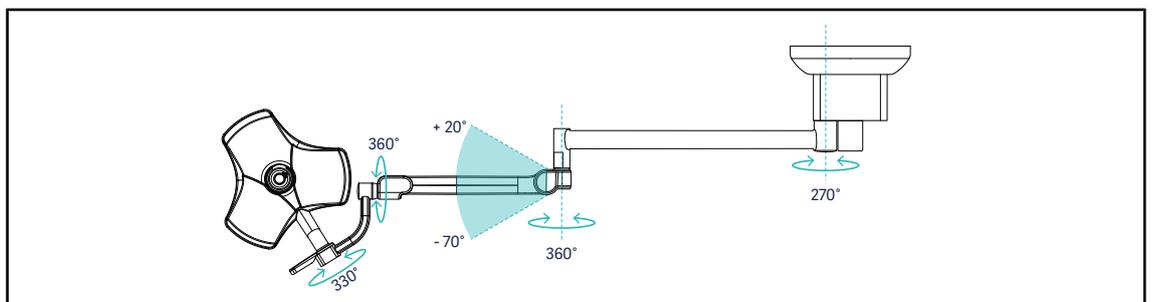


Fig. 78: Possible rotations of a VSTII40SF single configuration on SATX suspension

4 Use

Positioning the light

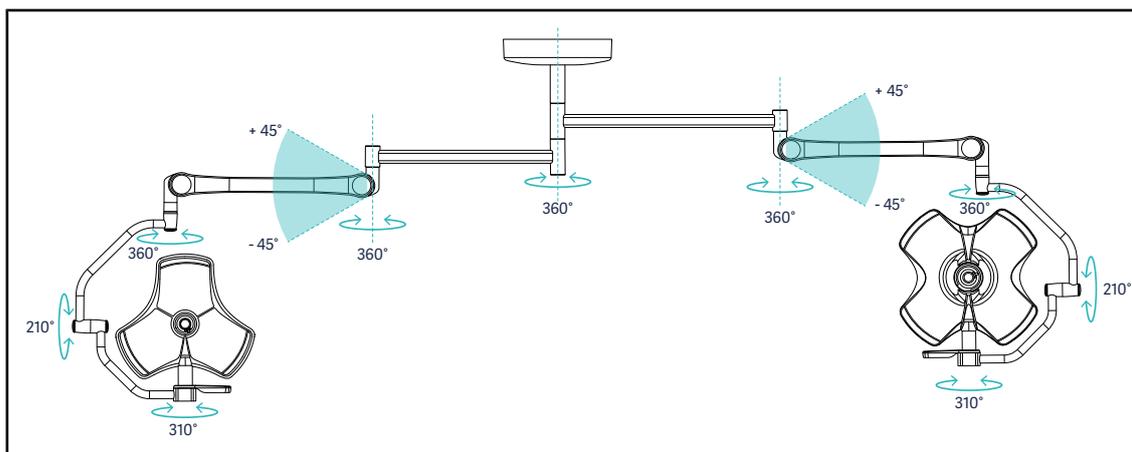


Fig. 79: Possible rotations of a VCSII64DF dual configuration on SB suspension

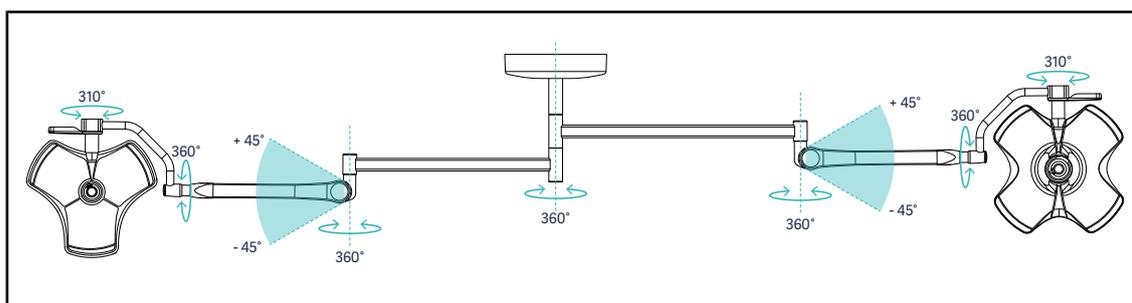


Fig. 80: Possible rotations of a VCSII64SF dual configuration on SB suspension

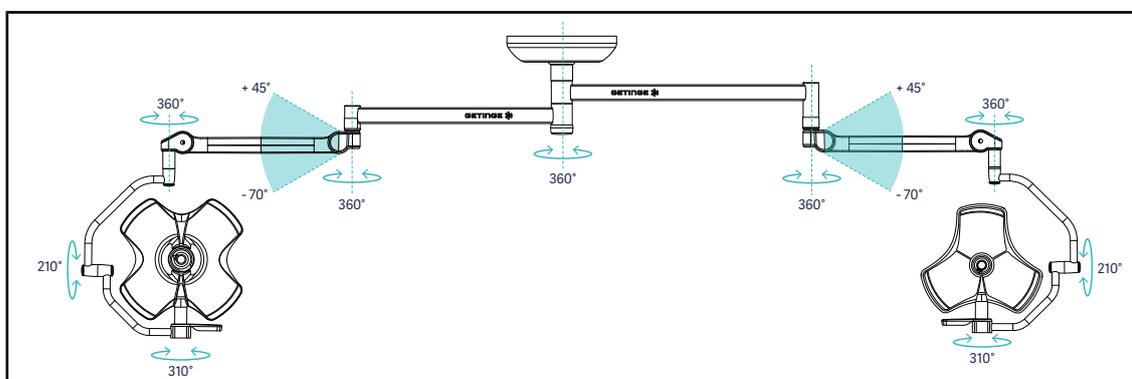


Fig. 81: Possible rotations of a VCSII64DF dual configuration on SAX suspension

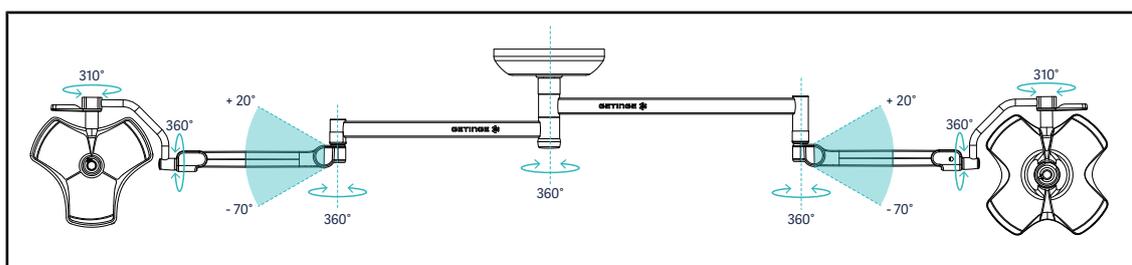


Fig. 82: Possible rotations of a VCSII64SF dual configuration on SAX suspension

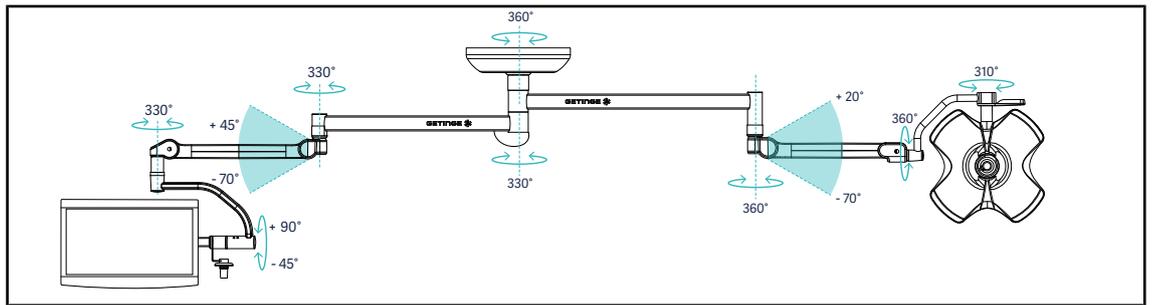


Fig. 83: Possible rotations of a VCSII60SF dual configuration with XHS0 monitor mount on SAX suspension

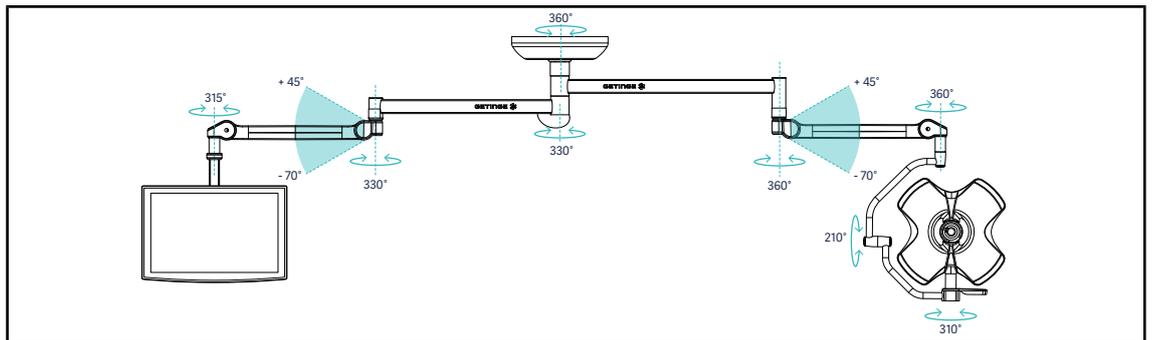


Fig. 84: Possible rotations of a VCSII60SF dual configuration with FHS0 monitor mount on SAX suspension

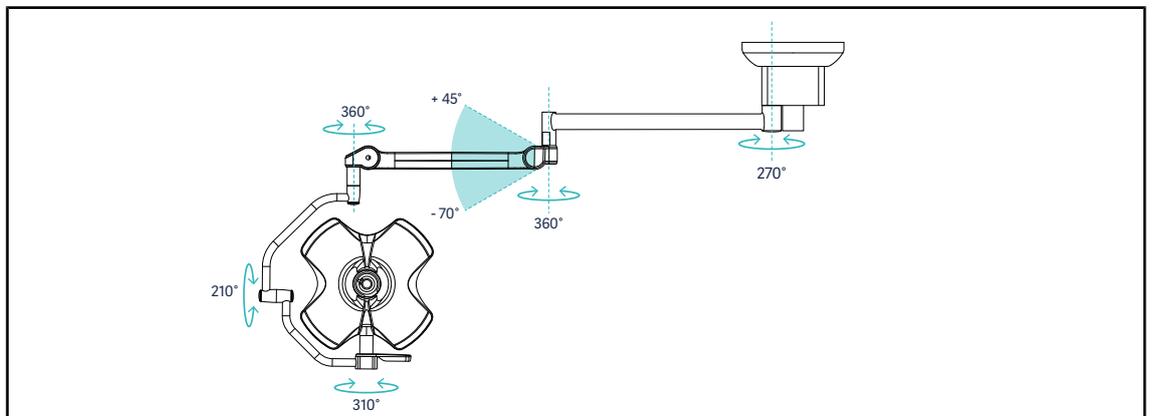


Fig. 85: Possible rotations of a VCSII60DF single configuration on SATX suspension

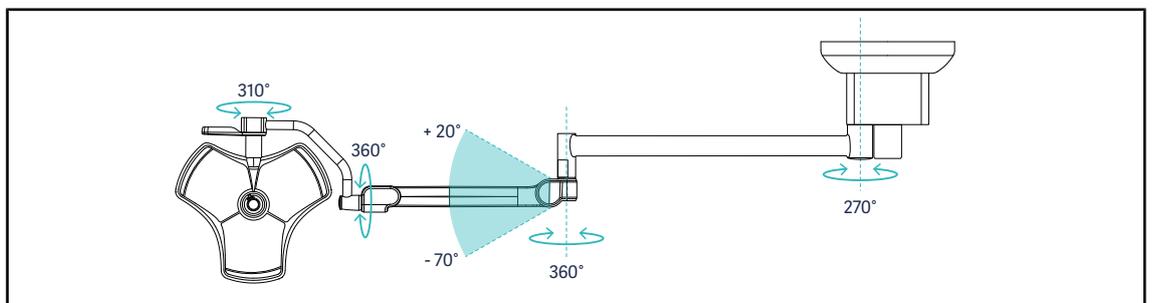


Fig. 86: Possible rotations of a VCSII40SF single configuration on SATX suspension

4.3.3 Pre-positioning examples

General surgery, abdominal surgery, thoracic surgery

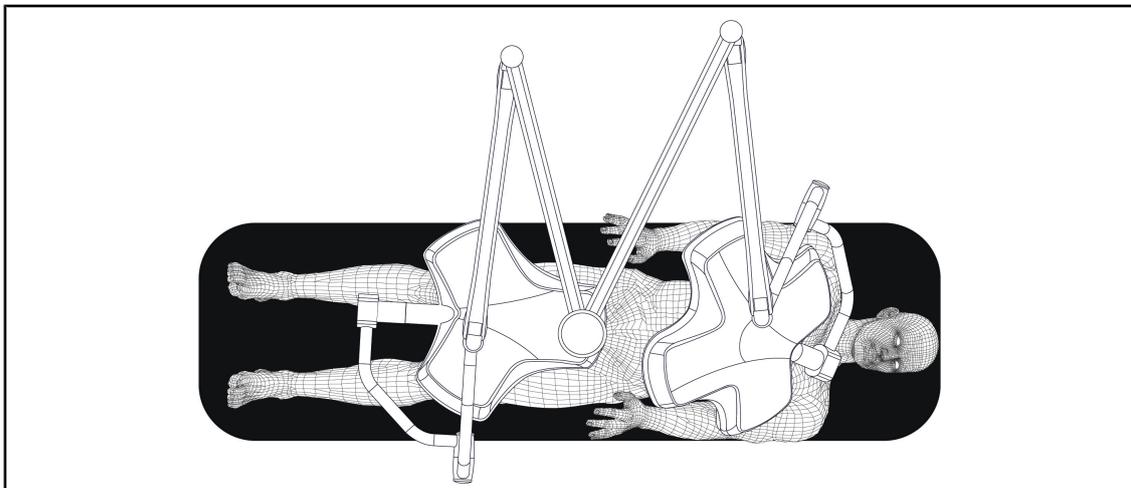


Fig. 87: Pre-positioning for general, abdominal or thoracic surgery

- The suspension arms and spring arms should be positioned opposite the person operating the lights, forming an M shape.
- Check beforehand that the lighthead controls will be accessible if needed for non-sterile personnel.
- The lights should be positioned above the operating table:
 - The main lighthead should be directly above the cavity.
 - The secondary lighthead can be manoeuvred more easily to target various points of interest.

Urology, gynaecology

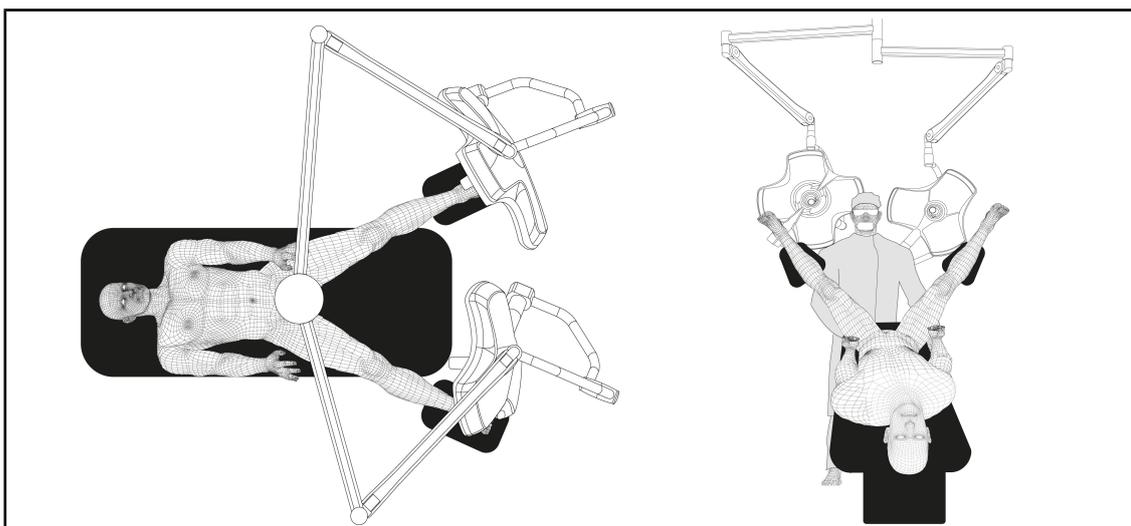


Fig. 88: Pre-positioning for urology or gynaecology

- The suspension arms and spring arms should be located to either side of the table, to avoid cluttering the area above the patient and the surgeon's head.
- The two lights should be located on either side of the surgeon's shoulders.

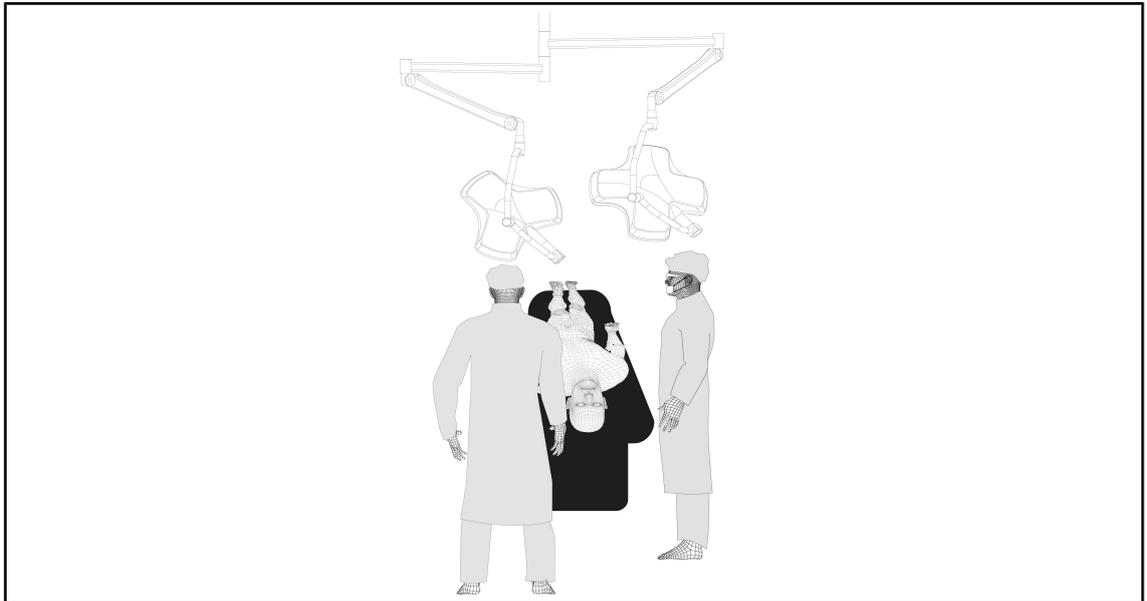
ENT, neurological, maxillofacial, ophthalmological surgery

Fig. 89: Pre-positioning for ENT, neurological, maxillofacial or ophthalmological surgery

- The lights should be positioned above the operating table:
 - The main lighthead should be directly above the cavity.
 - The secondary lighthead can be manoeuvred more easily to target various points of interest.

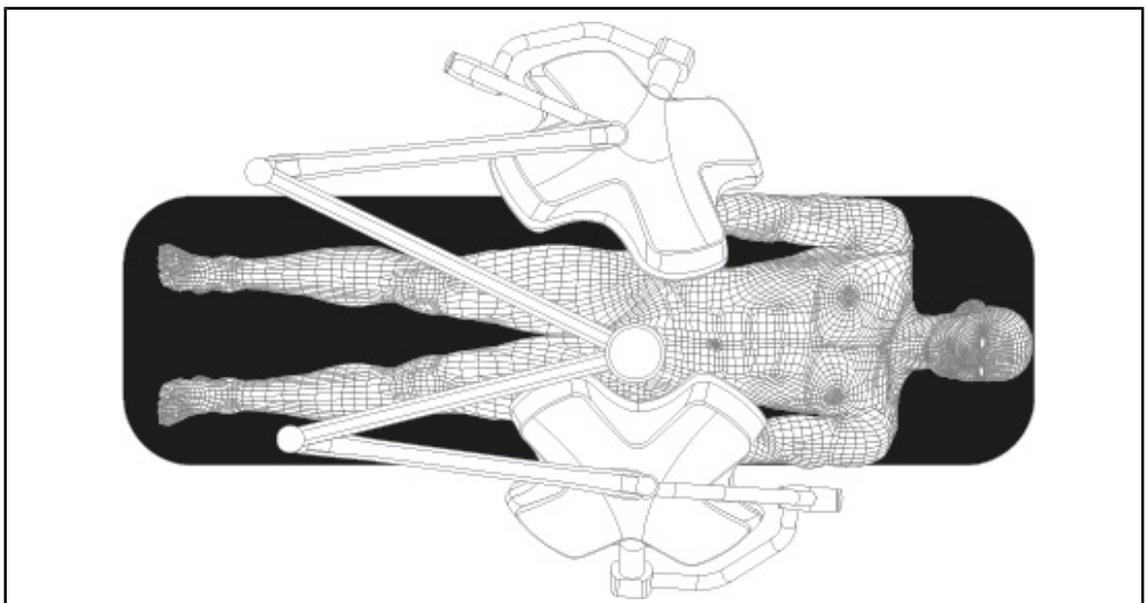
Plastic surgery

Fig. 90: Pre-positioning for plastic surgery

For plastic surgery, it is recommended to have two lightheads of the same size so as to ensure that exactly the same lighting is provided symmetrically.

4.4 Installing or removing a Quick Lock device (camera, LMD or handle mount)



WARNING!

Risk of injury

If the handle mount or camera are not installed, live parts may be accessible.

Technicians should turn off the equipment before installing or removing Quick Lock accessories on a lighthouse.



NOTICE

A wired camera can only be positioned on the lighthouse on the lower extension arm. If installed on the upper extension arm, no video connection will be possible.

4.4.1 Pre-positioning the device

4.4.1.1 On the Quick Lock camera

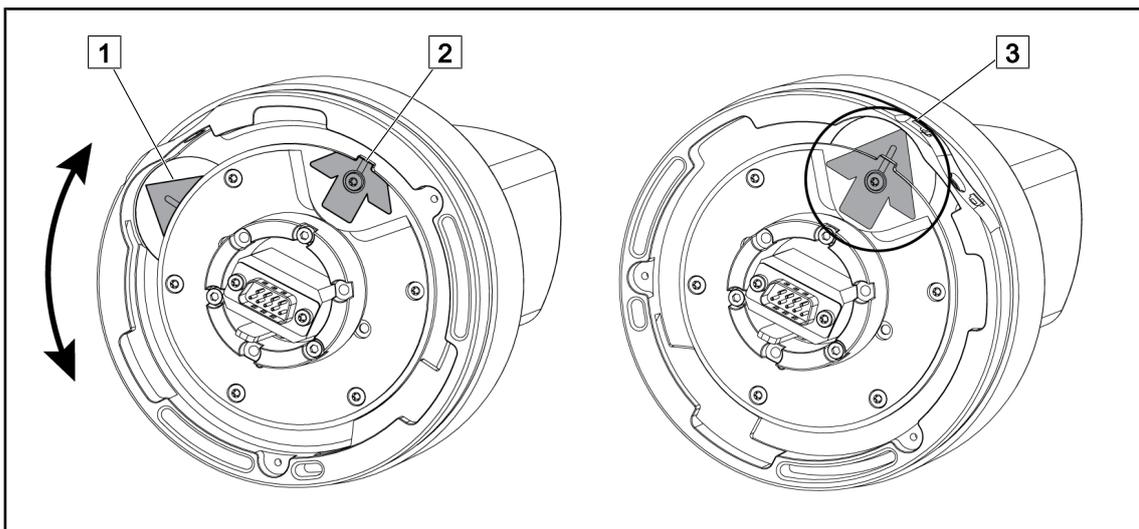


Fig. 91: Pre-positioning the Quick Lock camera

1. Rotate the baseplate **1** to align with the tip **2** and form a green arrow **3**.

- The camera is ready to be positioned.

4.4.1.2 On the lighthouse

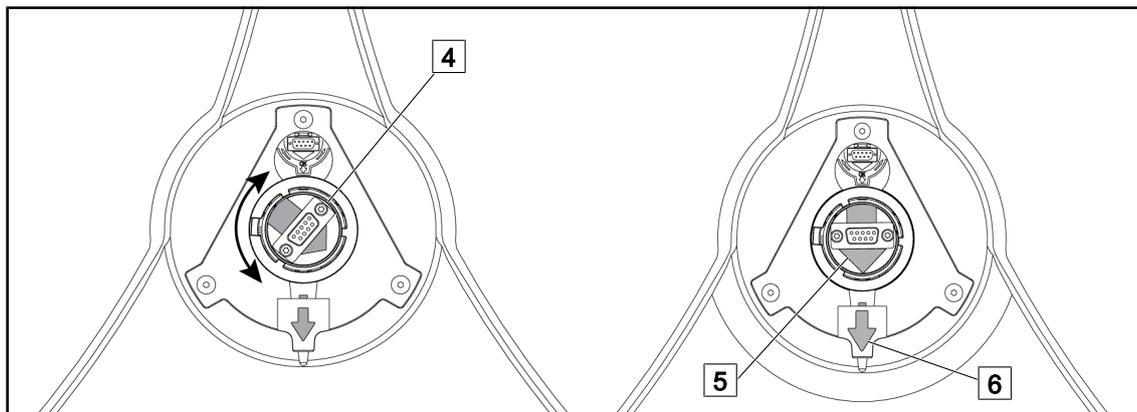


Fig. 92: Pre-positioning the lighthouse

1. In the centre of the lighthouse, orient the connector **4** so that the two green arrows **5** and **6** are aligned.
 - The lighthouse is ready to receive the camera.

4.4.2 Fitting the device to the lighthouse

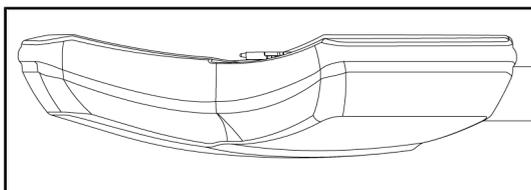


Fig. 93: Positioning the lighthouse

1. Position the lighthouse with the underside facing the ceiling.
 - This facilitates installation of the camera on the lighthouse.

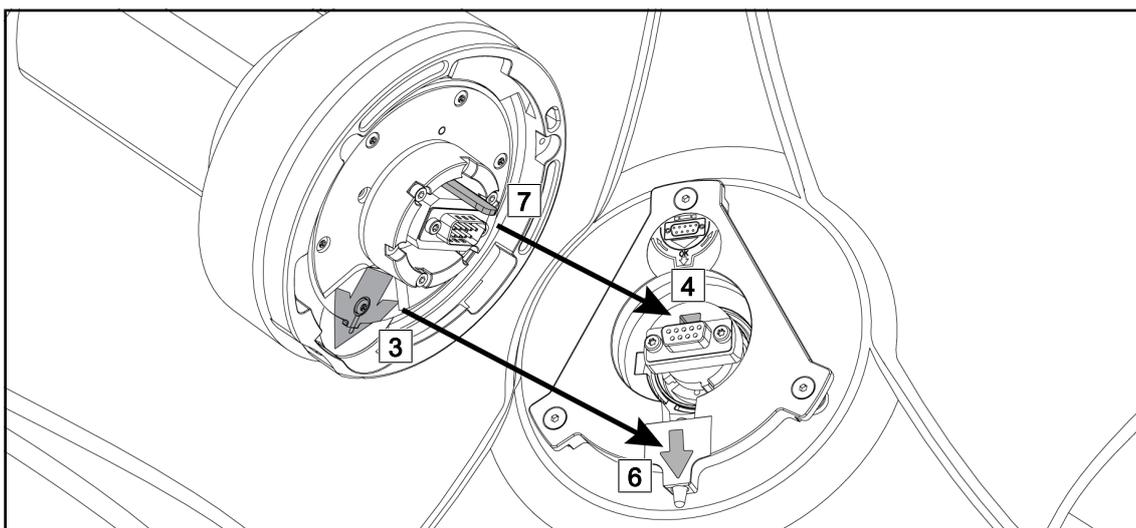


Fig. 94: Instructions for installing the Quick Lock system

1. Present the camera with the pin **7** opposite the slot **4**.
2. Place the two arrows **3** and **6** opposite each other.

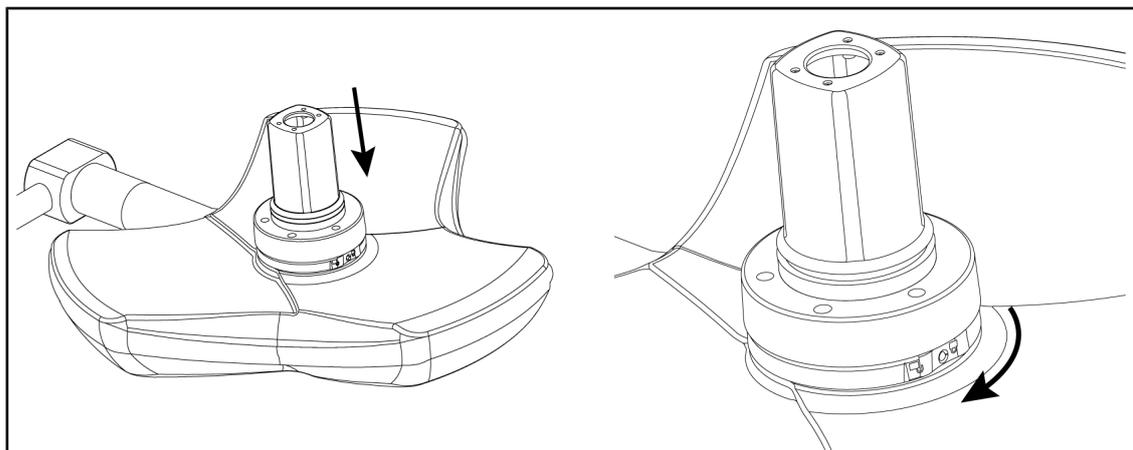


Fig. 95: Presenting the camera against the lighthouse

1. Insert the camera into the lighthouse until the camera base plate is fully flush against the underside.
2. Using both hands, turn the camera base plate clockwise until it clicks into place.

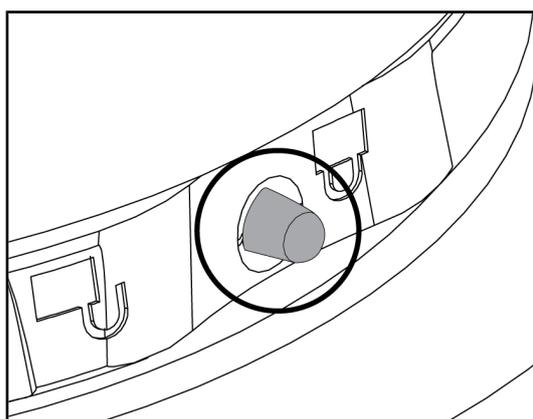


Fig. 96: Locking the camera in place on the lighthouse

1. Check that the camera is correctly in place and that the locking button protrudes correctly from its recess.
2. Move the lighthouse using the handle, to check that the system is correctly in place.
3. Check that the camera subassembly turns freely through 330°.
 - The device is installed.

4.4.3 Removing the device

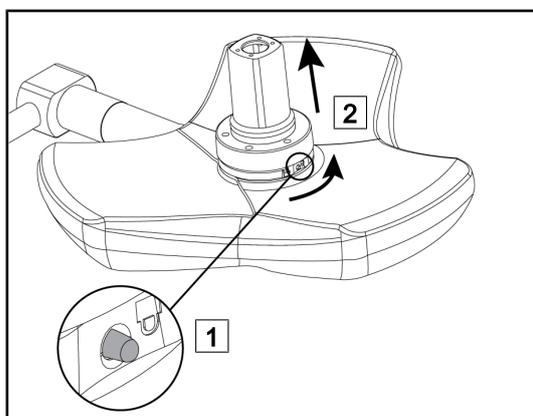


Fig. 97: Removing the lighthouse

1. Press the locking button.
2. Keep the button **1** pressed and, using two hands, rotate the base of the device anticlockwise.
3. Remove the Quick Lock camera by pulling upwards **2**.
 - The device is removed.

4.4.4 Quick Lock handle mount

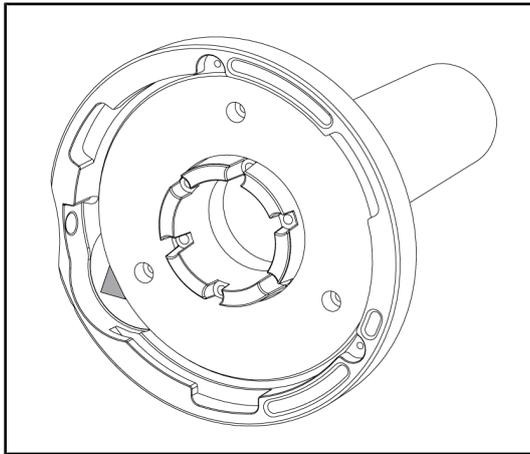


Fig. 98: Quick Lock handle mount

1. The handles are positioned in the same way as the camera.
2. The green arrows must be aligned and the connector oriented properly.

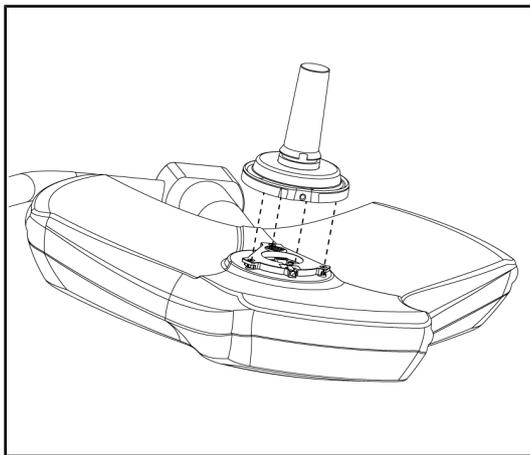


Fig. 99: Presenting the handle

1. Align the green arrows and insert the handle (there is no pin on the handle).
2. As with the camera, twist the base of the handle clockwise and then check that the latch has clicked into place.
 - The handle mount is installed.

4.5 Using the camera

4.5.1 Wired video system



NOTICE

To use the OHDII VP01 QL FHD camera, no setup is necessary once the camera is installed on the lighthead (see Installing or removing a Quick Lock device (camera, LMD or handle mount) [▶▶ Page 74]. This camera requires a pre-wired video configuration, as well as the prior installation of a VP01 receiver.

4.5.2 Wireless video system



NOTICE

For optimal use of the system, do not use two cameras on the same configuration, and do not position a camera more than 3m away from its receiver.

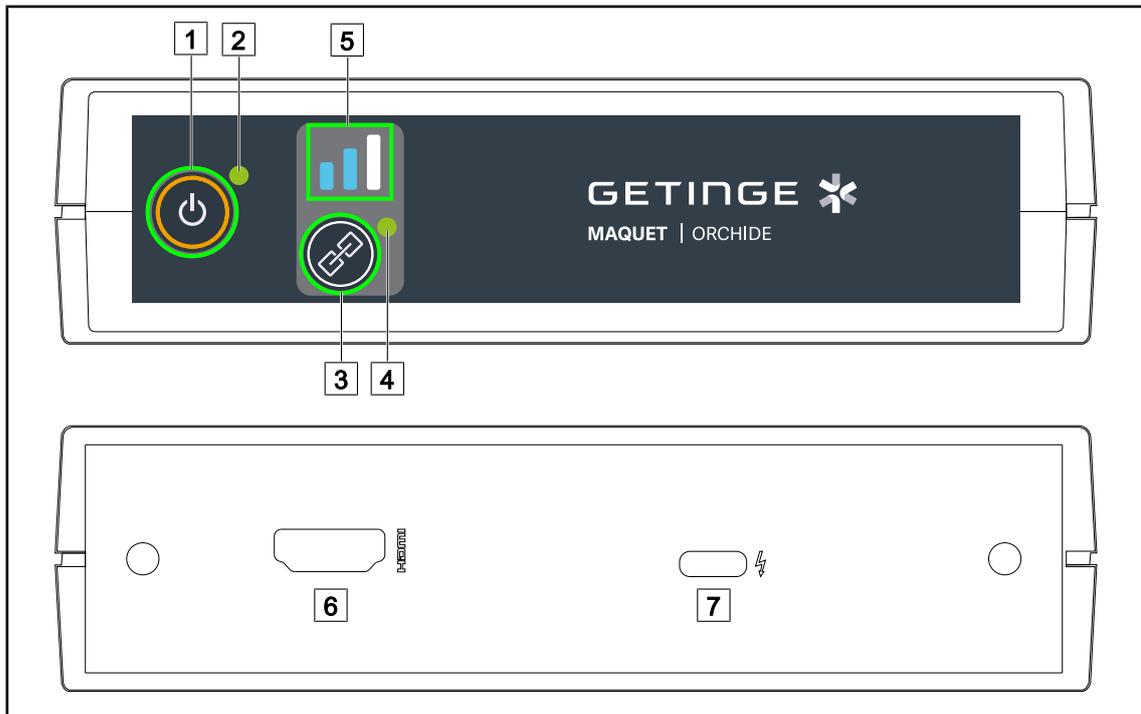


Fig. 100: Wireless video receiver system

- | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1 On/Off button | 5 Signal indicator |
| 2 Power indicator | 6 HDMI connector |
| 3 Pairing button | 7 USB-C port |
| 4 Pairing indicator | |

Turning the receiver on and off

- Press the **On/Off button** 1 to turn on the receiver; the power indicator 2 lights up in green.
- Press the **On/Off button** 1 until the power indicator 2 is off to turn off the receiver.

After five minutes of idle time, the receiver goes into standby mode and the power indicator 2 flashes. It restarts automatically when a camera is detected.

Pairing a camera automatically (auto mode enabled by default)

- Turn on the camera and receiver.
- The pairing indicator [4] flashes quickly while the system searches for the camera.
- The pairing indicator [4] flashes slowly during pairing.
- Once the pairing indicator [4] is lit solid green, the camera is paired.
- If the pairing indicator [4] is lit red, pairing has failed. In this case, check that the camera is powered on and restart the pairing using the pairing button.

	Risk of image loss		Weak signal
	Average signal		Good signal

Tab. 15: Signal strength

People and objects in the operating environment (personnel, other devices, operating room configuration) can impact the signal strength. The signal strength can be improved by moving the camera and/or receiver.



NOTICE

The system has two pairing modes:

- Automatic: The receiver will automatically pair with any camera that is on and available.
- Manual: Pairing with any new camera that is on and available will happen only after starting the procedure using the pairing button.

Pairing a camera

- Once the receiver is in manual mode, press the **pairing button** [3] until the pairing indicator [4] flashes quickly in green.
- Once the camera is found, the pairing indicator [4] will flash more slowly during pairing, then turn solid green once pairing is complete.

Changing the pairing mode: Manual or Automatic

- The receiver must already be paired with a camera.
- Press the **pairing button** [3] until a bar on the signal indicator [5] starts flashing in blue. If the flashing bar is the smallest on the left, the receiver is in manual pairing mode; if the flashing bar is the largest on the right, the receiver is in automatic pairing mode.



Fig. 101: Auto/Manual Mode

Recommended positioning of the device

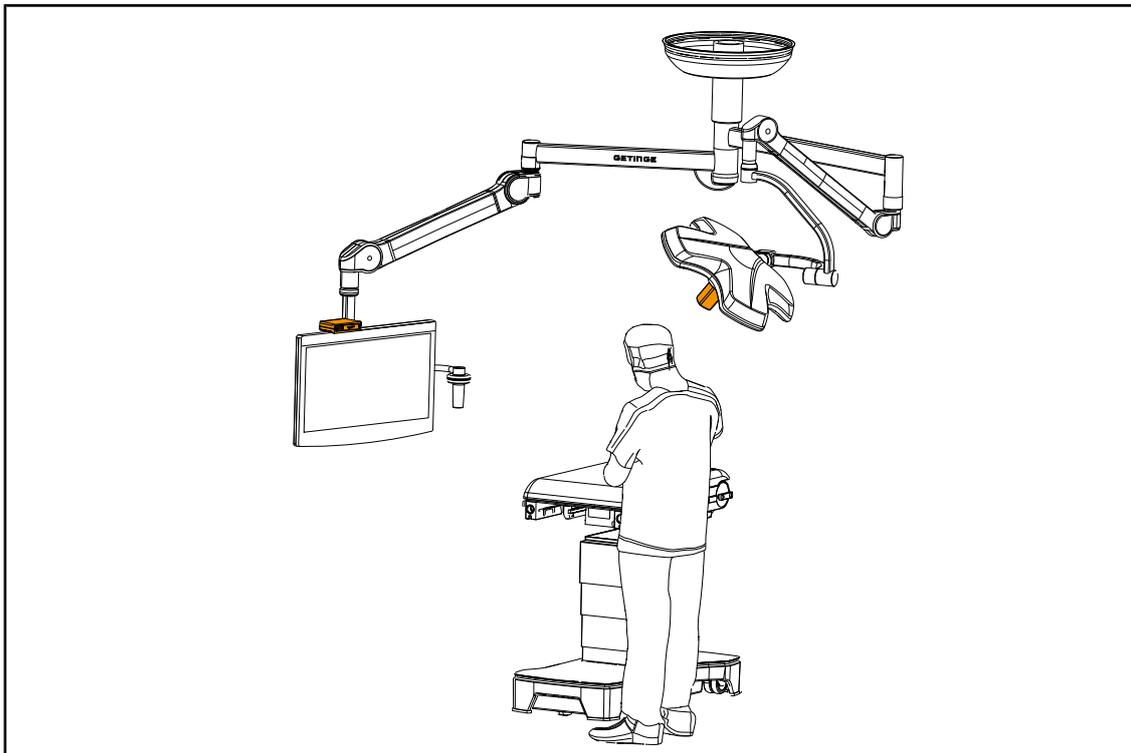


Fig. 102: Positioning when the screen is facing the surgeon

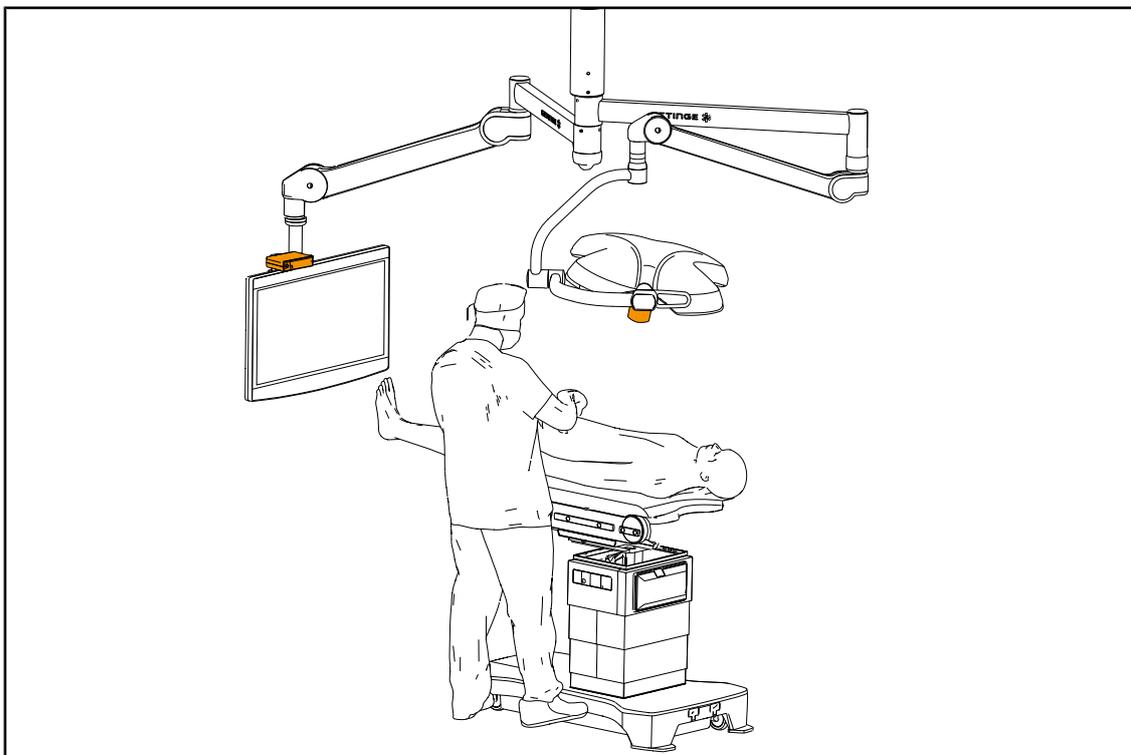


Fig. 103: Positioning when the screen is lateral to the surgeon

4.5.3 Controlling the camera

4.5.3.1 From the lighthead or wall-mounted control keypad (zoom only)

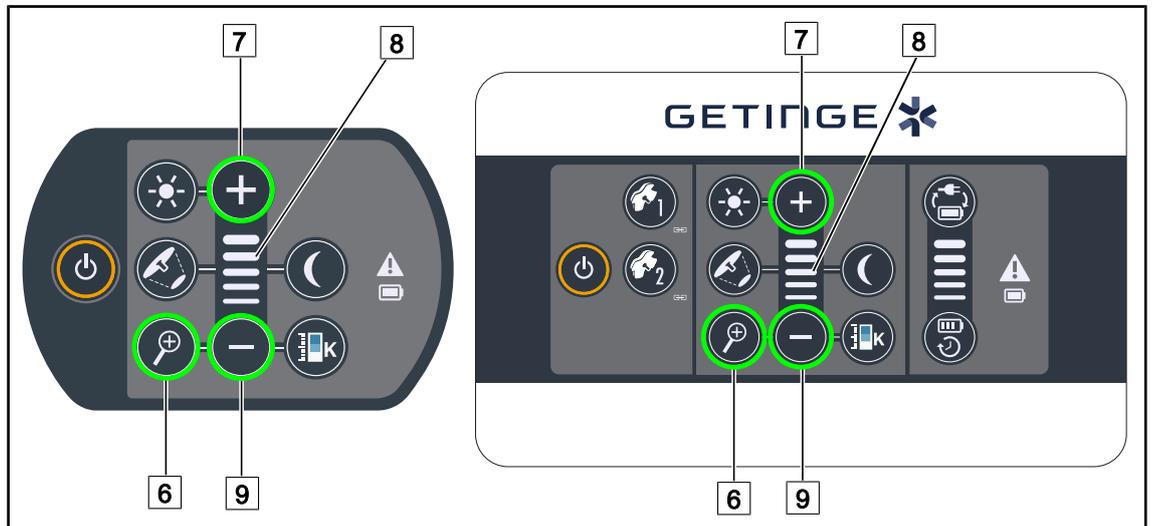


Fig. 104: Camera keypad controls

Adjusting the camera zoom

1. Press **Camera Zoom** [6].
2. Press **Plus** [7] or **Minus** [9] to modify the zoom level.
 - The camera zoom level varies as shown by the level indicator for the selected function [8].

4.5.3.2 From the touchscreen control panel



NOTICE

When using the touchscreen control panel, the camera may be turned on or off independently of the light.

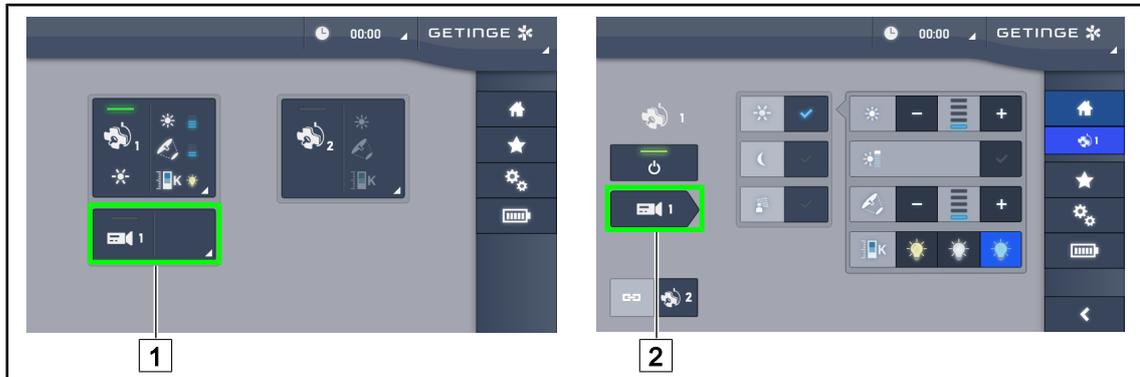


Fig. 105: Turn on the camera

Turning a camera on via the home page

1. Press the **Camera active area** [1] button.
 - The activated button is lit green and the image is displayed on the screen.
2. Press the **active Camera button** [1] again to access the camera page.

Turning the camera on via the lighthouse page

1. From the lighthouse page, press the **Camera shortcut** [2].
 - The camera page is displayed and the camera is turned on.



Fig. 106: Camera page

Turning off the camera

1. From the camera page, press **Camera ON/OFF** [3] to turn off the camera.
 - The button light turns off and the camera is turned off.

Pausing the camera

1. Press the **Camera pause** [4] button to pause the camera.
 - The button is lit blue and the retransmitted image is frozen.
2. Press the **Camera pause** [4] button again to resume video transmission.



Fig. 107: Zoom control

Zooming in and out

1. Press the **Zoom button** [5] to access the zoom adjustment menu.
2. Press **Zoom in** [6] or **Zoom out** [7] to adjust the size of the image on screen in real time.



Fig. 108: White balance

Adjusting the white balance automatically

1. Press the **White Balance button** [8].
2. Press the **Automatic balance button** [9] to set the white balance automatically, or the **Artificial light button** [10] to set the white balance to 3200 K or the **Daylight button** [11] to set the white balance to 5800 K.
 - The selected button is lit blue and the white balance is applied.

Adjusting the white balance manually

1. Press the **White Balance button** [8].
2. Place a uniform white surface under the camera, covering the entire field of view of the camera.
3. Press the **Manual balance button** [12] twice to set the white balance on the basis of the target under the camera.
 - The selected button is lit blue and the white balance is applied.

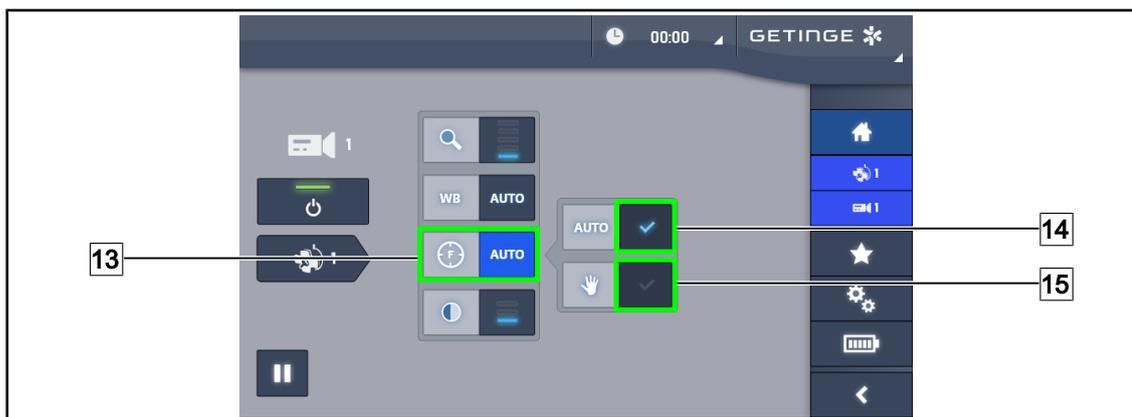


Fig. 109: Setting the focus

Setting the focus automatically

1. Press the **Focus button** 13 to access the focus adjustment menu.
2. Press the **Auto Focus button** 14.
 - The button is lit blue and the camera focus is automatic.

Setting the focus manually

1. Press the **Focus button** 13 to access the focus adjustment menu.
2. Position the camera at the desired distance.
3. Press **Focus Auto** 14 to set the field to focus on.
4. Press the **Manual Focus button** 15.
 - The focus will then remain on the defined area even if other objects (e.g.: the surgeon's hands) appear in the camera's field of view.

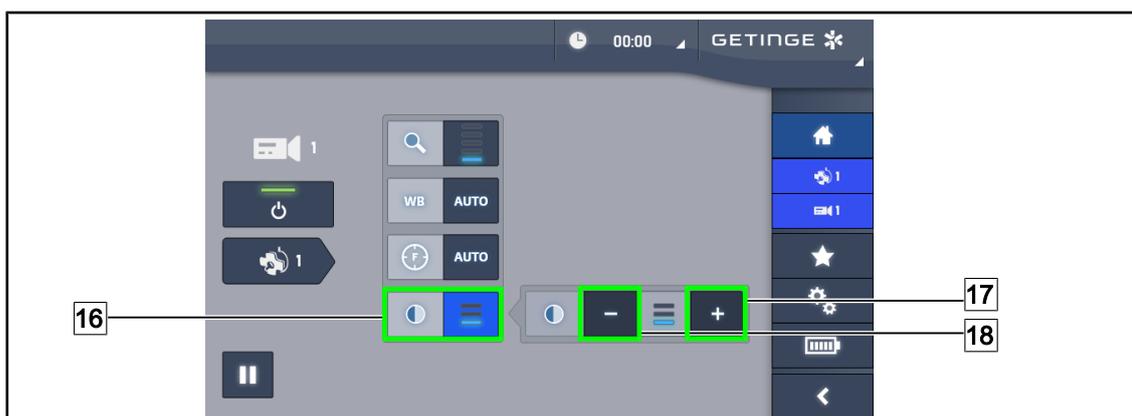


Fig. 110: Contrast adjustment

Adjusting the contrast

1. Press the **Contrast button** 16 to access the contrast adjustment menu.
2. Press the **Increase contrast** 17 or **Decrease contrast buttons** 18 to select one of the three contrast levels.

4.5.4 Orienting the camera

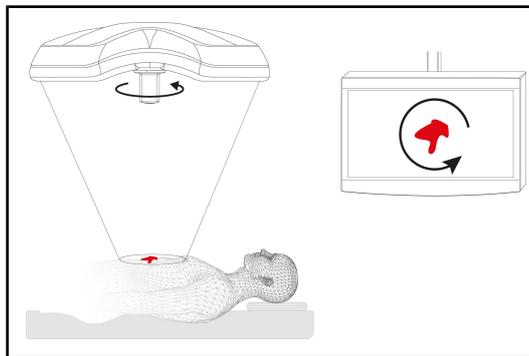


Fig. 111: Orienting the camera

Optimise the orientation of the image on screen to suit the observer's position

1. Install a handle on the camera. Installing and removing a sterilisable handle for use with cameras on the lighthead
2. Use the handle to rotate the camera.
 - The image is rotated on the screen.

4.6 Positioning the screen holder

4.6.1 Handling and positioning the screen holder



WARNING!

Risk of infection

The sterilisable handle is the only sterilisable component of the device. The monitor, the screen holder and its accessories are not sterile and any contact with the sterile team results in a risk of infection for the patient.

During the operation, the screen, the screen holder and its accessories must never be touched by the sterile team and the handle must never be touched by non-sterile personnel.



WARNING!

Risk of infection or tissue reaction

A collision between the device and another item of equipment may result in particles falling onto the surgical site.

Pre-position the device before the patient arrives. Move the device carefully to avoid a collision.

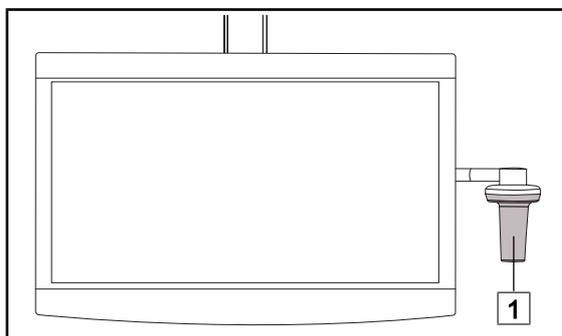


WARNING!

Risk of injury

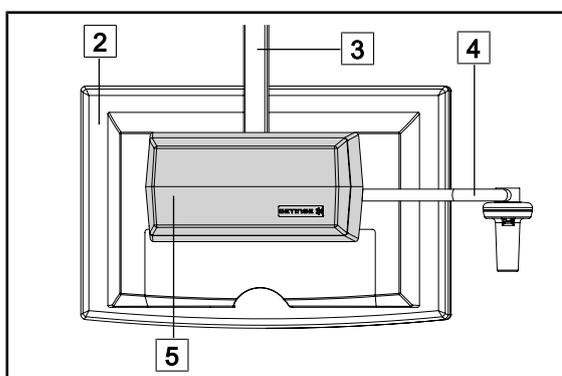
Incorrect handling of the XHD1 screen holder can lead to hand injury.

Observe the safety instructions on the product.

Handling of the screen holder by the sterile team

1. Move the device by grasping the sterilisable handle **1** or the DEVON or DEROYAL sterile handle.

Fig. 112: Handling by sterile team

Handling of the screen holder by the non-sterile team

1. Move the device by grasping the flat-panel monitor **2**, the screen holder frame **3**, the fork handle **4** or the rear box **5**.

Fig. 113: Handling by the non-sterile team

Positioning the screen holder

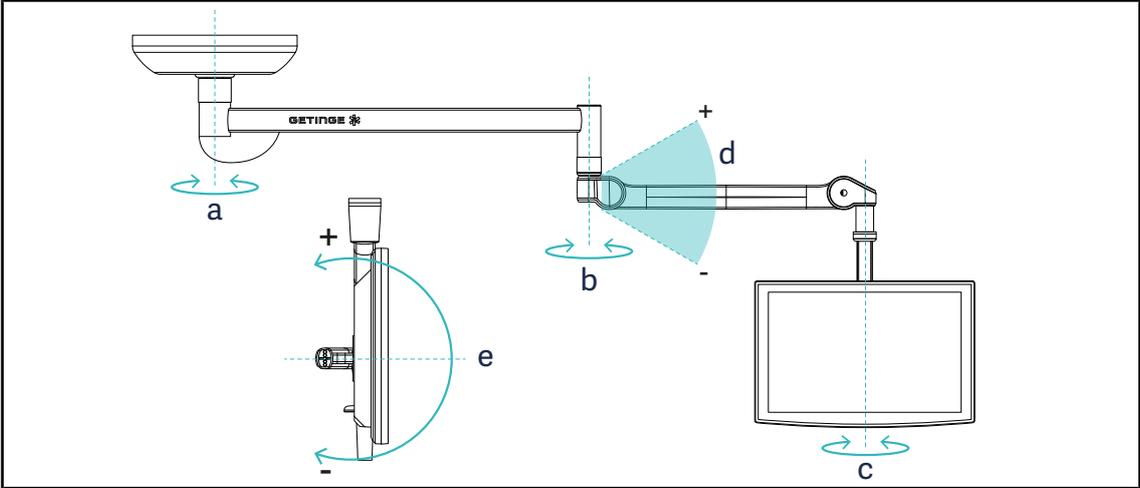


Fig. 114: Possible rotations on an SAX suspension

Screen holder	a	b	c	d	e
FHS0 / MHS0	330°	330°	315°	+45°/-70°	–
XHS0	330°	330°	315°	+45°/-70°	-45°/+90°
XHD1	330°	330°	330°	+45°/-70°	-60°/+10°
XO	360°	360°	360°	+45°/-50°	–

Tab. 16: Rotation amplitude values (in degrees) on a SAX suspension

4.6.2 Screen holder pre-positioning examples

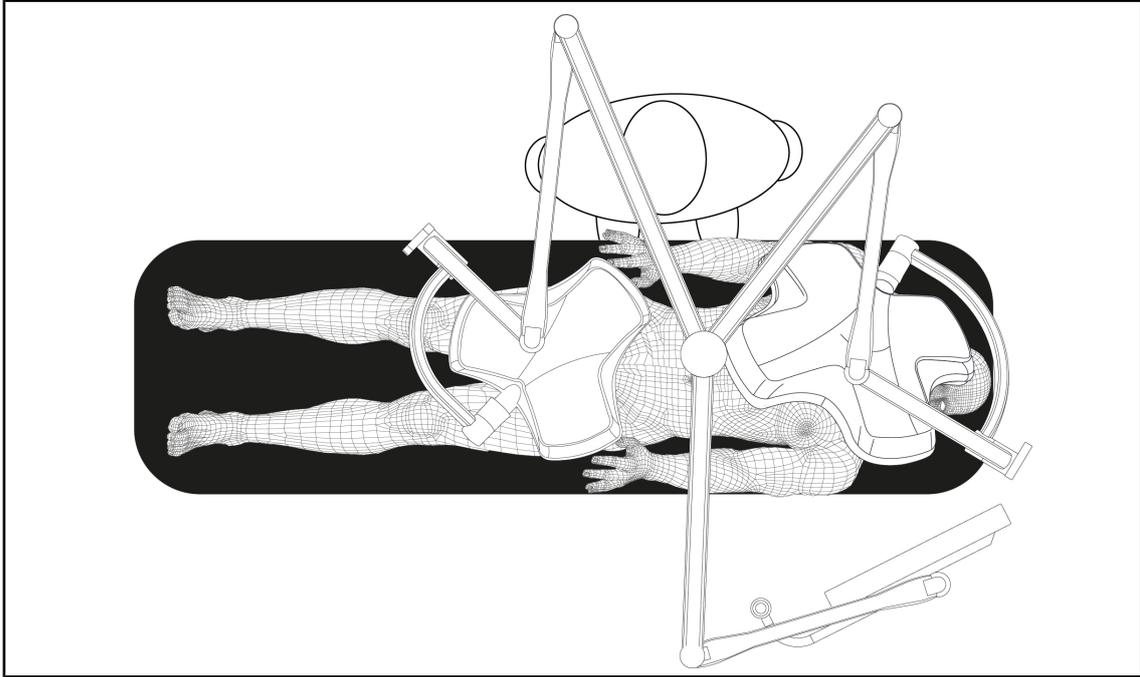


Fig. 115: Pre-positioning example for a triple configuration with screen holder

- The position of the screen depends on the type of surgery and the surgeon.
- It must be positioned such that the surgeon can see all of the information.
- It must be at a sufficient distance to avoid any contact with sterile personnel.

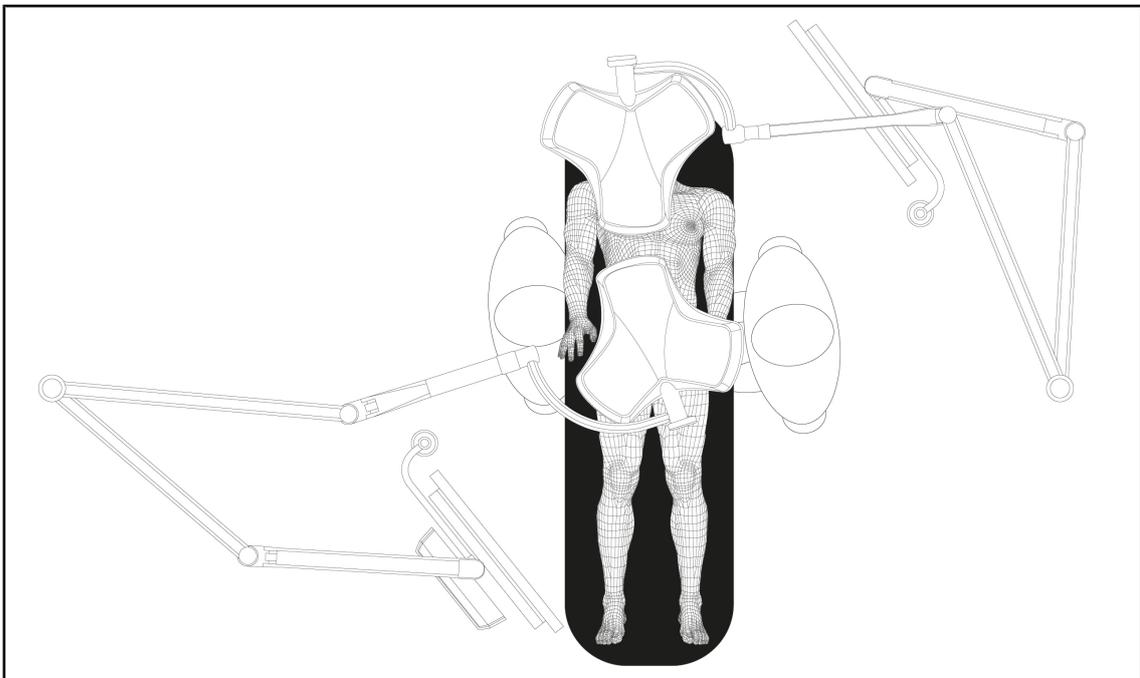


Fig. 116: Pre-positioning example for two double configurations with two screen holders

- The position of the screens depends on the type of surgery and the surgeon.
- They must be positioned such that the surgeon can see all of the information.
- They must be at a sufficient distance to avoid any contact with sterile personnel.

4.6.3 Screen control interface



NOTICE

Refer to the manufacturer's instructions provided with the screen to learn about all the features of the device.

4.7 Positioning the camera mount

4.7.1 Attaching a camera to the SC camera mount



NOTICE

Only medical video cameras compliant with IEC 60601-1 and featuring moulded detachable connectors and a 1/4" thread may be fitted on this mount. The choice of camera, cables and their routing through the mount remains under the responsibility of the customer.

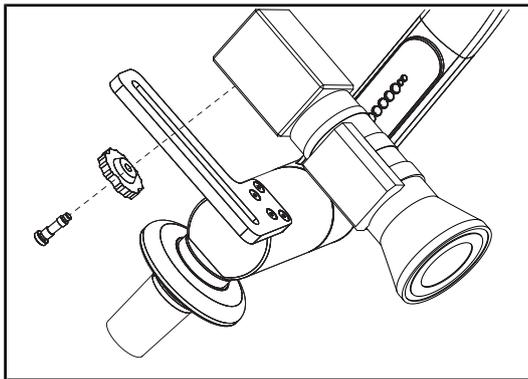


Fig. 117: Attaching the camera to the SC mount

1. Pass the screw through the hole in the mounting plate.
2. Place the camera on the mounting plate and tighten the screw fully.
3. Position the camera enclosure correctly relative to the mounting plate.
4. Turn the lock nut clockwise to fasten the camera in place.
5. Connect the cables after routing them through the suspension arm to the camera module.

4.7.2 Handling the camera mount

**WARNING!**

Risk of infection or tissue reaction

A collision between the device and another item of equipment may result in particles falling onto the surgical site.

Pre-position the device before the patient arrives. Move the device carefully to avoid a collision.

**WARNING!**

Risk of infection

The sterilisable handles are the only parts of the device that can be sterilised. Any contact by the sterile team with another surface results in a risk of infection. Any contact by non-sterile personnel with these handles results in a risk of infection.

During the procedure, the sterile team must handle the device using the sterilisable handles. On an HLX handle, the locking button is not sterile. Non-sterile personnel must not come into contact with the sterilisable handles.

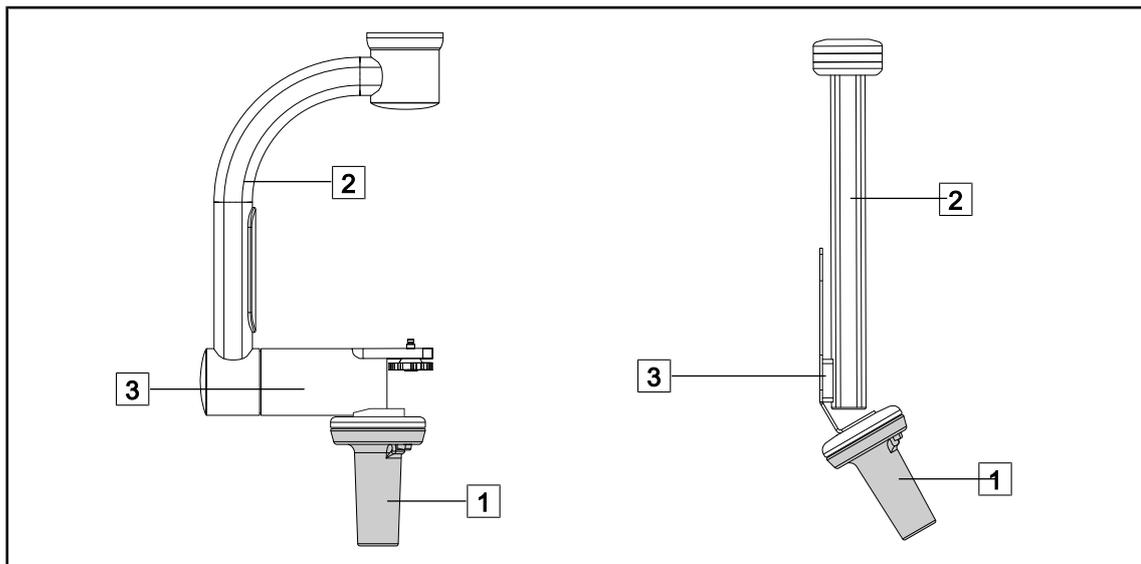


Fig. 118: Handling the camera mount

The camera mount can be manoeuvred in various ways:

- For sterile personnel: Using the sterile handle provided for this purpose **1**.
- For non-sterile personnel: Using the fixed uprights **2** or the mount **3**.

Degrees of rotation

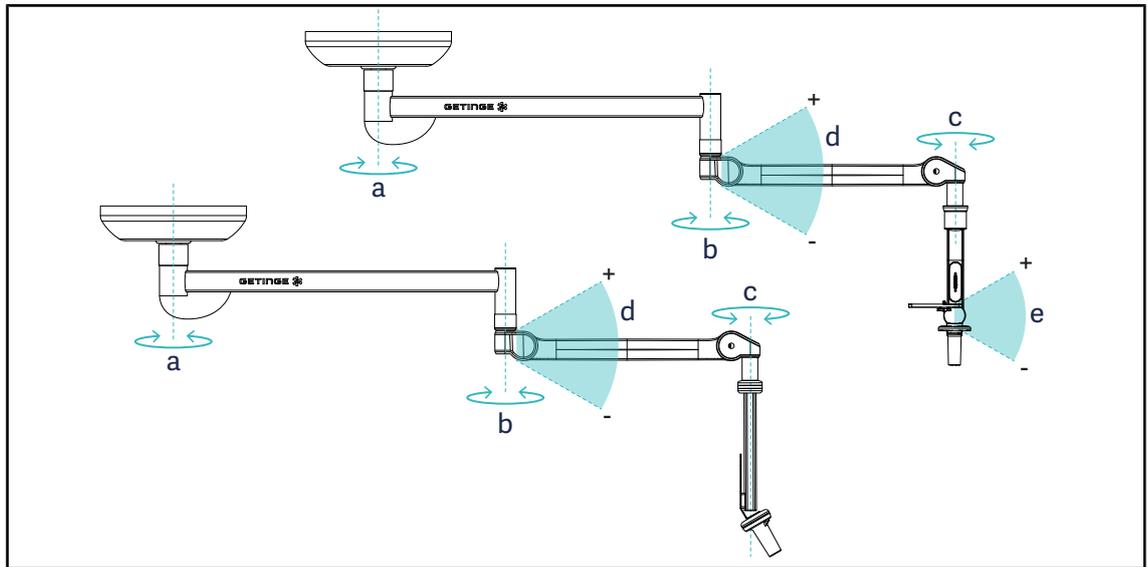


Fig. 119: Degrees of rotation of camera mounts

	a	b	c	d	e
SC05	SAX: 330°	330°	315°	+45° / -70°	+15° / -105°
CAMERA MOUNT FH	SATX: 270°				-

4.7.3 Using the SC430-PTR camera



NOTICE

Please refer to the manual supplied with the camera to discover all of its features. Only the basic commands for a quick start are described below.

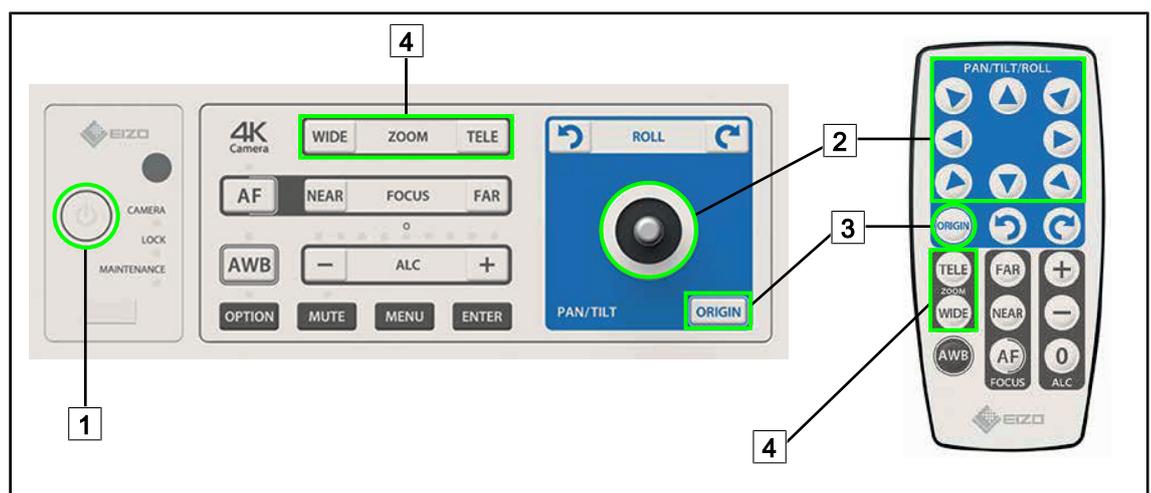


Fig. 120: Main commands of the SC430-PTR camera

- 1 On/Off
- 2 Camera motion
- 3 Home position
- 4 Zoom buttons

4.8 Settings and functions

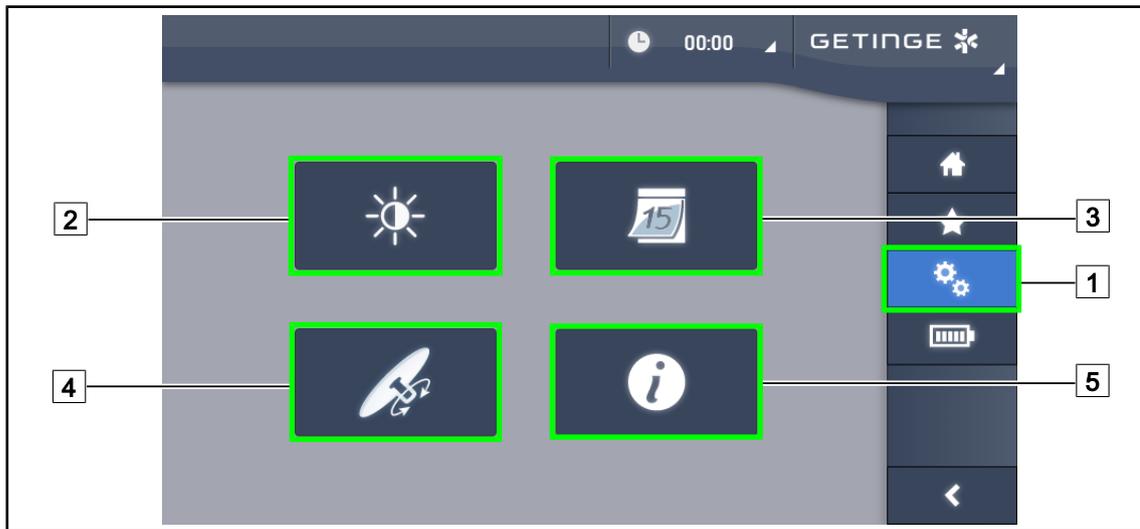


Fig. 121: Touchscreen control panel settings page

Adjusting the screen brightness

1. Press **Settings** [1] in the menu bar.
 - The Settings page is displayed (see above).
2. Press **Screen Brightness** [2].
 - The brightness setting page is displayed.

Setting the date and time and using the stopwatch/timer

1. Press **Settings** [1] in the menu bar.
 - The Settings page is displayed (see above).
2. Press **Date/Time** [3].
 - The page for date and time settings and stopwatch/timer functions is displayed.

Adjusting the tilt handle

1. Press **Settings** [1] in the menu bar.
 - The Settings page is displayed (see above).
2. Press **Tilt Handle** [4].
 - The tilt handle adjustment page is displayed.

Accessing configuration information

1. Press **Settings** [1] in the menu bar.
 - The Settings page is displayed (see above).
2. Press **Information** [5].
 - The configuration information page is displayed.

4.8.1 Screen brightness

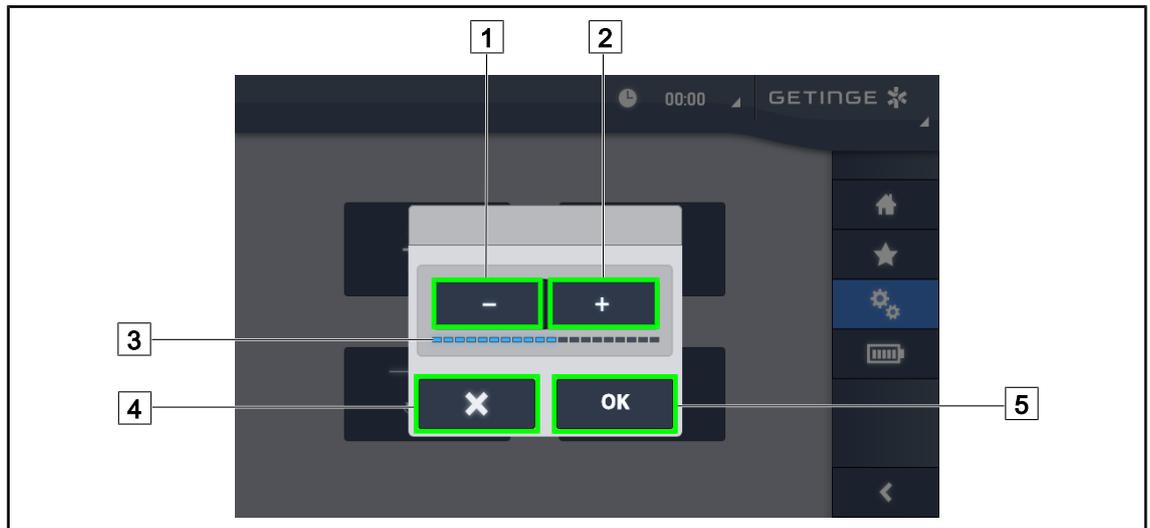


Fig. 122: Adjusting the screen brightness

1. Press **Plus** [2] to increase the brightness of the touchscreen control panel or **Minus** [1] to decrease the brightness.
 - The screen brightness varies as shown by the brightness level indicator [3].
2. Press **OK** [5] to confirm the brightness changes, or **Cancel** [4] to cancel the changes in progress.
 - The configured brightness is stored and applied.

4.8.2 Date and time, and stopwatch/timer functions

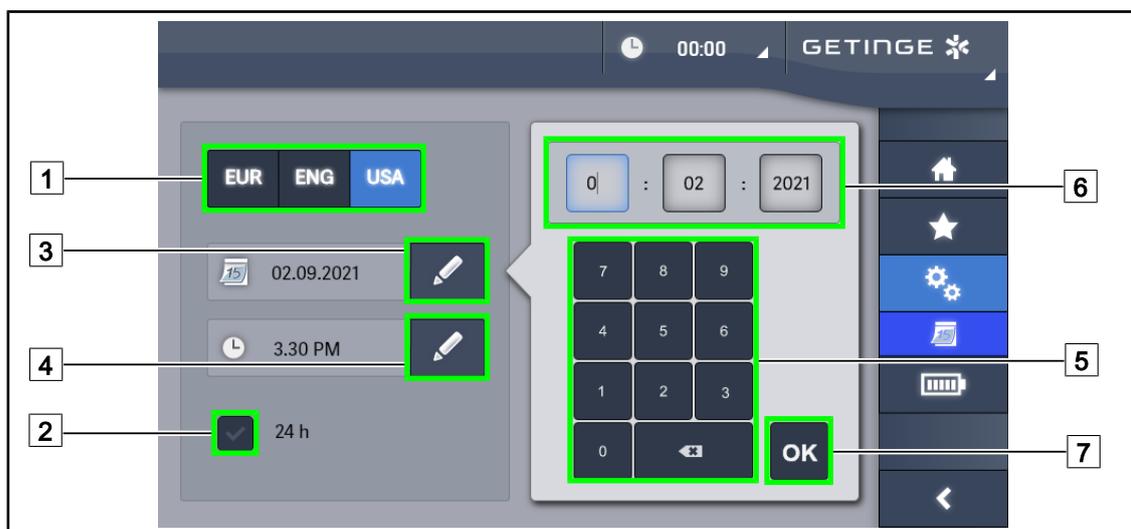


Fig. 123: Date and time settings

Defining the date and time format

1. Press **Date Format** [1] to choose the desired date display format. European, English or American date format can be set.
 - The selected format is shown with a blue background.
2. Press **Time Format** [2] to choose the desired time display format.
 - If the button is selected, times are displayed in 24h format; if not, 12h format is used.

Changing the date

1. Press **Edit Date** [3].
 - A data entry window is displayed.
2. Press the field to be modified: day, month or year [6].
 - The selected field is shown with a blue border.
3. Use the keypad [5] to enter the desired value and then press **OK** [7] to confirm the changes.
 - The data entry window closes and the changes take effect.

Changing the time

1. Press **Edit time** [4].
 - A data entry window is displayed.
2. Press the field to be modified: hours or minutes [6].
 - The selected field is shown with a blue border.
3. Use the keypad [5] to enter the desired value and then press **OK** [7] to confirm the changes.
 - The data entry window closes and the changes take effect.

4.8.3 Stopwatch / Timer function (only with touchscreen control panel)



Fig. 124: Functions page

Accessing the stopwatch

1. Press **Stopwatch** 1 in the menu bar.
 - The stopwatch page is displayed.

Accessing the timer

1. Press **Timer** 2 in the menu bar.
 - The timer page is displayed.

4.8.3.1 Stopwatch

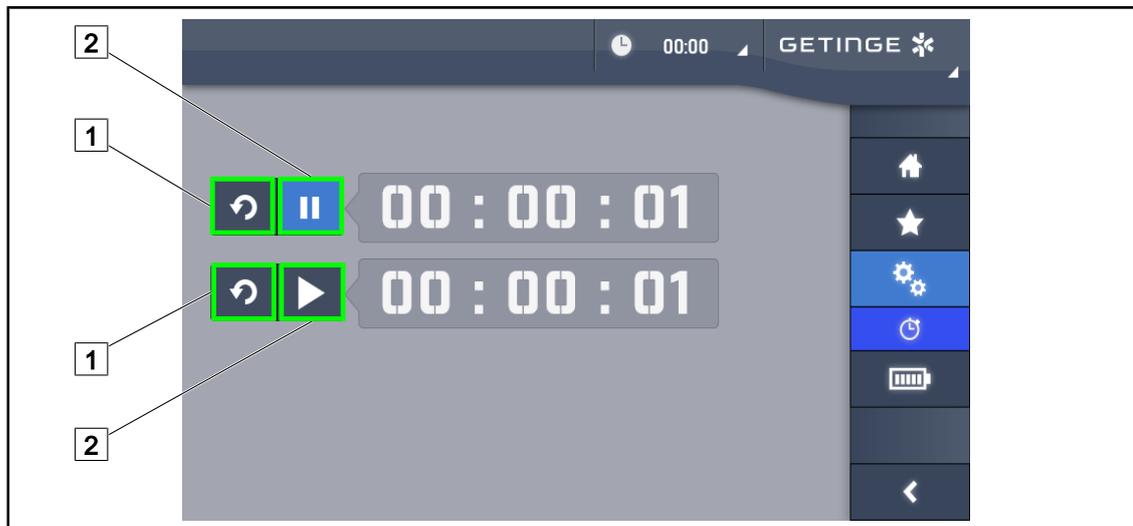


Fig. 125: Stopwatch page

Starting and resetting the stopwatch

1. Press **Pause/Activate** [2] to start the stopwatch.
 - The stopwatch starts.
2. Press **Reset** [1] to reset the counter.
 - The stopwatch is reset.

Stopping and restarting the stopwatch

1. Once the stopwatch has been started, press **Pause/Activate** [2] to temporarily stop the stopwatch.
 - The counter starts flashing.
2. Press **Pause/Activate** [2] to restart the stopwatch.
 - The counter stops flashing and resumes counting.

4.8.3.2 Timer

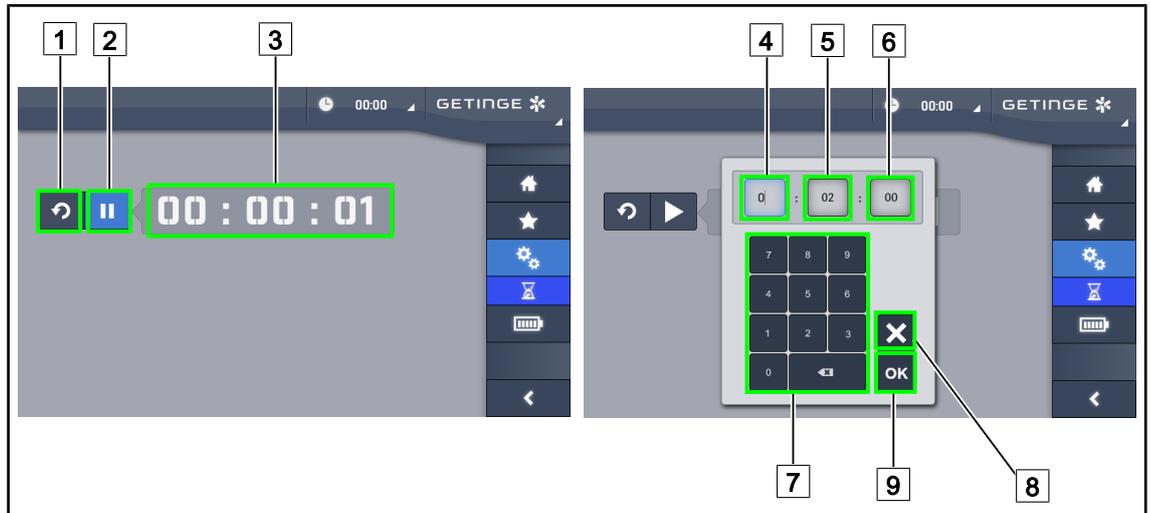


Fig. 126: Timer page

Starting and resetting the timer

1. Press **Pause/Activate** [2] to start the timer.
 - The timer starts.
2. Press **Reset** [1] to reset the counter.
 - The timer returns to the value defined previously.

Stopping and restarting the timer

1. Once the timer has been started, press **Activate/Pause** [2] to temporarily stop the timer.
 - The counter starts flashing.
2. Press **Activate/Pause** [2] to restart the timer.
 - The counter stops flashing and resumes counting.

**NOTICE**

The timer counter flashes orange when the configured time has elapsed.

Setting the timer

1. Press **Counter Timer** [3].
 - The timer setting window is opened (see above).
2. Select the field to be set: **Hours** [4], **Minutes** [5] or **Seconds** [6].
 - The selected field turns blue.
3. Use the keypad [7] to enter the desired value.
4. After entering the fields, press **OK** [9] to store the values entered. To cancel changes, press **Cancel** [8].
 - The timer setting window disappears and the timer is ready to be started with the entered value.

4.8.4 Tilt handle

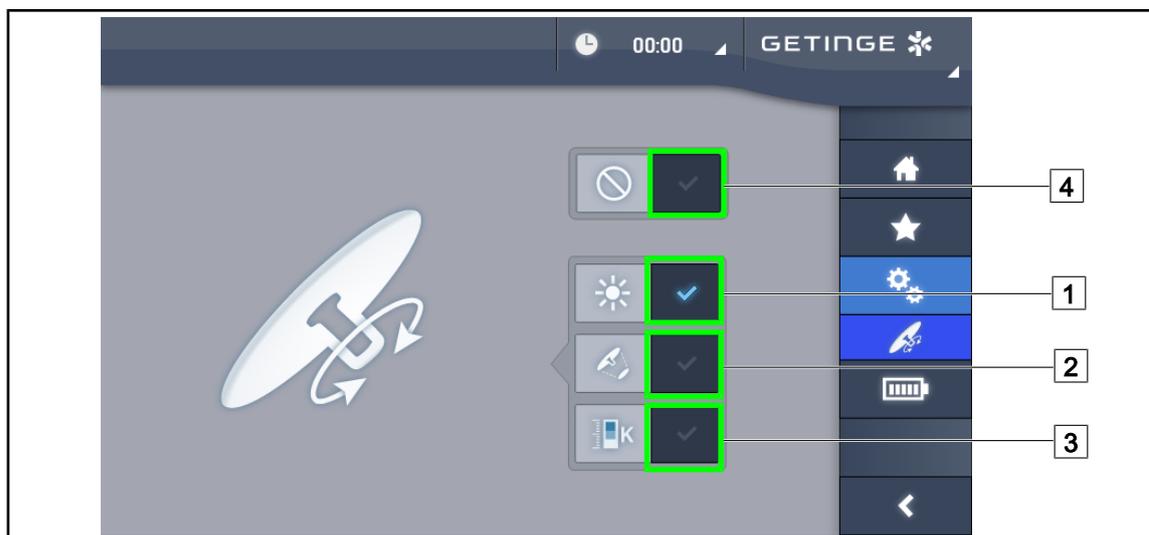


Fig. 127: Tilt handle configuration

Configuring the tilt handle

1. Press **Illumination** [1] so that the tilt handle can be used to adjust the light intensity level of the lighthouse.
2. Press **Light Field Diameter** [2] so that the tilt handle can be used to adjust the diameter of the light field of the lighthouse.
3. Press **Colour Temperature** [3] so that the tilt handle can be used to adjust the colour temperature of the lighthouse(s).
4. Press **Inactive** [4] so that the tilt handle is inactive and can not be used to adjust the illumination.

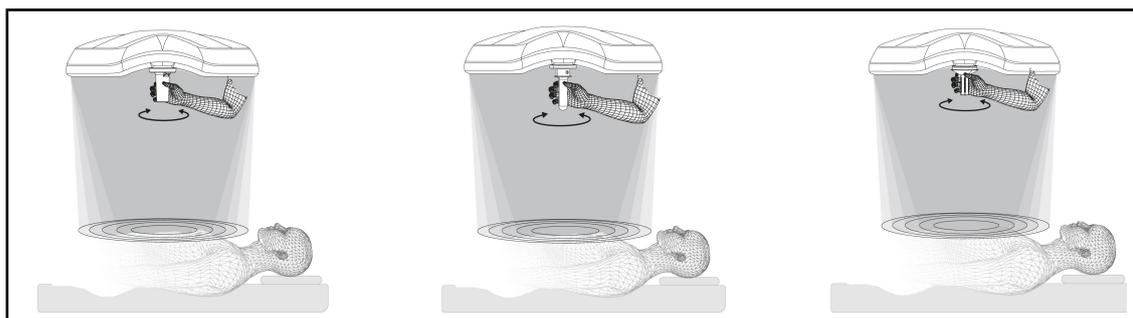


Fig. 128: TILT handles

Adjusting the illumination using the tilt handle

1. Turn the handle to adjust the light intensity, light field diameter or colour temperature to the chosen setting.



NOTICE

The TILT handle does not have limit stops.

4.8.5 Information

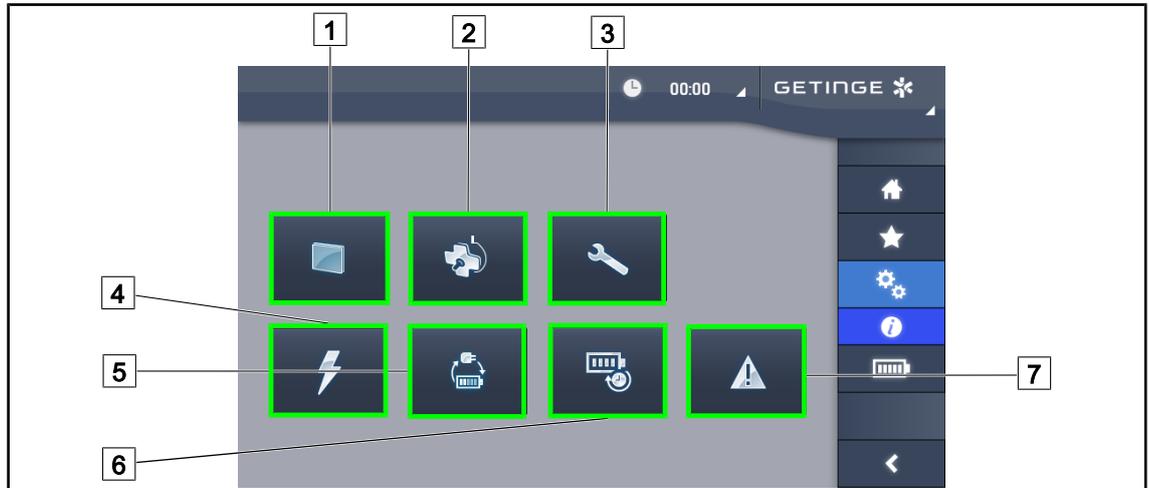


Fig. 129: Information page

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 Touchscreen control panel | 5 Battery backup |
| 2 Lightheads | 6 Battery lifetime |
| 3 Maintenance | 7 Faults |
| 4 Power supply | |

Part No.	Possible action
1	Press the Touchscreen control panel button to display the software version and update date, the touchscreen control panel reference, serial number and date of installation.
2	Press Lightheads to display information about the lighthouse(s) installed: product reference, serial number, options available, usage hours.
3	Press Maintenance to display the dates on which maintenance was performed and the Getinge contact details.
4	Press Power supply to display a history of power cuts.
5	Press Battery Backup to display a history of battery backup tests.
6	Press Battery lifetime to display a history of battery lifetime tests.
7	Press Faults to display a history of faults.

Tab. 17: All information menus

4.9 Battery backup



NOTICE

The batteries are charged only when the light is off.

4.9.1 LEDs

Indicators	Description	Meaning
	Orange battery indicator	Switchover to backup
	Flashing red indicator	Backup battery nearly discharged (with Getinge backup only)

Tab. 18: Lighthouse keypad backup operation indicators

Indicators	Description	Meaning
	One LED lit red	External backup at a very low level (with Getinge backup only)
	Two LEDs lit red	External backup at a low level (with Getinge backup only)
	Three LEDs lit orange	External backup at a relatively low level (with Getinge backup only)
	Four LEDs lit green	External backup at a satisfactory level (with Getinge backup only)
	Five LEDs lit green	External backup at excellent level (with Getinge backup) or device on backup (with customer backup)
	The green LEDs are lit one by one	LEDs lit in chasing sequence: batteries charging (with Getinge backup only)

Tab. 19: Wall-mounted keypad backup operation indicators

Indicators	Description	Meaning
	Full orange battery	Switchover to backup
	Non-full orange battery	Remaining battery capacity (with Getinge backup only)
	Flashing red indicator	Backup battery nearly discharged (with Getinge backup only)

Tab. 20: Backup operation indicators on the touchscreen control panel

4.9.2 Performing battery tests



WARNING!

Risk of injury

A battery lifetime test fully discharges the batteries.

Do not perform an operation immediately after a battery lifetime test. Allow time for the batteries to charge.

4.9.2.1 From the wall-mounted control keypad (on VCSII only)

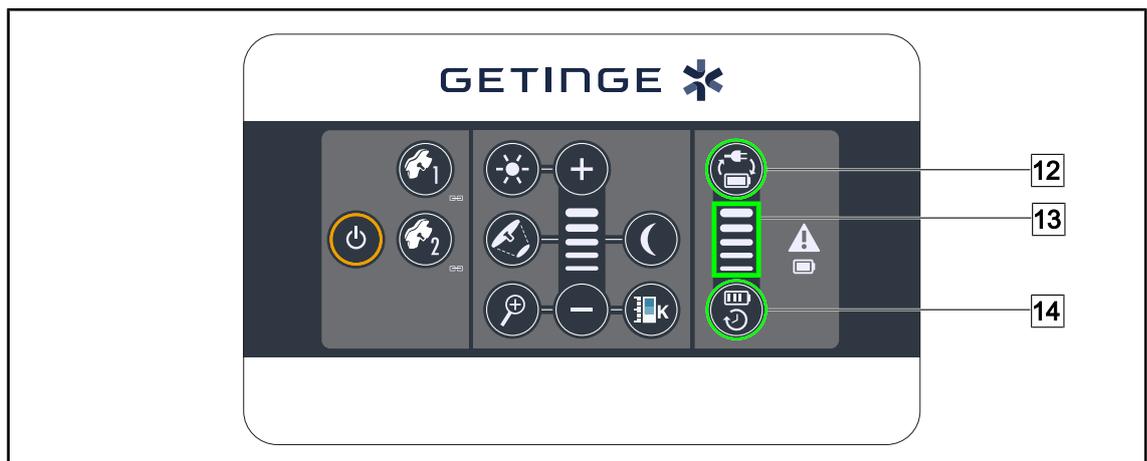


Fig. 130: Battery tests from the wall-mounted keypad

Running a battery backup test

1. Turn off the light.
2. Press **Switchover test** [12].
 - If the test is successful, the battery level indicator [13] flashes green. If the test fails, the battery level indicator [13] flashes red.
3. If the test fails, contact the Getinge technical service department.
4. Press **Switchover test** [12] again and hold until the button turns off.
 - The light remains on at Level 3 and the system is ready for use.

Running a battery life test (only with a Getinge backup)

1. Turn off the light.
2. Press **Battery lifetime test** [14] and hold until the button is backlit.
 - If the test is successful, the battery level indicator [13] flashes green. If the test fails, the battery level indicator [13] flashes red.
3. If the test fails, contact the Getinge technical service department.
 - The light turns off when the test is complete.
4. Press **Battery lifetime test** [14] again and hold until the button turns off.



NOTICE

The battery life test can be stopped at any time by pressing **Battery life test** [14].

4.9.2.2 From the touchscreen control panel



Fig. 131: Battery test

Running a battery backup test

1. Turn off the light.
2. Press **Battery Tests** [1] in the menu bar.
 - The battery tests page is displayed.
3. Press **Battery backup test** [2] to start the test.
 - The date of the most recent battery backup test [6] is updated and a green tick is displayed if the test was successful. If the test fails, however, a red cross and a **Maintenance Information** [4] button are displayed.
4. If the test fails, press **Maintenance information** [4] to access the maintenance information page, and then call the Getinge technical service department.

Running a battery lifetime test (only with a Getinge backup)

1. Turn off the light.
2. Press **Battery Tests** [1] in the menu bar.
 - The battery tests page is displayed.
3. Press **Battery lifetime test** [3] to start the test.
 - The date of the most recent battery lifetime test [7] and the battery lifetime [8] are updated, and a green tick is displayed if the test was successful. If the test fails, however, a red cross and a **Maintenance Information** [4] button are displayed.
4. If the test fails, press **Maintenance information** [4] to access the maintenance information page, and then call the Getinge technical service department.



NOTICE

The battery lifetime test can be stopped at any time by pressing the cross [5].

5 Troubleshooting

5.1 Warning indicators

5.1.1 Indicators on the lighthouse and wall-mounted control keypads

Indicator	Description	Meaning
	Indicator off	No fault
	Orange indicator	Faulty configuration (e.g. defective board, communication fault, other faults); backup battery level too low.

Tab. 21: Warning indicators

Indicator	Description	Meaning
	Indicator off	Powered from mains
	Orange indicator	Powered from backup supply
	Flashing red indicator (only available with Getinge backup)	Powered from backup supply The batteries are almost totally discharged and the system will lose power in a few minutes.

Tab. 22: Battery indicators

5.1.2 Indicators shown on the touchscreen control panel

Indicator	Description	Meaning
–	Indicator off	No fault
	Warning indicator	Faulty system

Tab. 23: Warning indicators

Indicator	Description	Meaning
–	Indicator off	Maintenance up to date
	Maintenance indicator	Annual maintenance needed

Tab. 24: Maintenance indicators

5.2 Troubleshooting

Mechanical

Anomaly	Likely cause	Corrective action
The sterilisable handle does not click into place correctly	Sterilisation parameters (temperature, time) exceeded	Check the operation of the handle and in particular the locking mechanism (audible click).
	The maximum handle service life has expired or the handle is twisted or bent.	Replace the handle
The lighthouse drifts	Suspension tube not vertical	Contact the Getinge technical department
	Locking screw incorrectly adjusted.	Have the brakes adjusted by a trained technician
Lighthouse moves too easily or is difficult to move.	Locking screw incorrectly adjusted.	Have the brakes adjusted by a trained technician
	Insufficient lubrication	Contact the Getinge technical department

Tab. 25: Mechanical anomalies and malfunctions

Optical

Anomaly	Likely cause	Corrective action
The lighthouse does not turn on.	Power cut	Check if other devices on the same supply network are operating
	Does not switch over to backup	Contact the Getinge technical department
	Other reason	Contact the Getinge technical department
The lighthouse does not turn off.	Faulty connection between power supply and lighthouse	Contact the Getinge technical department
None of the lighthouses light up	Each lighthouse has its own control	Check the LED on the Lexan panel of each lighthouse
A group of LEDs or one LED does not come on	The LED board or LED itself is defective	Contact the Getinge technical department
	The electronic circuit board does not communicate with the LED board	Contact the Getinge technical department
The light flickers	Non-compliant installation	Contact the Getinge technical department

Tab. 26: Optical anomalies and malfunctions

Anomaly	Likely cause	Corrective action
Ambient light does not turn on	The button is defective	Contact the Getinge technical department
	Faulty connection between power supply and lighthouse	Contact the Getinge technical department
AIM mode does not turn on	This function is not available on the lighthouse	Check whether "AIM" appears on the label
	The button is defective	Contact the Getinge technical department

Tab. 26: Optical anomalies and malfunctions

Other

Anomaly	Likely cause	Corrective action
The two lighthouses are controlled simultaneously unintentionally	Communication error between power supply and lighthouses	Contact the Getinge technical department

Tab. 27: Other anomalies and malfunctions



NOTICE

Faults and malfunctions relating to the camera can be found in the Maquet Orchide User Manual (ARD04661).

6 Cleaning / Disinfection / Sterilisation

**WARNING!****Risk of infection****Cleaning and sterilisation procedures vary considerably from one healthcare institution to another and depending on local regulations.****Users must contact their hospital's sanitary specialists. The recommended products and procedures must be applied.**

6.1 Cleaning and disinfecting the system

**WARNING!****Risk of equipment damage****The ingress of liquid inside the device during cleaning may adversely affect its operation.****Do not clean the device under running water or spray a solution directly onto the device.****WARNING!****Risk of infection****Certain cleaning products or procedures may damage the enclosure of the device, which may result in particles falling onto the surgical site during an operation.****Disinfectants containing glutaraldehyde, phenol or iodine must not be used. Fumigation methods are unsuitable for disinfecting the unit and must not be used.****WARNING!****Risk of burns****Certain parts of the device remain hot after use.****Check that the power is switched off and the light has cooled down before starting cleaning.**

General instructions concerning cleaning, disinfection and safety

In standard use, the level of treatment required for cleaning and disinfection of the device is low-level disinfection. The device is classified as non-critical with a low infectious risk. However, depending on the infectious risk, intermediate or high-level disinfection may be envisaged.

The responsible body must follow the national requirements (standards and guidelines) for all matters of hygiene and disinfection.

6.1.1 **Cleaning the device**

1. Remove the sterilisable handle.
2. Wipe the equipment with a cloth moistened with a surface cleaner. Follow the manufacturer's dilution instructions, application time and temperature recommendations. Use a slightly alkaline universal cleaner (soap solution) containing active substances such as detergents and phosphates. Do not use abrasive products, as these could damage the surfaces.
3. Remove the cleaner using a cloth moistened with water and then wipe with a dry cloth.

6.1.2 Disinfecting the device

Wipe evenly with a cloth soaked in disinfectant. Follow the manufacturer's recommendations.

6.1.2.1 Disinfectants to be used

- Disinfectants are not sterilising agents. They result in a qualitative and quantitative reduction in the microorganisms present.
- Use only surface disinfectants containing combinations of the following active substances:
 - Quaternary ammoniums (bacteriostatic for Gram – and bactericidal for Gram +, variable activity on enveloped viruses, no action on non-enveloped viruses, fungistatic, no sporicidal action)
 - Guanidine compounds
 - Alcohols

6.1.2.2 Permitted active substances

Class	Active substances
Low level of disinfection	
Quaternary ammonium	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Didecyl dimethyl ammonium chloride ▪ Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride ▪ Dioctyl dimethyl ammonium chloride
Biguanides	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Polyhexamethylene biguanide hydrochloride
Intermediate level of disinfection	
Alcohols	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Propan-2-ol
High level of disinfection	
Acids	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sulfamic acid (5%) ▪ Malic acid (10%) ▪ Ethylene diamine tetraacetic acid (2.5%)

Tab. 28: Lists of active substances suitable for use

Examples of commercially available products tested

- ANIOS product^{®**} : Surfa'Safe^{®**}
- Other products: 20% or 45% isopropyl alcohol

6.2 Cleaning and sterilising Maquet Sterigrip sterilisable handles

6.2.1 Preparation for cleaning

To prevent any soiling from drying out, soak the handles in a detergent-disinfectant bath containing no aldehydes, immediately after use.

6.2.2 Manual cleaning

1. Immerse the handles in a detergent solution for 15 minutes.
2. Wash using a soft brush and a lint-free cloth.
3. Check that the handles are perfectly clean, with no remaining soiling. If not, use an ultrasound cleaning process.
4. Rinse thoroughly with clean water to fully eliminate the detergent solution.
5. Leave to air dry or wipe the handle with a dry cloth.



NOTICE

The use of non-enzymatic detergents is recommended. Enzymatic detergents may damage various materials. Never soak parts in these detergents for prolonged periods; rinse thoroughly.

6.2.3 Cleaning in a washer-disinfector

Handles may be cleaned in a washer-disinfector and rinsed at a maximum temperature of 93°C. Typical recommended cycles:

Step	Temperature	Time
Pre-wash	18-35°C	60 sec
Wash	46-50°C	5 min
Neutralisation	41-43°C	30 sec
Wash 2	24-28°C	30 sec
Rinse	92-93°C	10 min
Dry	air dry	20 min

Tab. 29: Typical cleaning cycles in a washer-disinfector

6.2.4 Sterilisation of the Maquet Sterigrip handles



WARNING!

Risk of infection

A sterilisable handle that has exceeded the recommended number of sterilisation cycles is at risk of falling from its mount.

With the above sterilisation parameters, STG PSX sterilisable handles are guaranteed for no more than 50 uses, and STG HLX sterilisable handles for no more than 350 uses. Please do not exceed the recommended number of cycles.



NOTICE

Maquet Sterigrip sterilisable handles are designed for autoclave sterilisation.

1. Check that the handle is not soiled or cracked.
 - If the handle is soiled, return it to the cleaning circuit.
 - If the handle has one or more cracks, it is unusable and must therefore be disposed of in accordance with the applicable protocols.
2. Place the handles on the steriliser tray using one of the following three methods:
 - In a sterilisation wrapper (double wrapper or equivalent).
 - In a paper or plastic sterilisation bag.
 - With no wrapper or bag, with the locking button facing down.
3. Package with biological and/or chemical indicators for monitoring the sterilisation process, in accordance with applicable regulations.
4. Run the sterilisation cycle according to the steriliser manufacturer's instructions.

Sterilisation cycle	Temperature (°C)	Time (min)	Dry (min)
ATNC (Prion) Prevacuum	134	18	–

Tab. 30: Example of a steam sterilisation cycle

7 Maintenance

To preserve your device's original performance and reliability levels, annual maintenance and inspection operations must be performed. During the warranty period, maintenance and inspection operations must be performed by a Getinge technician or a Getinge-approved dealer. After this period, maintenance and inspections may be performed by a Getinge technician, a Getinge-approved dealer or a hospital technician trained by Getinge. Please contact your dealer to undergo the technical training required.

Preventive maintenance	To be performed every year
------------------------	----------------------------

Certain components must be replaced during the device's service life. Check the Maintenance Manual for how frequently to do so. The Maintenance Manual mentions all of the electrical, mechanical, and optical checks to carry out, as well as which wear parts need to be periodically replaced to maintain the reliability and performance of the operating lighting system and guarantee safe operation.



NOTICE

The Maintenance Manual is available from your local Getinge representative. To find your local Getinge representative's contact information, visit the website <https://www.getinge.com/int/contact/find-your-local-office>.

8 Technical specifications

8.1 Optical properties of VSTII lightheads



NOTICE

Values measured at a reference distance (D_{REF}) of 1 metre / 39.4 inches at 3,900 K and 4,500 K.

Specifications	VSTII 600 and 400 lightheads	Tolerance
Central illumination ($E_{c,MI}$)	10,000 lux to 160,000 lx	–
Maximum central illumination ($E_{c,MI}$) ¹	160,000 lx	0/- 10%
Maximum central illumination ($E_{c,Ref}$) ²	150,000 lx	± 10%
Light field diameter d_{10}	20 - 25 cm	± 15%
Light distribution d_{50}/d_{10}	0.57	± 0.07
Depth of illumination above 60%	52 - 58 cm	± 10%
Colour temperature	Fixed: 3,900 K Variable: 3,900 K / 4,500 K / 5,100 K ³	± 400 K
Colour rendering index (Ra)	95	± 5
Special colour rendering index (R9)	90	+10 /-20
Special colour rendering index (R13)	95	± 5
Special colour rendering index (R15)	95	± 5
Maximum central irradiance ($E_{c,MI}$) ¹	550 W/m ²	± 10%
Irradiance at level 4 and below	< 350 W/m ²	–
Radiant energy ¹	3.3 mW/m ² /lx	± 0.5
UV illumination ¹	≤ 0.7 W/m ²	–
FSP system	Yes	–
Illumination in ambient light mode	< 500 lx	–

Tab. 31: Volista VSTII lighthead optical data in accordance with the IEC 60601-2-41:2021 standard.

Residual illumination	VSTII 600	VSTII 400	Tolerance
With one mask	55%	42%	±10
With two masks	50%	45%	±10
With simulated cavity	100%		±10
With one mask, with simulated cavity	55%	42%	±10
With two masks, with simulated cavity	50%	45%	±10

Tab. 32: Volista VSTII lighthead residual illumination in accordance with the IEC 60601-2-41:2021 standard.

¹ Measured at Maximum Illuminance Distance (D_{MI}) of 95 cm / 37.4 inches (± 10%) except when VisioNIR option is activated

² Limited to 160,000 lx

³ 5,300 K when VisioNIR option is activated.

**NOTICE**

The R9 colour rendering index applies to only one end of the spectrum, above 650 nm, in which the sensitivity of the eye is reduced. Therefore, above a value of 50 points, there is no longer any impact on colour discrimination by the surgeon. An increase in R9 is necessarily accompanied by an increase in radiant energy.

Irradiance in near-infrared wavelengths of the ranges relevant to fluorescence imaging at maximum illumination distance (D_{MI}).

	VSTII Standard mode	VSTII VisioNIR mode
Irradiance in the 710-800 nm range	$\leq 35 \text{ W/m}^2$	$\leq 1.25 \text{ W/m}^2$
Irradiance in the 800-870 nm range	$\leq 2.1 \text{ W/m}^2$	$\leq 0.03 \text{ W/m}^2$

Tab. 33: Irradiance in near-infrared wavelengths

Residual illumination (AIM mode enabled) ⁴	VSTII 600/400	Tolerance
Maximum central illumination ($E_{C,Ref}$)	130,000 lx	$\pm 10\%$
Shadow dilution with one offset mask	86%	± 10
Shadow dilution with two masks	58%	± 10

Tab. 34: Residual illumination with AIM mode enabled

Photobiological risk factors
**WARNING!****Risk of injury**

This product emits possibly hazardous optical radiation. Eye injury may occur.

Do not stare at the light emitted from the surgical luminaire. The patient's eyes must be protected during facial surgery.

**WARNING!****Risk of injury**

This product emits optical radiation which may cause harm to the user or patient.

The optical radiation emitted by this product complies with exposure limits for reducing the risk of photobiological hazards in IEC60601-2-41.

⁴ Measured with small light field

8.2 Optical specifications of VCSII lighthoods



NOTICE

Values measured at a reference distance (D_{REF}) of 1 metre (39.4 inches).

Specifications	VCSII 600 & 400 lighthoods	Tolerance
Central illumination ($E_{c,MI}$)	10,000 lux to 160,000 lx	–
Maximum central illumination ($E_{c,MI}$) ⁵	160,000 lx	0 - 10%
Maximum central illumination ($E_{c,Ref}$) ⁶	150,000 lx	± 10%
Light field diameter d_{10}	20 - 25 cm	± 15%
Light distribution d_{50}/d_{10}	0.57	± 0.07
Depth of illumination above 60%	52 - 58 cm	± 10%
Colour temperature	Fixed: 4,200 K Variable: 3,900 K / 4,200 K / 4,500 K	± 400 K
Colour rendering index (Ra)	95	± 5
Special colour rendering index (R9)	90	+10 /-20
Special colour rendering index (R13)	96	± 4
Special colour rendering index (R15)	95	± 5
Maximum irradiance (E_{total}) ⁵	550 W/m ²	± 10%
Irradiance at level 4 and below	< 350 W/m ²	–
Radiant energy ⁵	3.3 mW/m ² /lx	± 0.5
UV illumination ⁵	≤ 0.7 W/m ²	–
FSP system	Yes	–
Illumination in ambient light mode	< 500 lx	–

Tab. 35: Volista VCSII lighthood optical data in accordance with the IEC 60601-2-41:2021 standard.

Residual illumination ⁷	VCSII 600	VCSII 400	Tolerance
With one mask	62%	55%	± 10
With two masks	50%	46%	± 10
With simulated cavity	100%		± 10
With one mask, with simulated cavity	62%	55%	± 10
With two masks, with simulated cavity	50%	46%	± 10

Tab. 36: Volista VCSII lighthood residual illumination in accordance with the EN 60601-2-41 standard

⁵ Measured at Maximum Illuminance Distance (D_{MI}) of 95 cm / 37.4 inches (± 10%).

⁶ Limited to 160,000 lx

⁷ Measured at 4,200 K

Photobiological risk factors**WARNING!****Risk of injury****This product emits possibly hazardous optical radiation. Eye injury may occur.****Do not stare at the light emitted from the surgical luminaire. The patient's eyes must be protected during facial surgery.****WARNING!****Risk of injury****This product emits optical radiation which may cause harm to the user or patient.****The optical radiation emitted by this product complies with exposure limits for reducing the risk of photobiological hazards in IEC60601-2-41.**

8.3 Electrical characteristics

8.3.1 VSTII electrical specifications

Electrical specifications	VSTII 400	VSTII 600
WPS input voltage	100-240 Vac, 50/60 Hz	
WPSXXX24 input voltage	24 Vac, 50/60 Hz or 24 Vdc	
Power	Single configuration: 200 VA Dual configuration: 400 VA	
Lighthouse power rating	65 W	90 W
Lighthouse input	20 - 28 Vdc	
Average service life of LEDs	55,000 hours per TM-21:2016 standard	
Battery charge time	14 hours (3H pack) / 7 hours (1H pack)	

Tab. 37: Table of electrical specifications for WPS power supply

Electrical compatibility with other devices

Compatible electrical devices	Compatibility
External control device	RS232 (only on WPS with RS232 option)
External information management	Dry contact

Tab. 38: Electrical compatibility table

8.3.2 VCSII electrical specifications

Electrical specifications	VCSII 400	VCSII 600
WPS input voltage	100-240 Vac, 50/60 Hz	
WPSXXX24 input voltage	24 Vac, 50/60 Hz or 24 Vdc	
Power	Single configuration: 200 VA Dual configuration: 400 VA	
Lighthouse power rating	70 W	70 W
Lighthouse input	20 - 28 Vdc	
Average service life of LEDs	55,000 hours per TM-21:2016 standard	
Battery charge time	14 hours (3H pack) / 7 hours (1H pack)	

Tab. 39: Table of electrical specifications for WPS power supply

Electrical specifications	VCSII 400	VCSII 600
EPS input voltage	100-240 Vac, 50/60 Hz	
EPSXXX24 input voltage	24 Vac, 50/60 Hz or 24 Vdc	
Power	Single configuration: 110 VA Dual configuration: 220 VA	
Lighthouse power rating	70 W	70 W
Lighthouse input	20 - 28 Vdc	
Average service life of LEDs	55,000 hours per TM-21:2016 standard	
Battery charge time	9 hours (3H pack) / 5 hours (1H pack)	

Tab. 40: Table of electrical specifications for EPS power supply

Electrical compatibility with other devices

Compatible electrical devices	Compatibility
External control device	RS232 (only on WPS with RS232 option)
External information management	Dry contact

Tab. 41: Electrical compatibility table

8.4 Mechanical specifications

8.4.1 Light

For Volista VSTII

Specifications	VOLISTA VSTII 600	VOLISTA VSTII 400
Weight of dual-fork lighthouse	15.5 kg	14.5 kg
Weight of single-fork lighthouse	14 kg	13 kg
Lighthouse diameter	700 mm	630 mm

Tab. 42: VSTII light mechanical specifications

For Volista VCSII

Specifications	VOLISTA VCSII 600	VOLISTA VCSII 400
Weight of dual-fork lighthouse	15.5 kg	13.5 kg
Weight of single-fork lighthouse	13.5 kg	11.5 kg
Lighthouse diameter	700 mm	630 mm

Tab. 43: VCSII light mechanical specifications

Mechanical compatibility of the light

Device	Compatibility
Screw-on handle or handle mount	DEVON® / DERoyal®

Tab. 44: Mechanical compatibility of the light

8.4.2 Suspension arms and spring arms

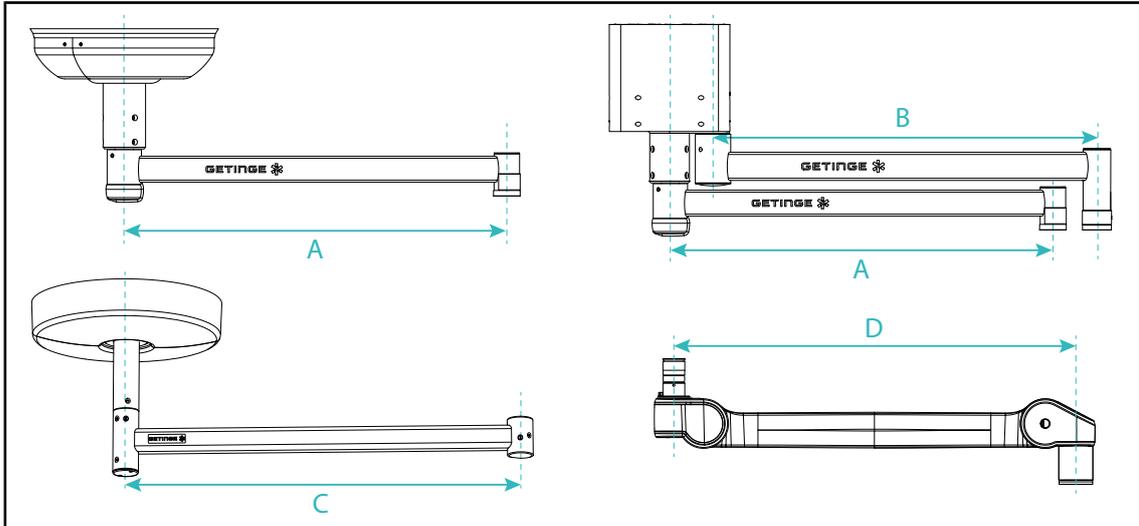


Fig. 132: Dimensions of suspension arms and spring arms

SAX (A) suspension arm	SATX (B) suspension arm	SB (C) suspension arm	Spring arm (D)
850 mm (≈ 33.5 in) 1050 mm (≈ 41.5 in) 1250 mm (≈ 49 in) 1450 mm (≈ 57 in) 1650 mm (≈ 65 in)	1350 mm (≈ 53 in) 1550 mm (≈ 61 in)	850 mm (≈ 33.5 in) 1000 mm (≈ 39.5 in) 1150 mm (≈ 45 in)	SF on SAX suspension: 735 mm (≈ 29 in) DF on SAX suspension: 920 mm (≈ 36 in) SF on SB suspension: 790 mm (≈ 31 in) DF on SB suspension: 910 mm (≈ 35.5 in)

Tab. 45: Possible dimensions of suspension arms and spring arms

8.4.3 Screen holder(s)

Screen holder	Maximum on-board weight on the holder	Maximum screen dimensions
FHS019	19 kg	809 x 518 mm (32")
MHS019	19 kg	
XHS016	16 kg	
XHS021	21 kg	
XHD127	27 kg	

Tab. 46: Mechanical specifications of the screen holders

8.4.4 Mechanical compatibility

Device	Compatibility
Camera for SC05	Camera with 1/4" screw thread weighing less than 5 kg
Screen for screen holder	VESA interface (16 kg max)

Tab. 47: List of compatible devices

8.5 Video specifications

8.5.1 Electrical specifications of cameras and receivers

Electrical specifications of cameras

Specifications	OHDII FHD QL VP01	OHDII FHD QL AIR05
Sensor	1/3" CMOS	
Number of pixels	~2.48 Megapixels	
Video standard	1080i / 1080p	1080p
Image refresh rate	50 / 60 fps	
Format	16:9	
Shutter speed	1/30 to 1/30000 s	
Wide viewing angle (diagonal)	68°	
Telephoto viewing angle (diagonal)	6.7°	
Signal to noise ratio	> 50 dB	
Optical zoom (focal ratio)	x10	
Digital zoom	x6	
Total zoom	x60	
Focal length (wide angle to telephoto)	f = 5.1 to 51 mm	
Visible field (W × H) at 1 m from the underside (wide angle to telephoto)	865 x 530 mm to 20 x 12 mm	
Anti-flicker	Yes	
Focus ⁸	Auto / Focus Freeze	
White balance ⁸	Auto / Indoor / Outdoor / Manual	
Contrast enhancement ⁸	Yes (3 levels)	
Image freeze ⁸	Yes	
Preset ⁸	6	
Transmission type	Wired	Wireless
RS232 interface	Yes	
Weight (without sterile handle)	820 g	850 g
Dimensions (diam. x h) (without sterile handle)	129 x 167 mm	132 x 198 mm

Tab. 48: Electrical specifications of cameras



NOTICE

The default specifications of the camera are highlighted in bold in the table.

⁸ via touch screen only

VP01 RECEIVER technical specifications

Specifications	VP01 RECEIVER
Video input	RJ45 (owner)
Video output	3G-SDI
Weight (without/with mounting bracket)	230 g / 260 g
Dimensions with mounting bracket (L x W x H)	143 × 93 × 32 mm

Tab. 49: VP01 RECEIVER technical specifications

Technical specifications of the AIR05 receiver

Specifications	AIR05 receiver
Video output	HDMI 1.4
Weight (without/with mounting bracket)	400 g / 1200 g
Dimensions of receiver	155 × 105 × 40 mm
Transmission frequencies	60 GHz ⁹
Input voltage	5V, 2A

Tab. 50: Technical specifications of the AIR05 receiver

8.6 Other characteristics

Protection against electrical shock	Class I
Medical device classification for Europe, Canada, Korea, Japan, Brazil, Australia, Switzerland and United Kingdom	Class I
Medical device classification for USA, China & Taiwan	Class II
Protection rating for the device as a whole	IP 20
Protection rating of the lightheads	IP 44
EMDN code	Z12010701
GMDN code	12 282
CE marking year	2013

Tab. 51: Specifications relating to standards and regulations

⁹ Channel 2: 60.48 GHz or Channel 3: 62.64 Ghz

8.7 EMC declaration



CAUTION!

Risk of malfunction of the device

If the device is used in conjunction with other equipment, its operation and performance may be affected.

Do not use the device alongside other equipment or stacked with other equipment except after observing the normal operation of the device and the other equipment.



CAUTION!

Risk of malfunction of the device

The use of hand-held RF communications equipment (including antenna cables and external antennas) alongside the device or specified cables may affect the operation and performance of the device.

Do not use hand-held RF communications equipment at within 30 cm of the device.



CAUTION!

Risk of malfunction of the device

The use of a high frequency generator (e.g. electrosurgical unit) adjacent to the device may affect its operation and performance.

If anomalous operation is observed, adjust the position of the lighthoods until the interference ceases.



CAUTION!

Risk of malfunction of the device

The use of the device in an unsuitable environment may affect its operation and performance.

Do not use this device except in a professional healthcare facility.



CAUTION!

Risk of malfunction of the device

The use of accessories, transducers or cables other than those supplied or specified by the manufacturer of this device may cause increased electromagnetic emissions or a decreased immunity of this device, and may result in improper operation.

Use only accessories and cables supplied or specified by the manufacturer.



NOTICE

Electromagnetic interference may result in temporary extinction or temporary flickering of the light, which will resume its initial operation once the interference has ceased.

Type of test	Test methods	Range of frequencies	Boundaries
Measurement of conducted emissions on the main ports	EN 55011 GR1 CL A ¹⁰	0.15 - 0.5 MHz	66 dB μ V - 56 dB μ V QP 56 dB μ V - 46 dB μ V A
		0.5 - 5 MHz	56 dB μ V PQ 46 dB μ V A
		5 - 30 MHz	60 dB μ V PQ 50 dB μ V A
Measurement of the radiated electromagnetic field	EN 55011 GR1 CL A ¹⁰	30 - 230 MHz	40 dB μ V/m PQ 10 m
		230 - 1000 MHz	47 dB μ V/m PQ 10 m

Tab. 52: EMC declaration

Type of test	Test methods	Test level: Healthcare facility.
Electrostatic discharge immunity	EN 61000-4-2	Contact: \pm 8kV Air: \pm 2; 4; 8; 15 kV
Immunity to radiated electromagnetic fields	EN 61000-4-3	80 MHz, 2.7 GHz 3 V/m Mod AM 80%/1 kHz
		Wireless RF frequencies 9 to 28 V/m Mod AM 80%/1 kHz
Immunity to fast electrical transients and bursts	EN 61000-4-4	AC: \pm 2 kV - 100 kHz IO >3m: \pm 1 kV - 100 kHz
Immunity to power source voltage surges	EN 61000-4-5	\pm 0.5; 1 kV diff. \pm 0.5 kV, \pm 1 kV, \pm 2 kV common mode
Immunity to conducted interference due to electromagnetic fields	EN 61000-4-6	150 kHz, 80 MHz 3 Vrms Mod AM 80%/1 kHz
		ISM 6 Vrms Mod AM 80%/1 kHz
Immunity to voltage dips and short interruptions	EN 61000-4-11	0% Ut, 10 ms (0°; 45°; 90°; 135°; 180°; 225°; 270°; 315°) 0% Ut, 20 ms 70% Ut, 500 ms 0% Ut, 5 s

Tab. 53: EMC declaration

8.7.1 FCC Part 15 (USA only)

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to suppress the interference at its own expense.

¹⁰ The emission characteristics of this device enable it to be used in industrial areas and hospital settings (Class A as defined in CISPR 11). If used in a residential environment (for which class B defined in CISPR 11 is normally required), this device may not provide sufficient protection for radio frequency communication services. The user may need to take corrective measures, such as relocating or re-orienting the device.

9 Waste management

9.1 Disposal of packaging

All packaging stemming from the use of the device must be processed in an environmentally friendly manner, with recycling in mind.

9.2 Product

Do not dispose of this device as unsorted municipal waste. Take it to a collection facility for value enhancement, recycling or re-use.

For full information relating to processing of the device once it is no longer in use, see the Volista decommissioning instructions (ARD01785). Contact your local Getinge representative to obtain a copy of this document.

9.3 Electrical and electronic components

All electrical and electronic components used during the life of the product must be processed in an environmentally friendly manner, in line with applicable local standards.

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